

# VITAL STATISTICS REPORT 2022 VERSION 2

## **VITAL STATISTICS REPORT 2022**

**Published by** 

Statistics Botswana
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ISBN: 978-99968-909-8-7 (E-Book)

ISBN: 978-99968-909-5-6 (P/B)

January, 2025

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## **PREFACE**

This report represents the twelfth annual installment in a series initiated in 2012, providing a concise overview of Botswana's Civil Registration and Vital Statistics (CRVS) system's operational performance and key demographic indicators.

The analysis encompasses all vital events occurring within the country's borders, regardless of citizenship. Certain indicators were derived from the 2022 Population and Housing Census, while the tabular and graphical data are grounded in vital event registrations recorded by the Department of Civil and National Registration (CNR) in 2022.

The report addresses three primary indicator categories: fertility, mortality, and marriage.

This publication is the outcome of a collaborative endeavor between Statistics Botswana and the Department of Civil and National Registration within the Ministry of Labour and Home Affairs (MLHA). This partnership has contributed to ongoing enhancements in the quality of vital events data.

Dr Lucky Mokgatine Acting Statistician General January 2025

## **Acknowledgements**

Statistics Botswana gratefully acknowledges the invaluable contributions of the Ministry of Health (MOH) for the diligent completion of birth and death notification forms, as well as the Department of Civil and National Registration (CNR) for providing the necessary data for analysis and report generation.

A special commendation extends to our development partners, including UNECA, UNFPA, UNICEF, AFDB, Plan International, and others, whose unwavering support has facilitated the advancement of the CRVS system through technical assistance, training programs, and funding initiatives over the years

### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This executive summary provides an overview of the key findings and trends on births, deaths and marriages that occurred in 2022. The report aims to analyse indicators for these vital events to inform decision-makers and stakeholders about population dynamics and registration levels in the country.

#### **BIRTHS**

There were 55,362 births registered in 2022 of which 49,258 occurred in 2022. Among all the births that occurred in 2022, 794 were still births.

Botswana had seemingly achieved a 100 percent birth registration from 2018 to 2021 due to the fact that 2011 population projections were used compared to the adjusted actual health facility births data used in 2022. The percent birth registration still shows remarkable results with 95.5 percent of births registered in 2022. Botswana is making significant strides towards the Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) target 16.9, which requires countries to provide legal identity for all, including birth registration by 2030.

The crude birth rate decreased from 25 births per a thousand population in 2021 to 20.5 births in 2022. While 49,258 births occurred and were registered in 2022, only 48,464 (98.4 percent) were live births. Live births decreased from 50,962 in 2021 to 48,464 in 2022 indicating a 4.9 percent decrease.

Additionally, the birth rate significantly decreased from 47.1 percent in 2021 to 23.8 percent in 2022 among the adolescent cohort. The sex ratio for stillbirths was high at 115.2 males per 100 females in 2022. The number of stillbirths decreased from 861 in 2021 to 794 in 2022. Only 17.0 percent of births in 2022 were to married mothers.

### **MARRIAGES**

The number of marriages decreased from 7,631 in 2021 to 5,642 in 2022, a 26.1 percent decline. About 93 percent of grooms and 97 percent of brides were marrying for the first time. Of the 5,642 brides, 12 needed consent from their parents or guardians as per the Marriage Act's requirements for those aged 18 - 20 years. The median age at first marriage was 41 for males and the comparable figure for females was around 36 years, an increase of 1 year from 2021 for both sexes. A Crude marriage rate (CMR) of 2.3 was estimated in 2022 implying that there were about 2 marriages per a thousand population.

In about 22 percent of unions, males were 10 or more years older than their female counterparts. Compared to spinsters (11.9 percent), Brides with prior marital status of divorced (22.4 percent) and widowed (32.0 percent) married younger grooms. About 7 percent of grooms were into a remarriage and the comparable figure for brides was 3 percent. About 90 percent of marriages were between partners who were both marrying for the first time.

The top three places in terms of marriage registration are Kweneng East, Serowe/Palapye, and Gaborone. Marriage statistics depicts a seasonal trend with high numbers of marriages being recorded in the summer season towards year end and low numbers of marriages being recorded mid-year during winter season

## **DEATHS**

There were 15,843 deaths registered in 2022 of which 13,924 occurred in that year. Death registration decreased from 100 percent in 2021 to 87.8 percent in 2022, representing a 20.8 percent reduction most likely due to use of the fixed overall estimate of deaths from the 2011 population projections.

The crude death rate declined from 6.8 percent to 5.7 percent during the same period. The Neo-Natal Mortality Rate stands at 12.6 deaths per 1,000 live births, while the Infant Mortality Rate is at 21.6 deaths per 1,000 live births. Furthermore, the Under-5 Mortality Rate stands at 27 deaths per 1,000 live births, highlighting the need for interventions to improve child health outcomes. However, disparities across districts persist, with Francistown reporting higher rates of infant deaths.

## **CONCLUSION**

The year 2022 marked a significant departure from pre-pandemic demographic trends. While the global health crisis began to recede, its lingering effects were evident in vital statistics. Notably, there was a sharp decline in birth rates, a concurrent surge in marriages, and a substantial increase in mortality rates. The COVID-19 pandemic's impact on these demographic indicators was both immediate and delayed, reflecting the complex interplay of factors influenced by the health crisis.

Acronym	s
CBR	Crude Birth Rate
CDR	Crude Death Rate
CMR	Crude Marriage Rate
CNR	Civil and National Registration
MLHA	Ministry of Labour and Home Affairs
CRVS	Civil Registration and Vital Statistics
BDRS	Births and Deaths Registration System
мон	Ministry of Health
IMR	Infant Mortality Rate
ASDR	Age Specific Death Rate
AFDB	African Development Bank
NIS	National Identification System
SB	Statistics Botswana
AOJ	Administration of Justice
UNFPA	United Nations Population Fund
UNICEF	United Nations Children's Fund
UNSC	United Nations Statistical Commission
UNSD	United Nations Statistics Division
VS	Vital Statistics
VSR	Vital Statistics Report
WHO	World Health Organization
U5MR	Under Five Mortality Rate
NMR	Neo-Natal Mortality Rate

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#### 1.0. INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

The Department of Civil and National Registration (CNR) is mandated with the registration of all vital events in the country and is the custodian of the civil registration system. Ideally, the events are to be registered immediately after occurrence, but there are instances where the event is registered at a later stage due to either a delay by the parent(s) or next of kin in submitting a completed form to the registry, or a delay by the registrar in processing the event

Birth, death and marriage registration data are a source of fertility, mortality and nuptial indicators. The data is used to produce indicators such as crude birth rate, total fertility rate, mean age at birth, nuptial births, marriage rate, mean age at marriage and infant mortality, under five mortality and Crude death rates etc.

#### 1.1 The Impact Of COVID 19 On The Vital Events (Births, Marriages And Deaths)

COVID 19 virus was discovered in 2019 and measures to curb its spread in Botswana were put in place in 2020. Air travels in and out of the country were put on halt, work places were closed except for essential services, and the country went into a complete lockdown for about two months. A few cases were detected in the general public in 2020, and individuals who tested positive along with their contacts were placed under quarantine in order to keep restrain spread of the virus.

Although some of the measures were later relaxed, certain protocols remained in place to stop the virus from spreading, such as use of face masks, population movement restrictions both within and across the districts. As a result there were few or no COVID-19 deaths in 2020, and overall deaths in 2020 were decreased compared to 2021.

More deaths from the pandemic were reported in 2021 despite the protocols put in place and its impact was felt at different times for the main vital events, births, deaths and marriages.

#### 1.1.1 COVID19 Impact On Marriages

Marriages were directly affected by COVID 19 as couples were forced to postpone their marriages in 2020, as services could not be accessed due to tight restrictions implemented to curb the spread of the virus. After relaxation of some COVID19 restrictions in 2021, the department of CNR recorded a large number of marriages probably from the accumulation caused by deferred marriages. This resulted in a spike in the number of marriages in 2021. In 2022, Post COVID 19 phase, everything was normalized and the number of marriages dropped to what would have been predicted in the absence of the pandemic.

#### 1.1.2 COVID19 Impact On deaths

The spread of COVID reached its peak in 2021 resulting in increased number of deaths between 2020 and 2021. COVID 19 vaccinations were availed to the general public towards the end of 2021 into 2022 which resulted in a sharp drop in the number of COVID related deaths in 2022.

#### 1.2. Source Of Data For The Report

The three main sources of vital statistics are the civil registration system, population and housing census, and household sample surveys. Of the three, the civil registration system provides accurate, complete, timely, and continuous information on vital events. The data on vital events, (births, deaths, and marriages) analysed in this report, is sourced from the Department of CNR of the Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) Department of Civil and National Registration.

#### 1.3 Coverage of the Report

This report analyses births and deaths that occurred in 2022 and were registered in the same year, those that happened in 2022 and were registered in the subsequent year, and those that happened in previous years but were registered in 2022 (delayed registrations). Births, deaths, and marriages, for citizens and non-citizens, which took place within the boarders are also included. However, the marriages analysed in this report include only common law marriages. Cultural and religious marriages are not yet included.

#### 2.0. CIVIL REGISTRATION SYSTEM

Civil registration is a source of legal documents that provide evidence used to protect human and civil rights, they are the prime source of longitudinal demographic data for a country to monitor progress towards key national and global goals. Botswana has a well-functioning civil registration system that produces vital statistics data that are continuous, permanent, compulsory, and universal. The existing CRVS legal frameworks are critical to the achievement of Sustainable Development Goals (SDG). This has a direct bearing on the production of sound and timely statistics for policy development, program monitoring and evaluation. Therefore, reliable vital statistics on the numbers, distribution of births, deaths, and causes of death, marriages and divorce are needed to inform social and economic planning across both public and private sectors.

The Government of Botswana regards Civil Registration and Vital Statistics (CRVS) System as critical to governance and public administration. The Civil registration system started in 1918 when the registration of births, deaths and marriages were undertaken resulting in the issuance of births and deaths certificates, marriage certificates on which an array of rights and privileges depends including the right to a name, citizenship and nationality. Through a series of interventions, significant progress has been made in raising the levels and comprehensiveness of CRVS including the establishment of a National Identification System (NIS) for citizens' identification. The NIS is linked to the Births and Deaths Registration System as the primary source of data for the issuance of unique identifier.

#### 2.1. Mandate Of The Ministry Responsible For CRVS

The Ministry of Labour and Home Affairs through the Department of Civil and National Registration (CNR) is the custodian of all the civil registrations that occur in the country. Health personnel are responsible for completing notification forms for births and deaths which occur in health facilities and those brought in after occurrence of the event. The completed forms (CRB2 or CRD2) are then submitted to DCNR office to input the data into the system. For births and deaths which occur at home, confirmation letters from the village chief are required as a prerequisite by DCNR for registration.

The Department has these core functions:

- Registration of births, deaths, marriages
- Authorization of Change of Surname,
- · Preservation, security, and custody of civil records,
- · Registration and issuance of Birth, Death and Marriage Certificates
- Compilation of civil registration data
- · Re-registration of people that have received legitimization and recognition
- · Registration of societies,
- · Registration and issuance of National Identity Documents.

#### 2.2 Legislation on CRVS

There are several legislations pertaining to registration of vital events which are at different stages of review. The following are the main Acts and instruments governing registration and the management of vital events.

- · Births and Deaths Registration Act (2001)
- · Inquests Act (2001)
- Marriage Act (2001)
- · Matrimonial Causes Act (2008)
- National Registration Act (2017)
- Children's Act (2009)
- · Change of Surname Act (2021)
- Statistics Act (2009)

The Births and Deaths Registration Act Cap 30:01 enacted in 1968, and amended in 1998 and in 2004 is currently under review at the Bill stage. It provides for the compulsory and timely registration of births, still births and deaths that occur in Botswana. The Act provides for what is to be registered, when and who has to register such event. Registration of births and deaths is free for all if registered within the prescribed time, a certificate is issued for free. However, vulnerable communities in remotest areas are waved from paying for any of the charges that are required from those who register late. Late registration charges are intended to encourage people to register events when they are still fresh in their minds and can provide accurate information. The Marriage Act which establishes provisions for performing and registering marriages was last reviewed in 2004 and is also under review. The Matrimonial Causes Act, deals with many diverse issues related to marriage and the dissolution of marriage, including divorce was enacted in 1973, and last reviewed in 2008. The Children's Act was reviewed in 2009 and it is yet to be reviewed while Change of Name Act has been re-enacted, repealed and substituted with the Change of Surname Act of 2021. They are complementary legal instruments governing the registration of vital events and National identity. The National Registration Act was enacted in 1986, with additional amendments in 2017 for national identification registration.

#### 2.3. Functions of the Births and Deaths Registration System

The Births and Deaths Registration System (BDRS) is partially automated and decentralized to provide real-time data. It is interfaced with the National Identification System (NIS) for provision of the unique birth registration number allocated by NIS to a citizen child at the time of birth. This was introduced in 2004. The same unique identifier becomes the national identity number (Omang number) upon attaining the age of 16. The unique number provides a permanent record of a vital event for use by individuals and society from birth to death. To create demand, civil registration certificates, especially birth certificate has been attached to most of social benefits, such as enrolment at schools, applying for a passport, national identity cards, or for proof of age in the judicial court. A death certificate can be used to provide proof of death in order to claim inheritance or dissolution of deceased estate, proof in case of remarriage of surviving spouse.

#### 2.4. Status of CRVS

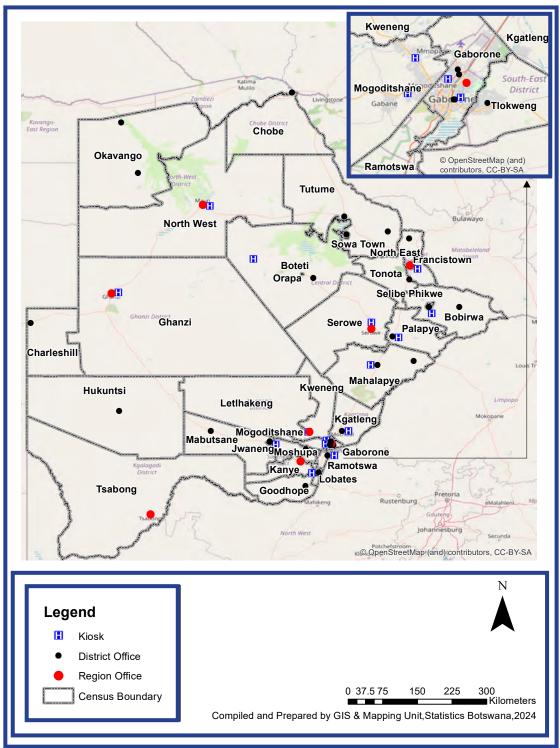
The Ministry of Labour and Home Affairs, through the Department of Civil and National Registration currently operates 36 District registration offices and 17 on-site registration at major health facilities and clinics across the country. The on-site registration initiative guarantees timely registration of births, still-births and deaths. Furthermore, having an institutional framework in place facilitates the smooth implementation of Civil Registration and Vital Statistics (CRVS) and Identity Management (ID-M) through a network of offices strategically placed across the country to ensure close accessibility of services to all.

The mobile outreach service exercises are being undertaken in collaboration with Development Partners and Civil Society whereby massive campaigns and on-spot registration are done in hard to reach areas (remote areas) targeting vulnerable and needy persons. This is meant to improve their accessibility to various social safety nets that are provided for all Batswana.

Following the declaration from the 4<sup>th</sup> CRVS Minister's Conference to among others for all African Union Member States to observe August 10 and commemorate it as Africa Civil Registration and Vital Statistics Day, Botswana commemorated the 3<sup>rd</sup> CRVS day on the 10<sup>th</sup> of August 2023. The commemoration was held in one of the remote areas in the country; Gudigwa village in the Ngamiland district. In advocating for the day several media campaigns were engaged to educate the nation on the importance of civil registration, publicise and mobilise the community for the day of event. The week before the event, activation as well as publicity were conducted through different media platforms such as Botswana Television, radio stations, and social media. The Department also visited some places such as Maun, Gumare and Shakawe to hype the event, registering and issuing birth and death certificates on the spot and also providing all other services rendered by the Ministry of Labour & Home Affairs. The event was held in collaboration with some key stakeholders being Statistics Botswana (SB) and United Nations Population Fund Agency (UNFPA.)

**VERSION 2** 

Fig 1. Registration sites in Botswana



Onsite Registration points: Scottish Livingstone Hospital, Princess Marina Hospital, Lesirane Clinic, Bokamoso Private Hospital, Sedilega Private Hospital, Deborah Retief Referral Hospital, Bamalete Lutheran Hospital, Athlone Hospital, Jwaneng Mine Hospital, Gantsi Hospital, Sekgoma Memorial Hospital, Mahalapye Hospital, Palapye Hospital, Rakops Primary Hospital, Nyangabgwe Referral Hospital, Selibe Phikwe Government Hospital, Letsholathebe Memorial Hospital.

## 2.5. Strategies to further improve births and deaths registration. The department:

- (i) Embarksoncontinuousoutreachprogramsonquarterlybasistoregisterbirthsanddeaths and issue Certificates. This involves visiting districts and hard to reach areas including settlements and cattle posts. The program also provide an opportunity to conduct public education on the importance of registration of vital events.
- (ii) Collaborates with other government Ministries such as Ministry of Local Government and Rural Development, Ministry of Education and Development Skills and the Ministry of Health on their outreach missions to sensitize the public on the importance of registration as part of taking services to the people initiative.
- (iii) Collaborates with other stakeholders including Development Partners to commemorate the CRVS Day as an advocacy platform to advance legislative changes and awareness creation. It also seeks to improve access and coverage in areas with low registration rate through conducting mass registration a week prior to the commemoration Day.
- (iv) Conducts on time registration of births and deaths at established on-site registration sites to augment District registrations.

#### 2.6 Solemnization and Registration of Marriages

Solemnization and Registration of marriages is regulated under the Marriage Act of 2001. The Act provides for registration of all marriages solemnized in Botswana including marriages contracted in accordance with any customary law of Botswana or Muslim, Hindu or other religious rites.

Persons who desire to marry each other approaches any DCNR Office nearer to them for the publication of banns which shall be in three successive weeks in a conspicuous place to which the public has access. Every marriage shall be solemnized in the presence of at least two witnesses competent to give evidence in a court of law. Some of the required documents for registration and solemnization of the marriage include the Decree Absolute Certificate for divorced partner, Death Certificate for the widowed, consent letter from parents /guardian for 18-20 year olds, valid National Identity document for citizens, valid passport and residence permit for non-citizens, letter of authorization from the District Commissioner for special license and a prescribed fee.

The Marriage Register is currently manual, however the Department is in the process of automating marriages as one of the Government Online services in order to increase efficiency on service delivery.

#### 2.7 CRVS information flow

The below CRVS Structure shows the linkage between MHLA, AoJ, MoH and Statistics Botswana which are the main organizations involved in CRVS processes. The Ministry of Health (hospitals and maternity clinics) is responsible for completion of the births and death notification forms (CRB-2 and CRD-2 respectively) upon occurrence of birth and death. The Ministry of Labour and Home Affairs through DCNR then registers such births and deaths and subsequently produce and issue Birth and Death Certificates. DCNR then facilitates the Statistics Office with raw data in order to process it and produce annual statistical reports which also includes marriages.

Certification Medical Civil **Statistics Attending Doctor Stakeholders Records** Registrati Botswana Other doctor on Recording Forensic pathologist -Data of events Issuance of Registration processing - Data analysis Data Users Documents (Births/Deat Completion of -Data Government necessary forms compilation hs/Marriag **UN Agencies** -Dissemination Academic Institutions etc Relatives, declarant Report event or Safe custody **Local Authority** Confirmation **Administration of Justice Relatives** (AOJ) -Reports event (Birth, Certification (Decree Marriage, Death) deaths without cause , -Submits required documentation absolute) to CR office for registration

Fig 2: Organisation of Civil Registration and Vital Statistics Work

#### 3.0 DATA QUALITY, COMPLETENESS AND DEFINITIONS

The processes of data management starts from data collection and errors can occur at any stage of Civil Registration and Vital Statistics processes. An effective routine data assessment is crucial to evaluate data accuracy, completeness, consistency, and reliability. The data pertaining to deaths and births are obtained from health facilities. The doctor or midwife attending to the birth or certifying a death is expected to complete CRB-2 and CRD-2 Forms respectively after delivery or occurrence of a death. On completing the form, some variables are at times omitted or erroneously entered. The forms are then passed on to the CNR office where quality checks are made for the production of the legal document (Birth or Death Certificate). Most of these anomalies are more likely to go uncorrected because they do not form part of the document and as such do not stop the production of the certificate.

Most common omissions and errors passed are weight of the child at birth, gestation period, age of mother, educational level of mother, occupation of mother, and marital status of mother at time of birth, father's details, usual place of residence, causes of deaths and number of children born alive.

#### 3.1 Quality checks at data entry

After data checks, the forms are passed on for data entry. The data entry clerk enters the data and forwards the document to the supervisor for verification and authorization. The procedure is such that the supervisor checks the entries in the system against the CRB-2 and CRD-2 forms completed by the health personnel and if satisfied, authorizes for certificate production. It has been noted that during verification and authorization, the focus is more on variables that are required for the production of the certificate as compared to other variables that are important for the production of Vital Statistics. The errors that originated from the health facilities and those that might have been introduced by the clerk during data entry are then passed as authentic.

#### 3.2 Control functions in the system

There are control functions in the Births and Deaths Registration system (BDRS) to minimize the errors, however, there is an allowance to override and continue with the process of registration. This was done to avoid delays in issuing of certificate, as some of these variables are not needed for producing a certificate. The ideal solution would be to enhance the system indicate all entries that need revisiting for correction or completion.

#### 3.3 Improving of data quality

The data received from CNR is checked for accuracy and consistency, completeness and reliability. All data gaps and errors are identified through the use of excel. Data inconsistencies such as; age of mother below 12 years, Mothers with marital status of married at age below 18, unrealistic birth weights and gestation periods etc. are identified. Consistency checks can also be done by comparing data with that of other time periods. SB engages the CNR office to assist with the correction of the data.

SB officers undertake a physical follow-up to CNR offices to fill the gaps and correct the anomalies in the data. This involves pulling of the forms and making corrections. Only errors that were introduced by CNR office can be corrected at this stage. To correct the errors made by the health personnel, the CNR officers need to make consistency checks upon receipt of the form and make corrections immediately.

#### 3.4 Measurement of completeness of vital events

Civil registration completeness is the number of registered events divided by an estimate of the total actual/estimate vital events (births or deaths) in the population during a specific period of time. The Population and housing census data and projections data are used for the estimation of births, deaths and calculation of completeness of these events registration.

The completeness rate is defined as the percentage of registered events of the total number of events. The number of registered events is the number recorded by the civil registration system, whereas the number of actual events is estimated from the most recent population census or population projections or by using information from demographic fertility and mortality surveys.

- 1. Completeness rate for births =  $\frac{\text{Number of registered births within the year of occurence}}{\text{Estimated number of live births within the year}} \times 100$
- 1. Completenss rate for deaths =  $\frac{\text{Number of registered deaths within the year of occurence}}{\text{Estimated number of deaths within the year}} \times 100$

#### 3.5 Definitions

**Live Birth** –refers to "the issuing forth of from the mother at any time of a child who, at any time after being wholly expelled from the mother, breathes or shows any other sign of life, or the issuing forth from the mother of a child, whether dead or alive, after the expiration of the twenty-eighth week of pregnancy (Births and Deaths Registration Act).

**Still birth** refers to 'any child who has issued forth from the mother after the expiration of the twenty-eighth week of pregnancy and did not, at any time after being wholly expelled from the mother, breath or show any other sign of life (Births and Deaths Registration Act).

Nuptial birth- refers to births by married mothers.

**Ex-nuptial birth**- refers to births to never married, widows and divorced mothers.

Death- The permanent disappearance of all evidence of life at any time after birth has taken place.

#### 4.0 BIRTHS

Table 4.0: Live births indicators - 2015-2022									
Indicator	Measure	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Live Births Male	Number	23,413	25,258	21,940	27,373	27,302	29,497	25,765	24,382
Female	Number	23,352	24,726	21,350	26,650	26,798	29,149	25,197	24,082
Total	Number	46,765	49,984	43,290	54,023	56,119	58,646	50,962	48,464
Total Population(projections)	Number		2,219,732	2,254,021	2,288,651	2,323,494	2,358,445	2,140,338	2,359,609
Births (projected)	Number	48,159	54,267	45,690	48,341	49,172	49,858	50,139	50,757
CBR	Rate	21	23	19	24	24	25	25	20.5
Sex ratio	Ratio	100	102	103	103	102	101	102	101.2
Nupital births	Percent	22	28	26	19	19	16	16	17.0
Ex-Nupitial births	Percent	78	72	74	81	81	84	84	83.0
Mean age of mother at birth	Years	28	29	28	28	28	28	28	28.0
Birth registration	Percent	97	92	95	112	114	118	102	95.5
Health facility deliveries	Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	99.8	99.7
Adolescence Birth Rate 10-14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	0.3
15-19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46.7	50.0

**NB:**The2022birthswereobtainedfromBotswanamaternalmortalityreport2022andaccordinglyadjustedbypercenthealth facility deliveries

#### 4.1 Birth Registration

This section discusses the results of the analysis of all births that occurred within the borders of Botswana and were registered with the Department of Civil and National Registration (CNR) in 2022. The analysis focuses more on live births that occurred in 2022. Overall 55,368 birth both live and still born were registered, these include the current year (2022) and previous years.

A total of 54,567 live births were registered in 2022 (**Table B1**), this was a slight decrease (4.6 percent) compared to 57,207 that was registered in the previous year. Among the 55,368 registered births only 49,258 occurred in 2022 of which 1.6 percent were still births as shown in **Table 4.1**.

The total number of live births that occurred and were registered in 2022 was 48,464 a 4.9 percent decrease from 50,962 registered in 2021. **Table 4.0** shows that the number of births have been declining in the past two years, probably due to the impact of COVID as discussed earlier on.

Table 4.1: Current births by type of birth and sex – 2022							
	Liv	e Born	Still				
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Total		
Sex of the Child							
Female	24,082	50	369	54	24,451		
Male	24,382	50	425	54	24,807		
Total	48,464	-	794	-	49,258		
Sex Ratio	101.2	-	115.2	-	-		
Percentage	98.4	-	1.6	-	100.0		

NB: Sex ratio (males per 100 females)

#### 4.2 Recorded live births

Non-current births here refers to births that occurred earlier than 2022, but were registered in 2022. These accounted for 11.2 percent of the total births registered (Chart 1). This indicates the need for registration documents in a person's lifetime.

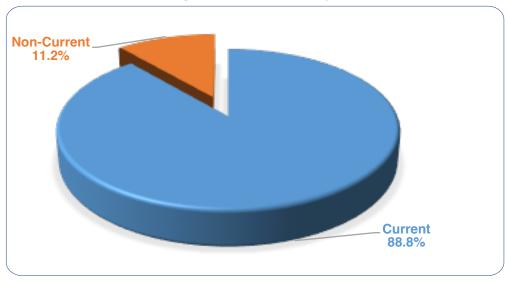


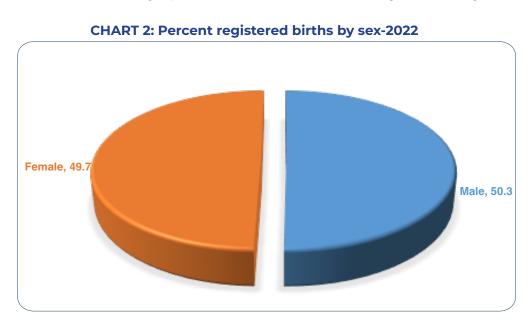
CHART 1: Total registered live births by time of birth-2022

#### 4.3 Sex of the child

Literature supports the notion that the sex ratio at birth has consistently been above 100, indicating a higher number of male births compared to female births, which is considered a natural phenomenon. This is also supported by the World Health Organization (WHO) which estimates the 'expected' sex ratio at birth: in the absence of gender discrimination or interference to be around 105 boys born per 100 girls although this can range from around 103 to 107 boys per 100 girls.

Over the years the sex ratio has been fluctuating between 100 and 103. **Table 4.1** above shows that the sex ratio falls slightly below the expected sex ratio range with a ratio of 101.2 males per 100 females.





#### 4.4 Place of occurrence and place of residence

**Chart 3** displays the distribution of registered births that occurred in 2022 by the district of birth and the district of usual residence of the mother. The chart shows that in all cities and towns (Gaborone, Francistown, Selebi Pikwe, Jwaneng and Orapa) there are more registrations from other districts than within the same districts. The reverse is true for all other districts.

14.0 12.0 10.0 8.0 6.0 4.0 2.0 Mganilard Fast Koglagedi South Kwereng West Central Botesti MgMake ise weet Central Serome 0.0 Central Manalapye Central Tritune Central Botonons Francistown Mganilard west Koalagai hotin Selibe Phikme MOrthEast Manaketse Gaborone Koatieno South East Lobatse Same District Other District

CHART 3: Registered live births by district of birth and place of usual residence -2022

**Chart 4** shows that 61 percent of registrations are births that occurred and were registered within the same district while the remaining 39 percent had the occurrence and the registration done in different districts.

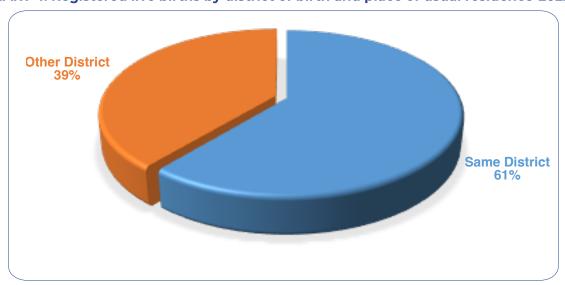
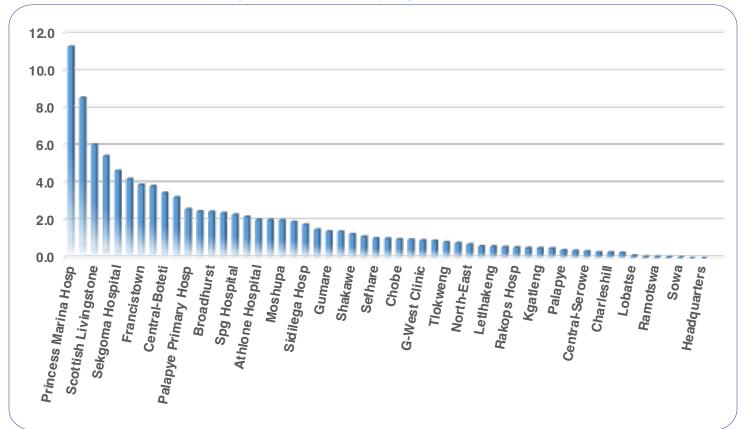


CHART 4: Registered live births by district of birth and place of usual residence-2022

**Chart 5** gives a distribution of registered births that occurred in 2022 by registration centres. The registration centres at Princess Marina Hospital and Nyangabwe Hospital, which are major referral hospitals in the two largest cities of the country, continue to record the highest number of births compared to other districts. This elevated birth rate at these facilities could potentially be attributed to the sizeable population residing within their respective catchment areas and referrals from other districts.

**CHART 5: Registered live births by registration centres -2022** 



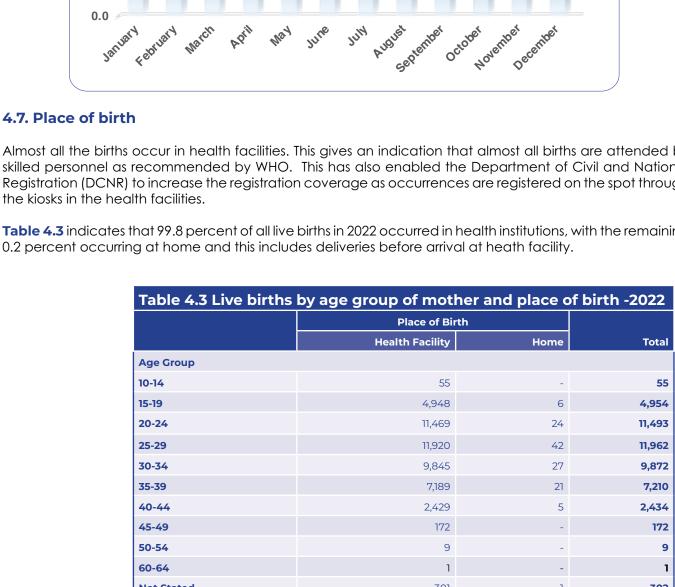
#### 4.5. Mother's Age

Almost half of women who gave birth in 2022 were aged 20 - 29 years. **Table 4.2** shows that 182 mothers (0.4 percent) of all births in 2022, were menopausal women (45+ years). About 10 percent of all live births were to teenagers (10–19 years old). Multiple births accounted for about 2 percent of all births. Forty two of the multiple births were to mothers aged between the ages of 17 and 19. Adolescent birth rate stands at 50 per a thousand women in the 15-19 age group **(Table 4.0)**.

	births by result of deliver	sult of Delivery	
	Single Births	Multiple Births	Total
Age Group			
10	1	-	1
12	4	-	4
13	9	-	9
14	41	-	41
10-14	55	-	55
15	167	-	167
16	486	-	486
17	969	8	977
18	1,371	12	1,383
19	1,919	22	1,941
15-19	4,912	42	4,954
20-24	11,361	132	11,493
25-29	11,746	216	11,962
30-34	9,639	233	9,872
35-39	7,002	208	7,210
40-44	2,386	48	2,434
45-49	170	2	172
50-54	9	-	9
60-64	1	-	1
Not Stated	302	-	302
Total	47,535	929	48,464

#### 4.6 Month of occurrence

**Chart 6** illustrates the number of live births by month of occurrence in 2022. The results show that the highest number of births occurred in January accounting for about 9.3 percent of the total births while the lowest percentage of 7.6 percent was recorded in December.



**CHART 6: Births by Month of Birth-2022** 

### 4.7. Place of birth

10.0 9.0 8.0 7.0 6.0 5.0 4.0 3.0 2.0 1.0

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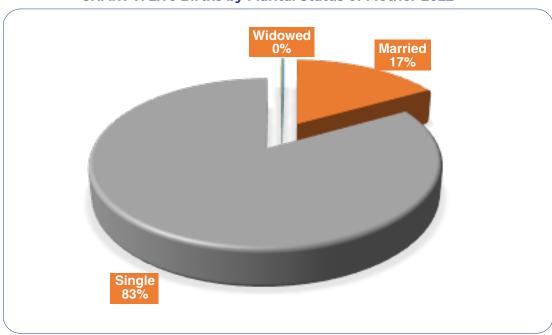
Almost all the births occur in health facilities. This gives an indication that almost all births are attended by skilled personnel as recommended by WHO. This has also enabled the Department of Civil and National Registration (DCNR) to increase the registration coverage as occurrences are registered on the spot through

Table 4.3 indicates that 99.8 percent of all live births in 2022 occurred in health institutions, with the remaining

Table 4.3 Live births by age group of mother and place of birth -2022						
	Place of Bi	Place of Birth				
	Health Facility	Home	Total			
Age Group						
10-14	55	-	55			
15-19	4,948	6	4,954			
20-24	11,469	24	11,493			
25-29	11,920	42	11,962			
30-34	9,845	27	9,872			
35-39	7,189	21	7,210			
40-44	2,429	5	2,434			
45-49	172	-	172			
50-54	9	-	9			
60-64	1	-	1			
Not Stated	301	1	302			
Total	48,338	126	48,464			

#### 4.8. Marital status of the mother

**Chart 7** gives a graphical illustration of mother's marital status at birth. The presentation shows that a larger proportion of mothers were single, this accounted for about 83 percent while 17.6 percent of births occurred to married mothers.



**CHART 7: Live Births by Marital Status of Mother-2022** 

**Table 4.4** below further breaks down the legitimacy status at the time of birth by age of mother. The results indicate that about 59 percent of births occurred at ages 10-29 out of which 5.6 were within wedlock. The high percentage of out of wedlock births are exacerbated by the fact that marriages are delayed until ages of 35 (median age at marriage) for women as indicated in the marriage section **Table 5.2.** 

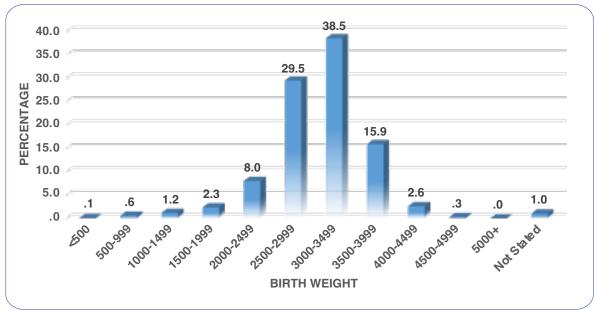
Table 4.4: Legitimacy status by age of mother-2022						
		Legitima	cy status			
	Within Wedlock	Percent	Out of Wedlock	Percent	Total	
Age Group						
10-14	-	-	55	0.1	55	
15-19	154	0.3	4,800	9.9	4,954	
20-24	855	1.8	10,638	22.0	11,493	
25-29	1,717	3.5	10,245	21.1	11,962	
30-34	2,355	4.9	7,517	15.5	9,872	
35-39	2,075	4.3	5,135	10.6	7,210	
40-44	704	1.5	1,730	3.6	2,434	
45-49	47	0.1	125	0.3	172	
50-54	1	0.0	8	0.0	9	
60-64	-	0.0	1	0.0	1	
Not Stated	132	0.3	170	0.4	302	
Total	8,040	16.6	40,424	83.4	48,464	

**NB:** Births to widows and divorcees were counted with out of wedlock.

#### 4.9 Birth Weight

Birth weight is one of the indicators of the baby's physical development. There is a range of expected weight at birth, which can give the doctor an indication of the baby's health, together with other indicators like head circumference and length.

The graph below shows that the majority of new-borns, approximately 38.5 percent, were born weighing between 3000-3499 grams. More than 10 percent of babies were born underweight (weighing less than 2500 grams). About 3.5 percent of the live births weighed 4000 grams and above.



**CHART 8: Percent Live Births by Birth Weight - 2022** 

#### 4.10 Gestational Age

The duration of gestation is measured from the first day of the last normal menstrual period. Gestational age is expressed in completed days or completed weeks (WHO).

Gestational age is the common term used during pregnancy to describe how far along the pregnancy is. The pregnancy is considered full term if it lasts for 37-41 weeks. Babies born before 37 weeks of pregnancy are considered preterm, whereas post-term refers to those who are delivered after 41 weeks.

**Chart 9** shows that the majority (78,9%) of infants were born between the gestational ages of 37 and 41 weeks.

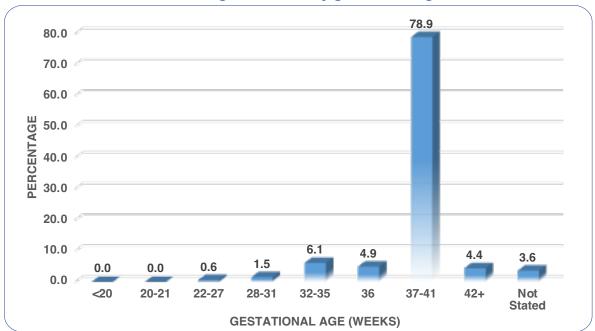


CHART 9: Percentage live births by gestational age-2022

#### 4.11 Age Specific fertility Rate (ASFR) and Total Fertility Rates (TFR)

Age-specific fertility rates (ASFRs) are a fundamental demographic measure used to understand fertility patterns within a population. They represent the number of live births per 1,000 women in specific age groups during a given period usually a year. ASFRs provide critical insights into fertility behaviours across different age groups, helping demographers and policymakers assess trends, plan for healthcare and educational needs, and anticipate changes in population structure. Moreover, ASFRs are essential for calculating other demographic indicators like the total fertility rate (TFR), which estimates the average number of children a woman would have over her reproductive lifespan based on prevailing ASFRs. This information is crucial for understanding population growth, planning for future resource allocation, and designing effective family planning programs.

**Table 4.5** shows that there were 50 live births per a thousand women aged 15-19 in 2022. The fertility is high among the age groups 20-24 and 25-29 with each recording 116 live births per a thousand women in the respective age group. The Total fertility Rate stands at 2.4 births per a woman i.e. the number of children a woman would have at prevailing age specific rates through her lifetime.

Table 4.5: Age Specific Fertility Rates and Total Fertility Rate -2022						
Age Group	No. of women	2022 births	ASFR/1000			
15-19	99,070	4,954	50.0			
20-24	98,823	11,493	116.3			
25-29	102,860	11,962	116.3			
30-34	99,107	9,872	99.6			
35-39	98,157	7,210	73.5			
40-44	80,762	2,434	30.1			
45-49	62,171	172	2.8			
Total	640,950	48,097	488.6			

Total Fertility Rate (TFR) = Total of age specific fertility rates per a 1000\*5 = 488,6\*5 = 2442,8

#### 5.0 MARRIAGES

Marriage is an event that is regulated by statute (under marriage Act 2001) and about which information is collected for legal and statistical purposes. Marriage is an institution recognized in Botswana where two adults (18 years and above) of different sex are united. The union is normally solemnized at the district administration offices, religious institutions and customary courts.

Marriage statistics are gathered through various methods, including vital registration systems, population censuses, household surveys, and administrative records. Generally, vital registration systems record births, deaths, marriages, divorces, and other vital events, providing official data on vital events. Population censuses and household surveys often include questions about marital status, age at first marriage, and other demographic variables, offering comprehensive insights into marriage patterns

Marriage statistics provide insights into the formation of family units. Over the years changes in these statistics are minimal, highlighting gradual changes in the age at which people seek to marry for the first time, whether they would like to go through the normal process of publishing intent to marry or opt for special license, whether they would like to marry in church or at the administration office.

Marriage statistics provide information on demographic characteristics such as age, sex, and usual residence, month of marriage and marital status at time of marriage. Analyzing these demographic variables help identify trends, seasonality of events, fertility, and family stability among others.

#### 5.1 Trends in Marriage (2011-2022)

Chart 10 depicts a steady increase in number of marriages from 5,333 marriages in 2013 to 5,642 marriages in 2022 with a sharp increase to 7,631 marriages in 2021. This sharp escalation came after relaxation of movement restrictions that were put in place to curb the spread of COVID 19 that was rampant then. Most Civil and National registration services were halted during the country's lockdown and movement restrictions in 2020. Deferred marriages that had already been published resulted in a backlog of marriages that were eventually formally sealed in 2021. The number of marriages however decreased by 26.1 percent from 2021 to 2022.

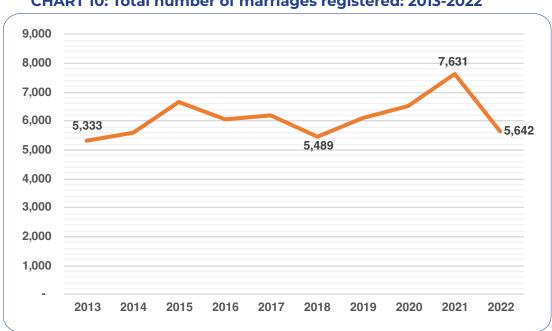


CHART 10: Total number of marriages registered: 2013-2022

#### 5.2 District of Registration

The district of registration is not necessarily the place of usual residence but can be any place chosen by the marrying couple. In most cases marriages are solemnized at the bride's place of origin or home village.

Kweneng east, Serowe/Palapye and Gaborone recorded the highest proportions of marriages with each recording around 11 percent of all marriages solemnized in 2022. This might be due to the fact that they are highly populated districts compared to the rest.

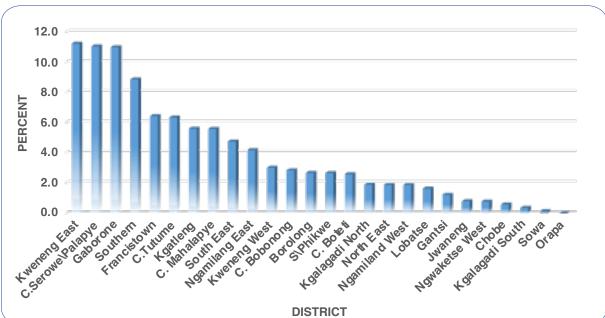


CHART 11: Percentage distribution of marriages by district of registration - 2022

#### 5.3 District of usual residence of bride and groom - 2022

Chart 12 shows the distribution of marriages by district of usual living at the time of marriage. The figure shows that in most cases the bride and groom reside in the same district. The opposite is true for the three mining towns namely, Orapa, Jwaneng and Sowa, probably due to the population composition in the areas. More men than women are attracted to these towns because of the nature of jobs offered, with mines being the largest employer. However, other districts such as Francistown, North East and Kgalagadi North, also had, more marrying couples residing in different districts at time of marriage than those who are from the same district.

8.0 6.0 4.0 20 0.0 8.0 6.0 4.0 2.0 K galagadi South 0.0 C.Salome Balloye Kwerero west C. Boleit C. Bolohong E. S. Mahalahye Other countries Southern Jwanend West of the East C.Tutume Mganilang East Bordons WGBrilland Wes Lobatse Hond Hete Hee Gantsi Other District Same District

CHART 12: Marriages by place of usual residence of bride and groom -2022

#### 5.4 Month of Registration

**Chart 13** shows that marriages are more prevalent during the last four months of the year and in April. The top three months in ranking are December, April and September probably due to the long public holidays celebrated during the months. There is low activity during the winter months which cover the months of May to August.



#### 5.5 Type of Marriage

The marriage process requires that a public notice of intention to marry be publicized for a period of at least three weeks before the solemnization and this is referred to as publishing of banns. The bans are meant to sanction anyone to raise any civil or legal impediments to the marriage, to prevent marriages that are invalid. The alternative way would be to apply for special license, which allows one to marry without the public notice, anytime anywhere.

According to **chart 14**, publishing of Banns prior to solemnization of marriages is the most commonly used of the two with 99.5 Percent of the registered marriages publicized in that way.

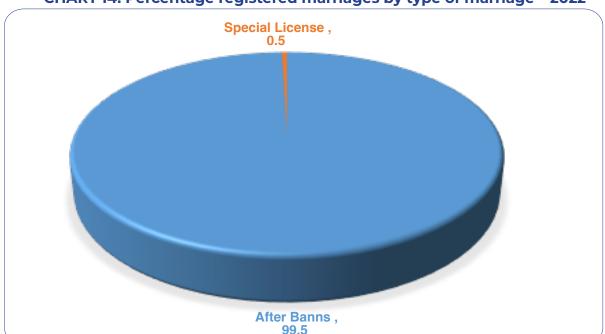


CHART 14: Percentage registered marriages by type of marriage – 2022

#### 5.6 Age at the time of marriage

According to the Marriage Act (2001), No minor or person below the age of 21 years not being a widower or widow may marry without the consent in writing of his or her parents or guardians.

**Chart 15** shows that more women than men marry at younger ages (under 35 years) and more men than women married at older ages (35 years and over). About 65 percent of brides were aged below 40 years while the comparable figure for grooms was 44.2 percent.

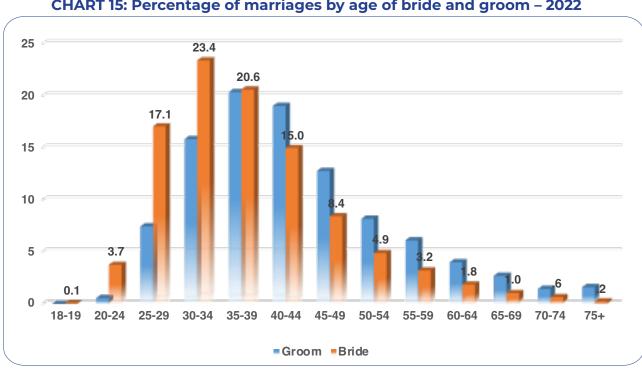


CHART 15: Percentage of marriages by age of bride and groom – 2022

Table 5.1 shows that there were 12 brides and only one (1) groom who needed consent from their parents or guardian as they were aged less than 21. The age group with the highest percentage of marriages is the 30-34 and 35-39 age group for females and males respectively

Table 5.1: Percent marriag	es by age o	f husband and v	wife at marriag	je - 2022
Age	Male	Percent	Female	Percent
18	0	0.0	1	0.0
19	0	0.0	3	0.1
18-19	0	0.0	4	0.1
20	1	0.0	8	0.1
21	1	0.0	16	0.3
22	4	0.1	34	0.6
23	8	0.1	52	0.9
24	17	0.3	93	1.6
20-24	31	0.5	203	3.6
25	37	0.7	103	1.8
26	52	0.9	155	2.7
27	78	1.4	232	4.1
28	117	2.1	216	3.8
29	136	2.4	257	4.6
25-29	420	7.4	963	17.1
30	150	2.7	273	4.8
31	155	2.7	250	4.4
32	176	3.1	283	5.0
33	204	3.6	274	4.9
34	209	3.7	241	4.3
30-34	894	15.8	1,321	23.4

Table 5.1 Cont'd : Percent marriag	es by age of hu	sband and wife	at marriage - 2	2022
Age	Male	Percent	Female	Percent
35	195	3.5	235	4.2
36	243	4.3	250	4.4
37	248	4.4	253	4.5
38	214	3.8	225	4.0
39	249	4.4	200	3.5
35-39	1,149	20.4	1,163	20.6
40	241	4.3	207	3.7
41	222	3.9	171	3.0
42	234	4.1	193	3.4
43	190	3.4	154	2.7
44	187	3.3	121	2.1
40-44	1,074	19.0	846	15.0
45	169	3.0	116	2.1
46	168	3.0	104	1.8
47	149	2.6	92	1.6
48	111	2.0	82	1.5
49	124	2.2	81	1.4
45-49	721	12.8	475	8.4
50	107	1.9	72	1.3
51	96	1.7	50	0.9
52	104	1.8	54	1.0
53	79	1.4	53	0.9
54	75	1.3	46	0.8
50-54	461	8.2	275	4.9
55	86	1.5	48	0.9
56	77	1.4	41	0.7
57	49	0.9	24	0.4
58	69	1.2	33	0.6
59	63	1.1	35	0.6
55-59	344	6.1	181	3.2
60	70	1.2	22	0.4
61	37	0.7	17	0.3
62	43	0.8	27	0.5
63	37	0.7	22	0.4
64	38	0.7	16	0.3
60-64	225	4.0	104	1.8
65+	323	5.7	107	1.9
Total	5,642	100	5,642	100

**Table 5.2** shows the mean and median age at first marriage for bachelors and spinsters from 2017 to 2022. The median age at first marriage for spinsters and bachelors both increased by 1 year from 35 and 40 in 2021 to 36 and 41 in 2022 respectively.

Table 5.2: Mean and median age at first marriage 2017- 2022								
	Mean		Median					
	Bachelor	Spinster	Bachelor	Spinster				
Year								
2022	43	38	41	36				
2021	42	37	40	35				
2020	42	36	40	35				
2019	40	35	38	34				
2018	41	35	38	33				
2017	41	36	38	34				

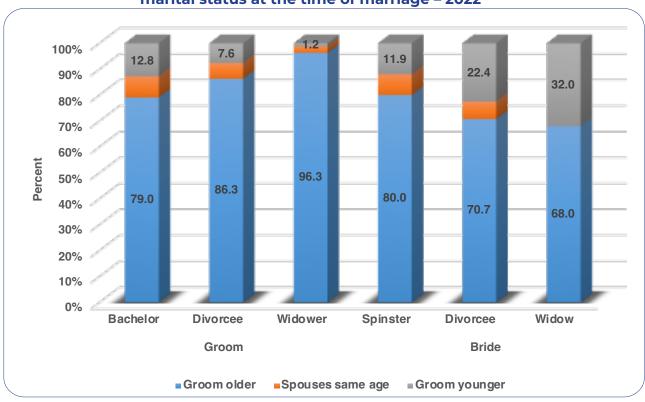
# 5.7 Age differentials

**Table 5.3** shows that, in the majority of marriages, the groom is older than the bride accounting for about 80 percent of the marriages. In seven of the unions solemnized in 2022, grooms were 15 or more years younger than their brides. In only 8 percent of the unions, partners were of the same age. About 22 percent of grooms were 10 or more years older than their brides, the comparable figure for brides is 0.6 percent.

Table 5.3 Age differrence	s between partners	- 2022	
	Age Difference	No. of Unions	Percent
Groom younger than Bride	1-4	541	9.6
	5-9	119	2.1
	10-14	26	0.5
	15+	7	0.1
Same Age	0	451	8.0
Groom older than Bride	1-4	1,707	30.3
	5-9	1,534	27.2
	10-14	777	13.8
	15-19	329	5.8
	20+	151	2.7
Total		5,642	100.0

**Chart 16** also suggests that men tend to marry younger women irrespective of their marital status at the time of marriage. It is however interesting to note that, compared to spinsters, women who were previously married tend to marry men who are younger than they are. For example about 12.0 percent of grooms were younger than their brides whose marital status was spinster at the time of marriage. The comparable figure for brides whose marital status was divorcee and widow was 22.4 and 32.0 percent respectively.

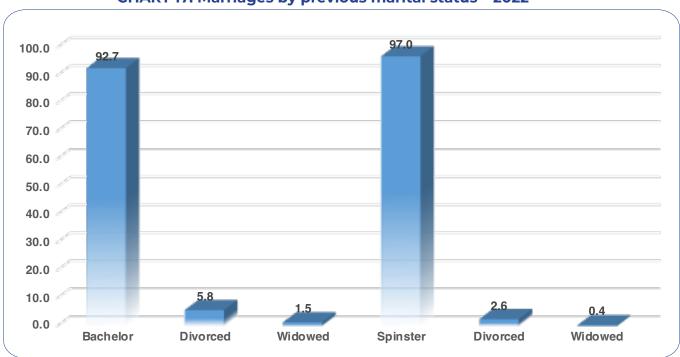
CHART 16: Percent distribution of marriages by age differences between spouses and marital status at the time of marriage – 2022



### **5.8 Previous Marital Status**

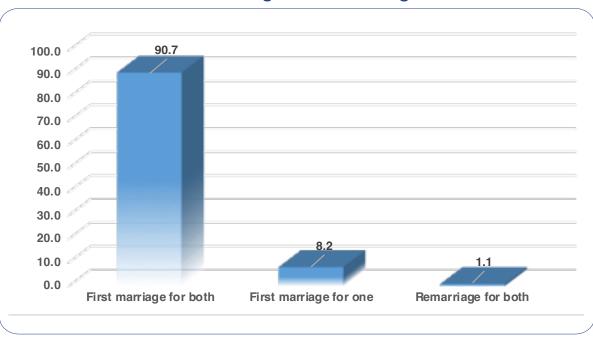
**Chart 17** shows that majority of marriages were of bachelors and spinsters accounting for 93 percent and 97 percent respectively. Grooms who were either divorcees or widowers accounted for about 7 percent of remarriages and the comparable figure for brides was 3 percent.

CHART 17: Marriages by previous marital status - 2022



# 5.9 First Marriages and Re-marriages

**Chart 18** shows that 90.7 percent of marriages were first time marriages for both bride and groom, while 8.2 percent were first marriages for one partner. Remarriages for both partners accounted for the remaining 1.1 percent.

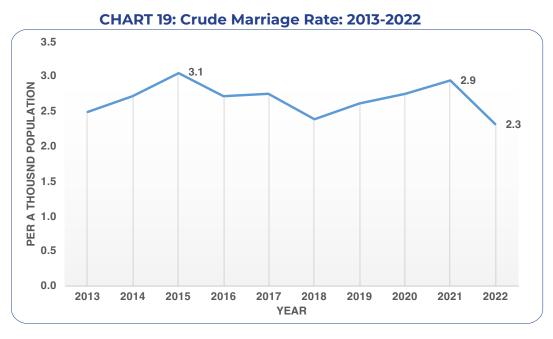


**CHART 18: First marriages and re-marriages – 2022** 

# 5.10 Crude Marriage Rate (CMR)

The crude marriage rate is the ratio of the number of marriages during the year to the total population in that year. The value is expressed per a 1000 persons. Marriage rate helps gauge the prevalence of marriage within a society and how it changes over time. It should be noted that in the previous publications the CMR was calculated using the number of persons marrying which yielded higher rates.

**Chart 19** shows the Crude Marriage Rate from 2013 to 2022. In 2022 the CMR was 2.3 implying that there were about 2 marriages per a 1000 population. The highest CMR was recorded in 2015 with a CMR of 3.1 marriages per a 1000 population. It is interesting to note that despite the COVID19 pandemic the CMR increased from 2.6 in 2019 to almost 3 marriages per 1000 persons in 2021. The CMR then dropped to a low of 2.3 in 2022 (the start of the post COVID19 period).



# 6.0 DEATHS

The process of death registration is continuous, allowing for the registration of all deaths that have transpired within the country, regardless of whether they occurred in the past or within the current year. Upon the completion of death registration, the individual providing the information is presented with a death certificate, which is typically necessary for the settlement of the deceased's estate.

Data collection encompasses all deaths officially registered within a particular year, irrespective of the year in which the deaths occurred. However, the analytical focus predominantly centers on deaths that took place during the reference year, 2022, for the computation of significant demographic indicators such as the Infant Mortality Rate (IMR), Crude Death Rate (CDR), and others

Table 6.0 : De	eaths inc	dicators	2014-202	22						
Indicator	Measure	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total Population	Number	2,149,255	2,185,903	2,219,732	2,254,021	2,288,656	2,323,493	2,358,445	2,410,338	2,422,554
Total deaths (projected)	Number	17,463	17,079	16,780	16,619	16,506	16,461	16,214	16,315	16,695
All current deaths (registered)	Number	12,177	13,030	12,825	12,386	12,609	13,185	12,219	17,590	13,924
Death registration	Percent	69.7	76.3	76.4	74.5	76.4	80.1	75.4	107.8	83.4
Neo Natal Mortality Rate	Rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.7	12.2	12.6
Infant deaths	Number	1, 045	1,012	1,041	998	891	1,096	968	950	1,047
U5 Mortality Rate	Rate	-		-	-	-	-	20.5	23.4	27.0
Crude Death Rate (CDR)	Rate	5.7	6	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.7	5.2	6.8	5.7
Infant Mortality Rate (IMR)	Rate	20.8	21.3	23.0	21.8	16.4	20.3	16.5	18.6	21.6
Life expectancy at birth (males)	Years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72.3
Life expectancy at birth (Females)	Years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75.9

**NB:** NB: Deaths fron 2014-2021 were sourced from Population projections 2011-2031 while the deaths for 2022 were obtained from the 2022 population and housing

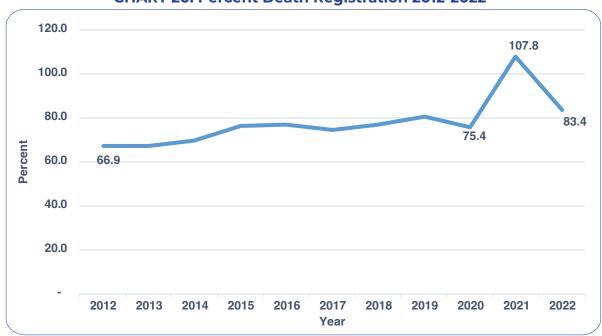
#### (a) Deaths per 1,000 population

### (b) Infant deaths per 1,000 live births

There were 15,843 deaths registered in 2022 of which 13,924 occurred in the same year. Deaths in 2022 accounted for a 20.8 percent decrease from the previous year. The decline in deaths from 2021 to 2022 can be attributed to the measures implemented by the government to mitigate the spread of COVID-19. Although these measures contributed to a reduction in deaths from other communicable diseases in 2020, the impact of COVID-19 was more pronounced in 2021, leading to an increase in number of deaths. However, due to availability of COVID-19 vaccines toward the end of 2021, the number of deaths was reduced in 2022 compared to 2021.

# **6.1 Death Registration**

**Table 6.0** and chart 20 shows a huge decrease in death registration from 107.8 percent in 2021 to 83.4 percent in 2022. This clearly indicates that pandemics and epidemics such as COVID and others tend to distort trends in some indicators, as they are not factored in when population projections are computed. It is therefore pertinent to use the information with caution.



**CHART 20: Percent Death Registration 2012-2022** 

# 6.2 Deaths by sex of the deceased

There were more male deaths (7,288) than female deaths (6,636) resulting in a sex ratio of 109.8 male deaths for every 100 female deaths. Male deaths accounted for 52.3 percent of all deaths that occurred in 2022 (chart 21)

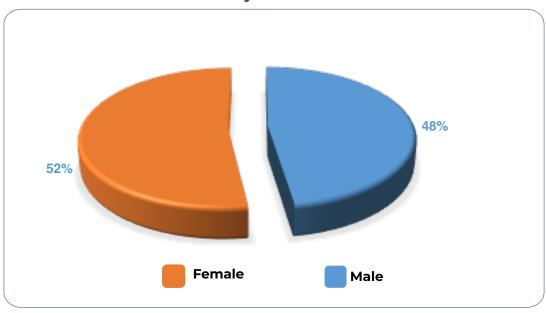
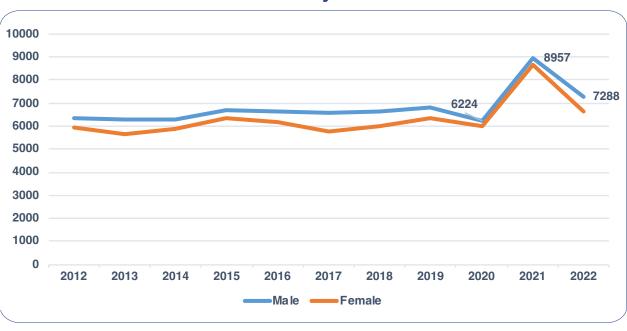


CHART 21: Deaths by sex of deceased-2022

The total number of registered male and female deaths decreased from 8,957 and 8,633 to 7,288 and 6,636 in 2021 and 2022 respectively. The provision of the COVID-19 vaccines contributed to the reduction of deaths in 2022 to expected levels in the absence of Covid19.

**Chart 22** illustrates a consistent trend in total deaths categorized by sex. Across all years shown, there were more male deaths compared to female deaths.

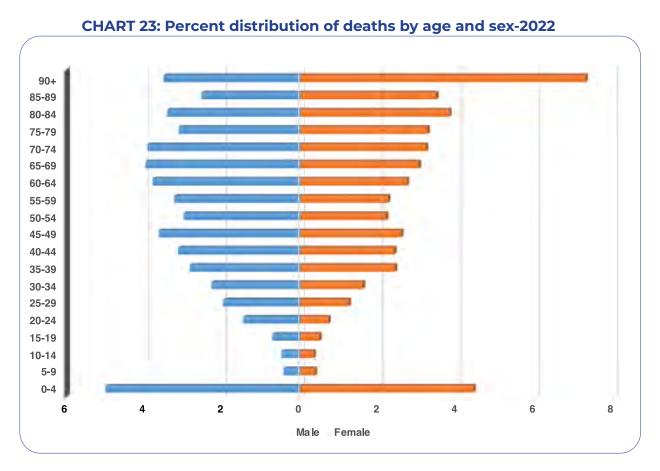


**CHART 22: Deaths by Sex 2012-2022** 

## 6.3 Deaths by age and Sex

**Chart 23** illustrates the distribution of deaths categorized by age and sex. Throughout all shown age groups, the 0-4 age bracket experienced more deaths than other age groups. The chart is skewed towards the males indicating more male deaths than females throughout the age groups up to age group 75-79. A noteworthy reversal of this pattern occurs at ages 80+, where female deaths surpass male deaths.

The 5-9 age bracket demonstrates the lowest proportion of deaths for both males and females with 0.4 percent deaths from that age group



**Chart 24** presents a breakdown of deaths by age group for the year 2022. As indicated in **Chart 21**, males and females constituted 52 and 48 percent of the total deaths respectively. Within certain age groups, there exists a notable disparity between the males and females. For instance, males accounted for 67.3 percent of the total deaths within the 20-24 age group. From the age group of 20-24, the proportion of male deaths begin to decrease, while that of females' experiences an increase, ultimately converging at the 75-79 age group. From ages 75-79 the proportion of female deaths surpasses that of males, potentially attributed to the cumulative effect of female longevity resulting from lower mortality rates in earlier years.

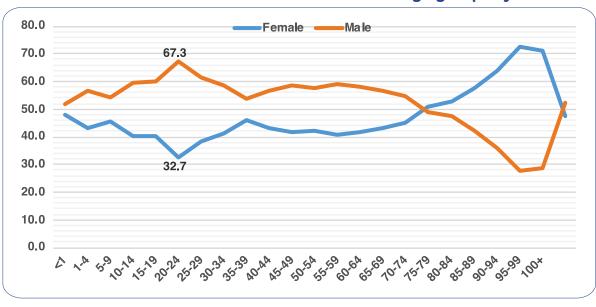
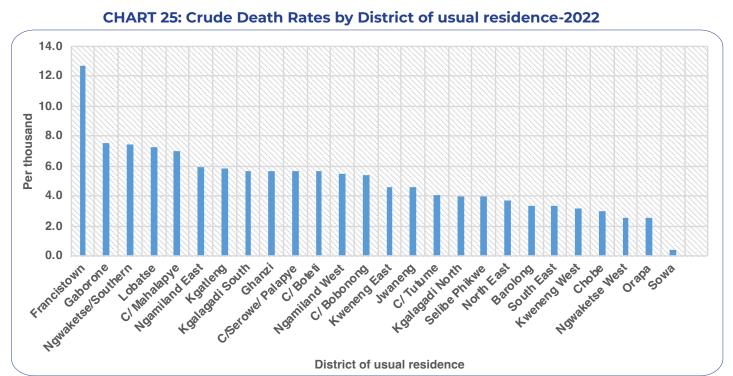


CHART 24: Percent Distribution of deaths within age groups by sex-2022

# 6.4 Crude Death Rates by District of usual Residence

The Crude Death Rate (CDR) serves as a crucial indicator of mortality within an entire population and plays a significant role in determining population growth trends.

From 2021 to 2022, the crude death rate declined from 6.8 to 5.74 deaths per thousand population. Francistown recorded the highest crude death rate at twelve (12) deaths per thousand population, followed by Gaborone and Southern districts, each recording 7.5 deaths per thousand population. Sowa Town registered the lowest crude death rate of 0.4 deaths per thousand population, as depicted in **Chart 25.** 



# **6.5 Age Specific Death Rates**

The Age-Specific Death Rate (ASDR) denotes the annual number of deaths per 1000 individuals within a specified age group, independent of the population's age structure. Unlike the Crude Death Rate (CDR), the ASDR provides a more detailed understanding of mortality patterns within distinct age groups.

Chart 26 illustrates that the ASDR remained relatively consistent between 2021 and 2022 for younger age groups, while showing a noticeable disparity for age groups above 45. The distribution of deaths by age reveals a reduction in mortality levels in 2022 compared to 2021.

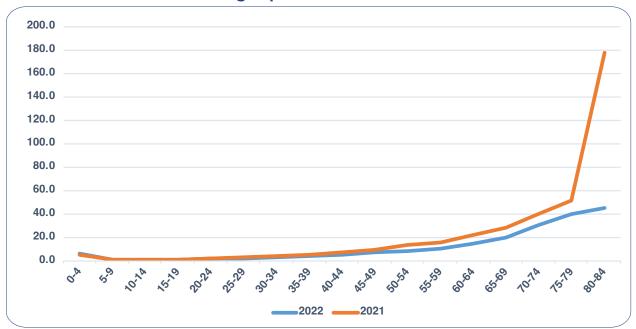
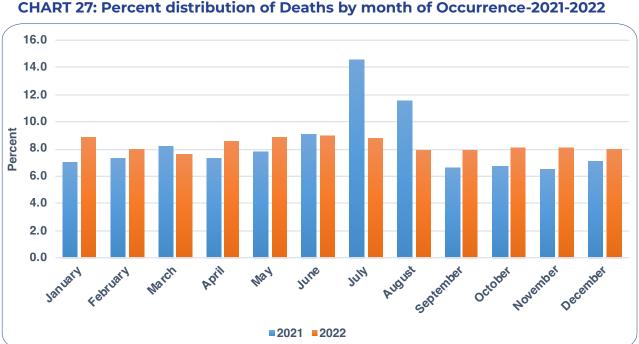


CHART 26: Age Specific Death Rates – 2021-2022

### 6.6 Deaths by Month of Occurrence

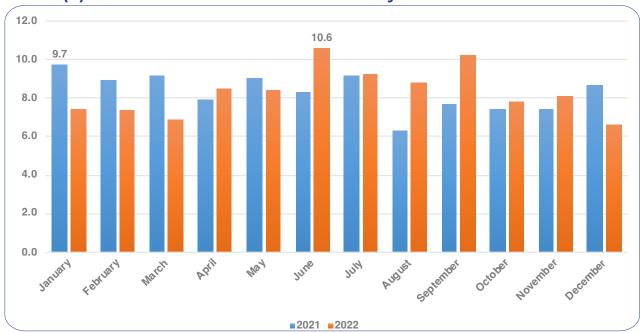
Chart 27 shows a comparison of percentage distribution of deaths by month of occurrence during the years 2021 and 2022. The percentage deaths were lower in July and August compared to the same months in 2021.



# 6.7 Infant Deaths by Month of Occurrence

Infant deaths by month for the years 2021 and 2022 show slight disparities (chart 27b). The highest percentage of infants' deaths in 2021 was 9.7 percent registered in January while the highest in 2022 was registered in June with a percentage of 10.6.

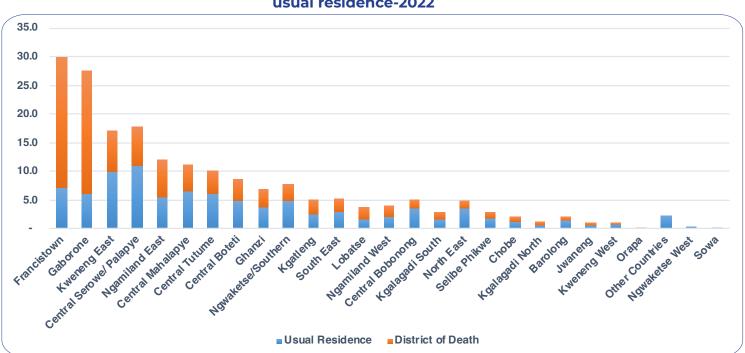
CHART 27(B): Percent distribution of Infant deaths by month of Occurrence-2021-2022



# 6.8 Infant Deaths by District of usual residence

**Chart 28** below shows the percentage of infant deaths registered by district of death and district of usual residence. Francistown registered the highest number of infant deaths in 2022. Gaborone and Francistown have the highest number of infant deaths who are not their usual residents. This could be due to referrals from catchment areas and other districts.

CHART 28: Percent Distribution of infant deaths by district of death and district of usual residence-2022



## 6.9 Timely, Late and delayed Deaths Registration

According to the Births, Deaths Act of Civil, and National registration (CNR), deaths are considered late if they are registered after the expiry of thirty (30) days from the date of occurrence. Delayed registration refers to all deaths that were registered after the 30 days but within the twelve (12) months of occurrence. Late registration are those that occurred in the past years.

**Chart 29** below shows that of all the deaths registered in 2022, about 99 percent were registered on time i.e. before a lapse of 30 days and about 1.0 percent were delayed registrations.

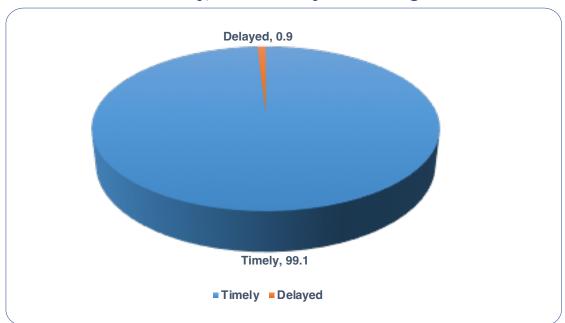


CHART 29: Timely, late and delayed death registration -2022

## 6.10 Place of death occurrence, marital status and Educational level

**Table 6.1** shows that 46.5 percent of all registered deaths occurred in health facilities compared to 43.7 percent in the previous year. About 58 percent were single at the time of death (children included). About 73.1 percent of the deaths were for people who had none or primary education as their highest level of education (children included).

Table 6.1: Registered current deaths by place of death, marital status and level of education -2022							
	Number of deaths	Percent					
Place of Death							
Health Facility	6,474	46.5					
Home	7,450	53.5					
Total	13,924	100.0					
Marital Status							
Divorced	288	2.1					
Married	3,470	24.9					
Single	8,115	58.3					
Widowed	2,051	14.7					
Total	13,924	100.0					
Educational Level							
Higher	794	5.7					
None	5,211	37.4					
Post Secondary	503	3.6					
Primary	4,964	35.7					
Secondary	2,452	17.6					
Total	13,924	100.0					

### **6.11 Life expectancy**

The commonly used index of mortality is the "expectation of life at birth." This measure represents the average number of years a newly born baby is expected to live if the current risks of dying at each age remain unchanged. Alternatively, life expectancy at birth can be seen as the average age at death within a population, or the number of years a person born and living under specific socio-economic and mortality conditions can expect to live. It serves as a valuable indicator of both mortality rates and overall health conditions within a population.

Currently, the national life expectancy for females at birth stands at 76 years, while for males is 72 years, indicating a 4-year age gap between the sexes (**Table 6.2**).

Table 6.2 :Life	expectancy by sex	and age group -2022
Age(x)	Males e(x)	Females e(x)
0	72.26	75.89
1 - 4	72.95	76.85
5 - 9	69.1	73.07
10 - 14	64.23	68.24
15 - 19	59.35	63.44
20 - 24	54.54	58.74
25 - 29	49.82	54.33
30 - 34	45.2	50.03
35 - 39	40.73	45.79
40 - 44	36.35	41.67
45 - 49	32.1	37.74
50 - 54	27.92	34.2
55 - 59	23.86	30.64
60 - 64	19.94	27.25
65 - 69	16.24	24.28
70 - 74	12.83	21.7
75 - 79	9.77	19.87
80 - 84	7.14	18.28
85 - 89	5.02	17.79
90 - 94	3.58	17.96
95+	5.04	19.74



Table B1: Registered Liv	ve Births	By Regis	tration	Centre /	And Se	x Of Ch	ild -2022		
		Current		No	n-currer	nt	1	otal Births	
	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total
DISTRICT OF REGISTRATION									
Athlone Hospital	474	519	993	10	11	21	484	530	1,014
Bamalete Lutheran Hospital	747	818	1,565	13	19	32	760	837	1,597
Barolong	246	252	498	25	40	65	271	292	563
Bokamoso Hospital	131	170	301	-	1	1	131	171	302
Borakanelo	139	147	285	91	81	173	230	228	458
Broadhurst	623	568	1,191	90	80	170	713	648	1,361
Central-Bobonong	346	385	731	74	59	133	420	444	864
Central-Boteti	805	871	1,676	207	192	399	1,012	1,063	2,075
Central-Mahalapye	91	93	184	153	171	324	244	264	508
Central-Serowe	82	90	172	152	132	284	234	222	456
Central-Tutume	599	601	1,200	87	90	177	686	691	1,377
Charleshill	76	64	140	26	41	67	102	105	207
Chobe	243	240	483	29	23	52	272	263	535
Deborah Retief	903	953	1,856	4	8	12	907	961	1,868
Francistown	924	968	1,892	134	131	265	1,058	1,099	2,157
G-West Clinic	237	217	454	2	7	9	239	224	463
Gaborone	16	21	37	94	72	166	110	93	203
Ghanzi	20	8	28	117	133	250	137	141	278
Ghanzi Primary Hosp	507	479	986	7	6	13	514	485	999
Gumare	325	359	684	65	86	151	390	445	835
Headquarters	1	1	2	-	2	2	1	3	4
Hukuntsi	231	212	443	16	13	29	247	225	472
Jwaneng	73	68	141	46	48	94	119	116	235
Jwaneng Hosp	437	494	931	27	17	44	464	511	975
Kgalagadi	324	352	676	24	25	49	348	377	725
Kgatleng	134	118	252	70	96	166	204	214	418
Kweneng	128	119	247	285	242	527	413	361	774
Lesirane Clinic	547	513	1,060	4	2	6	551	515	1,066
Letlhakeng	143	152	295	80	119	199	223	271	494
Letsholathebe Hosp	1,350	1,279	2,629	2	3	5	1,352	1,282	2,634
Lobatse	28	33	61	44	44	88	72	77	149
Mabutsane	67	65	132	18	25	43	85	90	175
Mahalapye Hospital	983	1,056	2,039	4	-	4	987	1,056	2,043
Moshupa	489	490	979	86	78	164	575	568	1,143
Nata	195	190	385	22	25	47	217	215	432
Ngamiland	220	251	471	145	155	300	365	406	771
Ngwaketse	553	604	1,157	203	176	379	756	780	1,536
North-East	188	163	351	17	18	35	205	181	386
Nyangabgwe Hospital	2,081	2,050	4,131	16	5	21	2,097	2,055	4,152
Orapa	1	2	3	-	-	-	1	2	3
Palapye	110	86	196	120	123	243	230	209	439
Palapye Primary Hosp	626	634	1,260	3	2	5	629	636	1,265

Table B1 Cont'd: Regist	ered Live	Births E	By Regis	stration	Centre	And Se	x Of Child -	2022	
		Current		No	on-currer	nt	Total Births		
	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total
DISTRICT OF REGISTRATION									
Princess Marina Hosp	2,660	2,792	5,452	25	24	49	2,685	2,816	5,501
Rakops Hosp	143	131	274	1	-	1	144	131	275
Ramotswa	17	18	35	20	18	38	37	36	73
Scottish Livingstone	1,486	1,437	2,923	4	5	9	1,490	1,442	2,932
Sefhare	267	236	503	42	36	78	309	272	581
Sekgoma Hospital	1,162	1,086	2,248	2	1	3	1,164	1,087	2,251
Selebi-Phikwe	277	275	552	124	123	247	401	398	799
Shakawe	310	304	614	113	103	216	423	407	830
Sidilega Hosp	438	425	863	-	-	-	438	425	863
Sowa	11	8	19	5	6	11	16	14	30
Spg Hospital	536	582	1,118	2	8	10	538	590	1,128
Tlokweng	216	193	409	20	9	29	236	202	438
Tonota	116	140	256	103	96	199	219	236	455
Total	24,082	24,382	48,464	3,073	3,030	1	27,155	27,412	54,567

Table B2: Live Births By District Of Birth And	d Place Of Usual Resid	dence Of Mother	-2022
	Place of Usual R		
	Same District	Other District	Total
DISTRICT OF BIRTH			
Gaborone	2,038	6,178	8,216
Francistown	1,555	4,367	5,922
Lobatse	345	706	1,051
Selibe Phikwe	474	900	1,374
Orapa	110	562	672
Jwaneng	189	837	1,026
Sowa	3	2	5
Ngwaketse	1,209	182	1,391
Barolong	413	35	448
Ngwaketse West	128	3	131
South East	1,150	858	2,008
Kweneng East	4,020	1,415	5,435
Kweneng West	264	36	300
Kgatleng	1,718	390	2,108
Central Serowe	3,477	397	3,874
Central Mahalapye	2,478	251	2,729
Central Bobonong	970	59	1,029
Central Boteti	1,076	212	1,288
Central Tutume	1,639	239	1,878
North East	339	97	436
Ngamiland East	2,388	703	3,091
Ngamiland West	1,133	165	1,298
Chobe	415	68	483
Ghanzi	1,018	135	1,153
Kgalagadi North	644	31	675
Kgalagadi South	363	80	443
Total	29,556	18,908	48,464

Table B3: Live Births By Age Group, Level Of Education And Place Of Usual Residence Of Mother- 2022

20-24         987         100         1,399         964         8,043         25-29         2,362         129         1,687         1,158         6,626         30-34         2,358         147         1,442         957         4,968         35-39         1,571         179         890         800         3,770         40-44         422         95         241         349         1,327         45-49         17         14         13         44         84         84         50-54         1         4         1         3         -         60-64         -         1         -         -         -         -         -         Not Stated         6         18         10         136         132         132         132         132         136         132         132         136         132         132         136         132         136         132         136         132         136         132         136         132         136         132         136         132         136         132         136         132         136         132         136         132         136         132         136         132         136         132         136         132	55 4,954 11,493 11,962 9,872 7,210 2,434 172
ACE GROUP         10-14         1         1         -         31         22           15-19         57         55         275         587         3,980         -           20-24         987         100         1,399         964         8,043         -           25-29         2,362         129         1,687         1,158         6,626         -           30-34         2,358         147         1,442         957         4,968         -           35-39         1,571         179         890         800         3,770         -           40-44         422         95         241         349         1,327         -           45-49         17         14         13         44         84         -           50-54         1         4         1         3         -         -         -           60-64         -         1         4         1         3         132           Total         7,782         743         5,958         5,029         28,952         4           PLACE OF USUAL RESIDENCE           Gaborone         1,032         9         411	55 4,954 11,493 11,962 9,872 7,210 2,434
10-14	4,954 11,493 11,962 9,872 7,210 2,434
15-19	4,954 11,493 11,962 9,872 7,210 2,434
20-24         987         100         1,399         964         8,043           25-29         2,362         129         1,687         1,158         6,626           30-34         2,358         147         1,442         957         4,968           35-39         1,571         179         890         800         3,770           40-44         422         95         241         349         1,327           45-49         17         14         13         44         84           50-54         1         4         1         3         -           60-64         -         1         -         -         -           Not Stated         6         18         10         136         132           PLACE OF USUAL RESIDENCE           Gaborone         1,032         9         411         284         798           Francistown         412         12         178         128         895           Lobatse         99         4         77         32         238           Selibe Phikwe         129         4         91         29         301           Orapa         45	11,493 11,962 9,872 7,210 2,434
25-29	11,962 9,872 7,210 2,434
30-34	9,872 7,210 2,434
35-39   1,571   179   890   800   3,770	7,210 2,434
40-44       422       95       241       349       1,327         45-49       17       14       13       44       84         50-54       1       4       1       3       -         60-64       -       1       -       -       -         Not Stated       6       18       10       136       132     Total  Total  7,782  743  5,958  5,029  28,952  44  Total  758  895  Lobatse  Francistown  412  12  178  128  895  Lobatse  99  4  77  32  238  Selibe Phikwe  129  4  91  29  301  Orapa  45  - 42  2  33  Jwaneng  58  - 42  19  90  Sowa  11  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1	2,434
45-49         17         14         13         44         84           50-54         1         4         1         3         -           60-64         -         1         -         -         -           Not Stated         6         18         10         136         132           Total         7,782         743         5,958         5,029         28,952         44           PLACE OF USUAL RESIDENCE           Gaborone         1,032         9         411         284         798           Francistown         412         12         178         128         895           Lobatse         99         4         77         32         238           Selibe Phikwe         129         4         91         29         301           Orapa         45         -         42         2         33           Jwaneng         58         -         42         19         90           Sowa         11         1         6         2         14           Ngwaketse         489         46         447         291         1,955           Barolong         16	
50-54         1         4         1         3         -           60-64         -         1         -         -         -           Not Stated         6         18         10         136         132           Total         7,782         743         5,958         5,029         28,952         44           PLACE OF USUAL RESIDENCE           Gaborone         1,032         9         411         284         798           Francistown         412         12         178         128         895           Lobatse         99         4         77         32         238           Selibe Phikwe         129         4         91         29         301           Orapa         45         -         42         2         33           Jwaneng         58         -         42         19         90           Sowa         11         1         6         2         14           Ngwaketse         489         46         447         291         1,955           Barolong         162         5         222         75         738           Ngwaketse	172
60-64         -         1         - <td>_</td>	_
Not Stated         6         18         10         136         132           Total         7,782         743         5,958         5,029         28,952         44           PLACE OF USUAL RESIDENCE           Gaborone         1,032         9         411         284         798           Francistown         412         12         178         128         895           Lobatse         99         4         77         32         238           Selibe Phikwe         129         4         91         29         301           Orapa         45         -         42         2         33           Jwaneng         58         -         42         19         90           Sowa         11         1         6         2         14           Ngwaketse         489         46         447         291         1,955           Barolong         162         5         222         75         738           Ngwaketse West         70         11         52         58         438           South East         533         6         253         164         765           Kweneng	9
Total	1
PLACE OF USUAL RESIDENCE           Gaborone         1,032         9         411         284         798           Francistown         412         12         178         128         895           Lobatse         99         4         77         32         238           Selibe Phikwe         129         4         91         29         301           Orapa         45         -         42         2         33           Jwaneng         58         -         42         19         90           Sowa         11         1         6         2         14           Ngwaketse         489         46         447         291         1,955           Barolong         162         5         222         75         738           Ngwaketse West         70         11         52         58         438           South East         533         6         253         164         765           Kweneng East         987         73         809         674         3,656	302
PLACE OF USUAL RESIDENCE           Gaborone         1,032         9         411         284         798           Francistown         412         12         178         128         895           Lobatse         99         4         77         32         238           Selibe Phikwe         129         4         91         29         301           Orapa         45         -         42         2         33           Jwaneng         58         -         42         19         90           Sowa         11         1         6         2         14           Ngwaketse         489         46         447         291         1,955           Barolong         162         5         222         75         738           Ngwaketse West         70         11         52         58         438           South East         533         6         253         164         765           Kweneng East         987         73         809         674         3,656	
Gaborone         1,032         9         411         284         798           Francistown         412         12         178         128         895           Lobatse         99         4         77         32         238           Selibe Phikwe         129         4         91         29         301           Orapa         45         -         42         2         33           Jwaneng         58         -         42         19         90           Sowa         11         1         6         2         14           Ngwaketse         489         46         447         291         1,955           Barolong         162         5         222         75         738           Ngwaketse West         70         11         52         58         438           South East         533         6         253         164         765           Kweneng East         987         73         809         674         3,656	8,464
Gaborone         1,032         9         411         284         798           Francistown         412         12         178         128         895           Lobatse         99         4         77         32         238           Selibe Phikwe         129         4         91         29         301           Orapa         45         -         42         2         33           Jwaneng         58         -         42         19         90           Sowa         11         1         6         2         14           Ngwaketse         489         46         447         291         1,955           Barolong         162         5         222         75         738           Ngwaketse West         70         11         52         58         438           South East         533         6         253         164         765           Kweneng East         987         73         809         674         3,656	
Francistown         412         12         178         128         895           Lobatse         99         4         77         32         238           Selibe Phikwe         129         4         91         29         301           Orapa         45         -         42         2         33           Jwaneng         58         -         42         19         90           Sowa         11         1         6         2         14           Ngwaketse         489         46         447         291         1,955           Barolong         162         5         222         75         738           Ngwaketse West         70         11         52         58         438           South East         533         6         253         164         765           Kweneng East         987         73         809         674         3,656	
Lobatse       99       4       77       32       238         Selibe Phikwe       129       4       91       29       301         Orapa       45       -       42       2       33         Jwaneng       58       -       42       19       90         Sowa       11       1       6       2       14         Ngwaketse       489       46       447       291       1,955         Barolong       162       5       222       75       738         Ngwaketse West       70       11       52       58       438         South East       533       6       253       164       765         Kweneng East       987       73       809       674       3,656	2,534
Selibe Phikwe       129       4       91       29       301         Orapa       45       -       42       2       33         Jwaneng       58       -       42       19       90         Sowa       11       1       6       2       14         Ngwaketse       489       46       447       291       1,955         Barolong       162       5       222       75       738         Ngwaketse West       70       11       52       58       438         South East       533       6       253       164       765         Kweneng East       987       73       809       674       3,656	1,625
Orapa         45         -         42         2         33           Jwaneng         58         -         42         19         90           Sowa         11         1         6         2         14           Ngwaketse         489         46         447         291         1,955           Barolong         162         5         222         75         738           Ngwaketse West         70         11         52         58         438           South East         533         6         253         164         765           Kweneng East         987         73         809         674         3,656	450
Jwaneng         58         -         42         19         90           Sowa         11         1         6         2         14           Ngwaketse         489         46         447         291         1,955           Barolong         162         5         222         75         738           Ngwaketse West         70         11         52         58         438           South East         533         6         253         164         765           Kweneng East         987         73         809         674         3,656	554
Sowa         11         1         6         2         14           Ngwaketse         489         46         447         291         1,955           Barolong         162         5         222         75         738           Ngwaketse West         70         11         52         58         438           South East         533         6         253         164         765           Kweneng East         987         73         809         674         3,656	122
Ngwaketse         489         46         447         291         1,955           Barolong         162         5         222         75         738           Ngwaketse West         70         11         52         58         438           South East         533         6         253         164         765           Kweneng East         987         73         809         674         3,656	209
Barolong         162         5         222         75         738           Ngwaketse West         70         11         52         58         438           South East         533         6         253         164         765           Kweneng East         987         73         809         674         3,656	34
Ngwaketse West         70         11         52         58         438           South East         533         6         253         164         765           Kweneng East         987         73         809         674         3,656	3,228
South East         533         6         253         164         765           Kweneng East         987         73         809         674         3,656	1,202
Kweneng East         987         73         809         674         3,656	629
	1,721
Kweneng West         58         51         79         176         756	6,199
	1,120
<b>Kgatleng</b> 396 16 371 220 1,415	2,418
Central Serowe         699         67         644         517         2,936	4,863
Central Mahalapye         504         44         339         260         2,342	3,489
Central Bobonong         294         24         247         150         1,290	2,005
Central Boteti         188         79         184         227         1,223	1,901
Central Tutume         569         83         409         493         2,840	4,394
<b>North East</b> 302 22 185 141 1,067	1,717
<b>Ngamiland East</b> 326 13 373 289 1,688	2,689
<b>Ngamiland West</b> 72 68 125 175 999	1,439
<b>Chobe</b> 52 4 67 48 356	527
<b>Ghanzi</b> 98 76 66 242 681	1,163
<b>Kgalagadi South</b> 89 10 125 67 542	833
<b>Kgalagadi North</b> 54 7 43 66 334	504
Other Countries         54         8         71         200         562	895
Total 7,782 743 5,958 5,029 28,952 46	

Table B4 : Live Births	By Age An	d Marital	Status Of	Mother-20	22
		Mother's M	arital Status		
	Divorced	Married	Single	Widowed	Total
AGE GROUP					
10-14	-	-	55	-	55
15-19	2	154	4,796	2	4,954
20-24	4	855	10,629	5	11,493
25-29	8	1,717	10,227	10	11,962
30-34	33	2,355	7,480	4	9,872
35-39	38	2,075	5,087	10	7,210
40-44	26	704	1,695	9	2,434
45-49	3	47	120	2	172
50-54	-	1	8	-	9
60-64	-	-	1	-	1
Not Stated	1	132	169	-	302
Total	115	8,040	40,267	42	48,464

Table B5: Live Births By Place Of U	sual Residence An	d Age Of Mother-20	022
	U	sual Residence	
	Same District	Other District	Total
AGE GROUP			
10-14	37	18	55
15-19	3,127	1,827	4,954
20-24	7,400	4,093	11,493
25-29	7,337	4,625	11,962
30-34	5,757	4,115	9,872
35-39	4,132	3,078	7,210
40-44	1,454	980	2,434
45-49	111	61	172
50-54	6	3	9
60-64	1	-	1
Not Stated	194	108	302
Total	29,556	18,908	48,464

		Age Group of Mother										
	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	60-64	Not Stated	Tota
DISTRICT OF USUAL	RESIDEN	NCE										
Gaborone	1	98	408	653	695	492	138	9	2	-	38	2,53
Francistown	1	138	377	418	369	243	67	6	-	-	6	1,62
Lobatse	1	37	83	111	119	68	24	3	-	-	4	4
Selibe Phikwe	-	27	113	153	115	107	35	3	-	-	1	5
Orapa	-	2	16	21	45	31	7	-	-	-	-	12
Jwaneng	-	10	33	53	58	42	10	2	-	-	1	20
Sowa	-	-	6	11	5	10	2	-	-	-	-	3
Ngwaketse	2	342	754	789	635	506	161	9	-	-	30	3,22
Barolong	-	126	291	299	234	183	64	1	-	-	4	1,20
Ngwaketse West	-	92	162	132	121	91	19	2	2	-	8	62
South East	1	97	343	457	400	304	103	5	-	-	11	1,7
Kweneng East	5	506	1,387	1,597	1,348	941	352	17	-	-	46	6,19
Kweneng West	1	199	282	225	201	156	44	2	-	-	10	1,12
Kgatleng	4	243	571	614	498	350	124	7	-	-	7	2,4
Central Serowe	5	569	1,179	1,157	956	697	238	21	1	-	40	4,8
Central Mahalapye	7	428	894	836	645	489	176	11	-	1	2	3,48
Central Bobonong	1	193	501	519	397	276	113	5	-	-	-	2,00
Central Boteti	5	222	495	494	324	259	77	14	2	-	9	1,9
Central Tutume	6	547	1,137	1,033	861	582	202	12	-	-	14	4,39
North East	2	167	421	452	337	238	87	6	-	-	7	1,7
Ngamiland East	5	309	634	658	521	406	112	12	1	-	31	2,68
Ngamiland West	2	145	397	347	263	182	90	8	1	-	4	1,43
Chobe	1	46	112	126	108	101	30	2	-	-	1	5
Ghanzi	5	160	323	276	205	136	50	7	-	-	1	1,10
Kgalagadi South	-	129	230	194	128	105	42	4	-	-	1	8:
Kgalagadi North	-	54	130	124	97	66	28	4	-	-	1	50
Other Countries	-	68	214	213	187	149	39	-	-	-	25	89
Total	55	4,954	11,493	11,962	9,872	7,210	2,434	172	9	1	302	48,46

Table B7(a): Births by Dist	ricts of Usual	Residen	ce, Place a	nd Type of	Birth 2022	
	Place of E	Birth		Туре с	of Birth	
	Heaith Facility	Home	Total	Live Born	Still Born	Total
USUAL RESIDENCE						
Gaborone	2,551	22	2,573	2,534	39	2,573
Francistown	1,677	4	1,681	1,625	56	1,681
Lobatse	457	-	457	450	7	457
Selibe Phikwe	557	6	563	554	9	563
Orapa	121	1	122	122	-	122
Jwaneng	212	-	212	209	3	212
Sowa	33	1	34	34	-	34
Ngwaketse	3,261	5	3,266	3,228	38	3,266
Barolong	1,211	6	1,217	1,202	15	1,217
Ngwaketse West	633	-	633	629	4	633
South East	1,733	5	1,738	1,721	17	1,738
Kweneng East	6,289	13	6,302	6,199	103	6,302
Kweneng West	1,128	1	1,129	1,120	9	1,129
Kgatleng	2,459	2	2,461	2,418	43	2,461
Central Serowe	4,939	12	4,951	4,863	88	4,951
Central Mahalapye	3,538	3	3,541	3,489	52	3,541
Central Bobonong	2,015	12	2,027	2,005	22	2,027
Central Boteti	1,918	13	1,931	1,901	30	1,931
Central Tutume	4,464	8	4,472	4,394	78	4,472
North East	1,752	6	1,758	1,717	41	1,758
Ngamiland East	2,732	3	2,735	2,689	46	2,735
Ngamiland West	1,453	-	1,453	1,439	14	1,453
Chobe	530	1	531	527	4	531
Ghanzi	1,180	-	1,180	1,163	17	1,180
Kgalagadi South	846	-	846	833	13	846
Kgalagadi North	513	1	514	504	10	514
Other Countries	930	1	931	895	36	931
Total	49,132	126	49,258	48,464	794	49,258

	Place of Bi	rth		Type of	Birth	
	Heaith Facility	Home	Total	Live Born	Still Born	Tota
DISTRICT OF BIRTH						
Gaborone	8,390	26	8,416	8,216	200	8,416
Francistown	6,055	23	6,078	5,922	156	6,078
Lobatse	1,069	-	1,069	1,051	18	1,069
Selibe Phikwe	1,373	15	1,388	1,374	14	1,388
Orapa	675	1	676	672	4	676
Jwaneng	1,030	1	1,031	1,026	5	1,03
Sowa	4	1	5	5	-	!
Ngwaketse	1,396	3	1,399	1,391	8	1,399
Barolong	444	8	452	448	4	452
Ngwaketse West	131	-	131	131	-	13
South East	2,020	7	2,027	2,008	19	2,027
Kweneng East	5,512	11	5,523	5,435	88	5,523
Kweneng West	301	_	301	300	1	30
Kgatleng	2,143	1	2,144	2,108	36	2,144
Central Serowe	3,925	9	3,934	3,874	60	3,934
Central Mahalapye	2,756	-	2,756	2,729	27	2,75
Central Bobonong	1,032	4	1,036	1,029	7	1,030
Central Boteti	1,304	9	1,313	1,288	25	1,31:
Central Tutume	1,891	4	1,895	1,878	17	1,89
North East	441	_	441	436	5	44
Ngamiland East	3,149	3	3,152	3,091	61	3,152
Ngamiland West	1,305	-	1,305	1,298	7	1,30
Chobe	485	-	485	483	2	48
Ghanzi	1,169	-	1,169	1,153	16	1,169
Kgalagadi North	681	-	681	675	6	68
Kgalagadi South	451	-	451	443	8	45
Total	49,132	126	49,258	48,464	794	49,258

Health Facility         Home         Total           BIRTH WEIGHT(GRAMS)           <500         49         -         49           500-999         278         -         278           1000-1499         565         1         566           1500-1999         1,135         1         1,136           2000-2499         3,868         7         3,875           2500-2999         14,251         34         14,285           3000-3499         18,624         48         18,672           3500-3999         7,667         29         7,696           4000-4499         1,251         4         1,255           4500-4999         136         -         136           5000+         16         -         16           Not Stated         498         2         500		Place of Bir	th	
<500       49       -       49         500-999       278       -       278         1000-1499       565       1       566         1500-1999       1,135       1       1,136         2000-2499       3,868       7       3,875         2500-2999       14,251       34       14,285         3000-3499       18,624       48       18,672         3500-3999       7,667       29       7,696         4000-4499       1,251       4       1,255         4500-4999       136       -       136         5000+       16       -       16		Health Facility	Home	Total
500-999       278       -       278         1000-1499       565       1       566         1500-1999       1,135       1       1,136         2000-2499       3,868       7       3,875         2500-2999       14,251       34       14,285         3000-3499       18,624       48       18,672         3500-3999       7,667       29       7,696         4000-4499       1,251       4       1,255         4500-4999       136       -       136         5000+       16       -       16	BIRTH WEIGHT(GRAMS)			
1000-1499       565       1       566         1500-1999       1,135       1       1,136         2000-2499       3,868       7       3,875         2500-2999       14,251       34       14,285         3000-3499       18,624       48       18,672         3500-3999       7,667       29       7,696         4000-4499       1,251       4       1,255         4500-4999       136       -       136         5000+       16       -       16	<500	49	-	49
1500-1999       1,135       1       1,136         2000-2499       3,868       7       3,875         2500-2999       14,251       34       14,285         3000-3499       18,624       48       18,672         3500-3999       7,667       29       7,696         4000-4499       1,251       4       1,255         4500-4999       136       -       136         5000+       16       -       16	500-999	278	-	278
2000-2499       3,868       7       3,875         2500-2999       14,251       34       14,285         3000-3499       18,624       48       18,672         3500-3999       7,667       29       7,696         4000-4499       1,251       4       1,255         4500-4999       136       -       136         5000+       16       -       16	1000-1499	565	1	566
2500-2999       14,251       34       14,285         3000-3499       18,624       48       18,672         3500-3999       7,667       29       7,696         4000-4499       1,251       4       1,255         4500-4999       136       -       136         5000+       16       -       16	1500-1999	1,135	1	1,136
3000-3499       18,624       48       18,672         3500-3999       7,667       29       7,696         4000-4499       1,251       4       1,255         4500-4999       136       -       136         5000+       16       -       16	2000-2499	3,868	7	3,875
3500-3999       7,667       29       7,696         4000-4499       1,251       4       1,255         4500-4999       136       -       136         5000+       16       -       16	2500-2999	14,251	34	14,285
4000-4499       1,251       4       1,255         4500-4999       136       -       136         5000+       16       -       16	3000-3499	18,624	48	18,672
<b>4500-4999</b> 136 - <b>136</b> 5000+ 16 - <b>16</b>	3500-3999	7,667	29	7,696
<b>5000+</b> 16 - <b>16</b>	4000-4499	1,251	4	1,255
	4500-4999	136	-	136
<b>Not Stated</b> 498 2 <b>500</b>	5000+	16	-	16
	Not Stated	498	2	500
	Total	48,338	126	48,464

Table B9: Live Bi	rths B	y Wei	ght An	d Gest	ationa	l Period	d- 2022				
				Gest	ational p	eriod (we	eks)				
	<20	20-21	22-27	28-31	32-35	36	37-41	42+	Not Stated	Total	
BIRTH WEIGHT(GRAMS)											
<500	1	-	3	2	4	1	30	3	5	49	
500-999	3	2	177	69	11	4	1	-	11	278	
1000-1499	5	-	75	287	140	16	14	-	29	566	
1500-1999	-	2	18	199	570	104	170	11	62	1,136	
2000-2499	1	-	9	74	946	535	2,105	45	160	3,875	
2500-2999	2	-	3	67	835	1,055	11,429	421	473	14,285	
3000-3499	2	-	7	40	359	508	16,345	925	486	18,672	
3500-3999	1	-	2	9	59	124	6,753	547	201	7,696	
4000-4499	-	-	-	-	10	9	1,063	141	32	1,255	
4500-4999	-	-	-	-	-	1	115	16	4	136	
5000+	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	2	-	16	
Not Stated	1	-	-	4	10	6	191	8	280	500	
Total	16	4	294	751	2,944	2,363	38,230	2,119	1,743	48,464	

Table B10:	Live Bi	rths By	Weigh	t And A	ge Of M	lother-2	2022						
					Ag	e of Moth	er						
	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	60-64	Not Stated	Total	
BIRTH WEIGH	BIRTH WEIGHT(GRAMS)												
<b>&lt;500</b> - 4 13 9 13 6 2 1 1													
500-999	1	37	67	72	52	36	13	-	-	-	-	278	
1000-1499	5	78	139	111	102	94	30	-	-	-	7	566	
1500-1999	-	145	266	254	216	174	66	9	-	-	6	1,136	
2000-2499	8	516	877	849	737	594	247	22	1	-	24	3,875	
2500-2999	14	1,685	3,642	3,266	2,717	2,058	747	45	5	1	105	14,285	
3000-3499	22	1,849	4,455	4,877	3,822	2,626	857	62	1	-	101	18,672	
3500-3999	5	537	1,651	2,063	1,743	1,273	366	22	1	-	35	7,696	
4000-4499	-	52	235	301	335	246	70	8	-	-	8	1,255	
4500-4999	-	3	12	39	45	28	7	1	-	-	1	136	
5000+	-	-	1	2	6	6	1	-	-	-	-	16	
Not Stated	-	48	135	119	84	69	28	2	1	-	14	500	
Total	55	4,954	11,493	11,962	9,872	7,210	2,434	172	9	1	302	48,464	

			Mother's level o	f education		
	None	Primary	Secondary	Post Secondary	Higher	Total
BIRTH WEIGHT(GRAM	IS)					
<500	-	5	31	6	7	49
500-999	3	24	179	34	38	278
1000-1499	7	73	352	81	53	566
1500-1999	27	134	681	130	164	1,136
2000-2499	93	469	2,382	419	512	3,875
2500-2999	261	1,535	8,818	1,639	2,032	14,285
3000-3499	218	1,850	11,187	2,283	3,134	18,672
3500-3999	75	699	4,355	1,096	1,471	7,696
4000-4499	9	104	651	202	289	1,255
4500-4999	2	13	63	23	35	136
5000+	-	1	9	-	6	16
Not Stated	48	122	244	45	41	500
Total	743	5,029	28,952	5,958	7,782	48,464

		Time Lapse	d	
	Same Day	1-60 Days	61-365 Days	Tota
DISTRICT OF BIRTH				
Gaborone	3,286	4,900	30	8,21
Francistown	3,889	2,022	11	5,92
Lobatse	126	923	2	1,05
Selibe Phikwe	254	1,113	7	1,37
Orapa	426	246	-	67
Jwaneng	119	906	1	1,02
Sowa	-	5	-	
Ngwaketse	878	477	36	1,39
Barolong	153	292	3	44
Ngwaketse West	87	36	8	13
South East	410	1,592	6	2,00
Kweneng East	4,870	541	24	5,43
Kweneng West	232	67	1	30
Kgatleng	1,955	149	4	2,10
Central Serowe	2,439	1,416	19	3,87
Central Mahalapye	2,225	498	6	2,72
Central Bobonong	825	198	6	1,02
Central Boteti	1,053	232	3	1,28
Central Tutume	981	873	24	1,87
North East	208	224	4	43
Ngamiland East	2,735	347	9	3,09
Ngamiland West	834	431	33	1,29
Chobe	420	63	-	48
Ghanzi	704	420	29	1,15
Kgalagadi South	242	430	3	67
Kgalagadi North	348	94	1	44
Total	29,699	18,495	270	48,46

Table B13: Time Lapsed By	District Of U	sual Resid	ence - 2022	
		Time Lapsed		
	Same Day	1-60 Days	61-365 Days	Total
USUAL RESIDENCE				
Gaborone	1,252	1,272	10	2,534
Francistown	1,124	496	5	1,625
Lobatse	94	354	2	450
Selibe Phikwe	121	432	1	554
Orapa	75	47	-	122
Jwaneng	27	182	-	209
Sowa	16	18	-	34
Ngwaketse	1,447	1,749	32	3,228
Barolong	402	794	6	1,202
Ngwaketse West	277	343	9	629
South East	453	1,259	9	1,721
Kweneng East	4,510	1,662	27	6,199
Kweneng West	882	235	3	1,120
Kgatleng	1,891	521	6	2,418
Central Serowe	2,910	1,924	29	4,863
Central Mahalapye	2,492	987	10	3,489
Central Bobonong	1,141	854	10	2,005
Central Boteti	1,409	488	4	1,901
Central Tutume	2,583	1,789	22	4,394
North East	1,050	658	9	1,717
Ngamiland East	2,278	400	11	2,689
Ngamiland West	974	436	29	1,439
Chobe	424	103	-	527
Ghanzi	713	421	29	1,163
Kgalagadi South	314	516	3	833
kgalagadi North	359	144	1	504
Other Countries	481	411	3	895
Total	29,699	18,495	270	48,464

Table B14: Live Birth	ns By Time Laps	sed And Mother	r's Age Group - 2	022
		Time Lapsed		Total
	Same Day	1-60 Days	61-365 Days	
AGE GROUP				
10-14	36	19	-	55
15-19	3,204	1,731	19	4,954
20-24	7,417	4,007	69	11,493
25-29	7,359	4,527	76	11,962
30-34	5,859	3,967	46	9,872
35-39	4,148	3,019	43	7,210
40-44	1,415	1,006	13	2,434
45-49	104	65	3	172
50-54	7	2	-	9
60-64	1	-	-	1
Not Stated	149	152	1	302
Total	29,699	18,495	270	48,464

**Special License** 

**Total** 

112

5,591

131

6,677

82

6,051

13

6,203

35

5,489

71

6,097

36

6,518

21

7,631

26

5,642

Table M	12: Age I	n Com	binatio	n At Ma	rriage <sup>-</sup>	Time-20	22							
						Bride	's age							
	18-20	21-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75+	Total
GROOM'S	AGE													
18-20	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
21-24	1	16	8	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
25-29	9	90	240	61	13	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	420
30-34	1	49	357	405	66	12	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	894
35-39	1	27	199	435	404	71	10	1	-	1	-	-	-	1,149
40-44	-	9	105	279	368	253	55	5	-	-	-	-	-	1,074
45-49	-	3	36	92	188	249	121	26	5	1	-	-	-	721
50-54	-	-	9	33	79	135	135	55	14	1	-	-	-	461
55-59	-	-	4	8	29	75	79	88	51	8	1	1	-	344
60-64	-	-	2	1	13	33	45	57	44	24	4	1	1	225
65-69	-	-	2	4	1	8	15	29	40	38	13	2	-	152
70-74	-	-	1	-	-	4	8	8	17	19	14	10	-	81
75+	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	10	12	26	22	12	90
Total	12	195	963	1,321	1,163	846	475	275	181	104	58	36	13	5,642

Table M3	: Age At T	he Time	Of Marria	ge By Pre	vious M	larital Sta	tus And S	ex-2022	
	Grooms pr	evious mari	tal status			Bride's pı	evious marit	al status	
	Bachelor	Divorcee	Widower	Total		Spinster	Divorcee	Widow	
Age group									
18-20	1	-	-	1		12	-	-	
21-24	30	-	-	30		195	-	-	
25-29	417	3	-	420		961	2	-	
30-34	887	6	1	894		1,308	13	-	
35-39	1,113	35	1	1,149		1,135	25	3	
40-44	1,028	42	4	1,074		806	40	-	
45-49	645	66	10	721		440	31	4	
50-54	389	61	11	461		250	17	8	
55-59	277	54	13	344		165	11	5	
60-64	174	26	25	225		94	8	2	
65-69	122	20	10	152		56	=	2	
70-74	71	7	3	81		36	Η.	-	
75+	77	9	4	90		12	-	1	
Total	5,231	329	82	5,642		5,470	147	25	
Percent	92.7	5.8	1.5	100.0		97.0	2.6	0.4	

						Groom	ı's Age gı	roup						
	18-20	21-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75+	Tota
USUAL RESIDENCE														
Gaborone	-	11	93	194	221	160	106	53	33	15	11	3	3	90
Francistown	-	-	28	51	72	62	27	23	12	6	2	3	1	28'
Lobatse	-	-	2	12	10	14	12	9	4	2	-	1	-	60
S\Phikwe	-	-	7	24	22	26	14	9	8	-	3	-	3	110
Orapa	-	-	2	3	16	9	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	33
Jwaneng	-	-	7	29	34	33	11	6	4	-	1	-	-	12!
Sowa	-	-	2	1	3	6	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	10
Southern	-	-	15	29	50	57	42	40	33	28	16	11	12	333
Borolong	-	-	7	6	10	22	15	15	8	4	8	8	4	10
Ngwaketse West	-	-	3	4	3	18	10	6	1	1	-	3	-	49
South East	-	1	35	64	59	59	34	20	10	10	5	4	4	30!
Kweneng East	1	9	66	140	157	152	126	69	48	45	24	9	16	862
Kweneng West	-	-	12	24	29	30	32	18	15	13	12	11	6	202
Kgatleng	-	1	16	39	54	52	46	24	17	13	13	-	4	279
C.Serowe\Palapye	-	3	24	57	84	86	45	26	33	19	11	3	4	395
C. Mahalapye	-	1	8	20	35	33	28	20	19	16	13	7	11	21
C. Bobonong	-	-	4	9	20	19	16	13	6	7	2	3	6	10!
C. Boteti	-	1	16	37	48	38	15	10	8	7	3	3	1	187
C.Tutume	-	1	9	25	39	40	31	20	17	9	10	5	6	212
North East	-	1	7	18	25	17	12	13	8	6	5	2	4	118
Ngamilang East	-	1	21	38	56	54	32	24	13	12	3	3	1	258
Ngamiland West	-	-	5	9	11	16	16	11	12	1	2	1	1	85
Chobe	-	-	7	13	13	15	8	7	2	-	-	-	-	65
Ghanzi	-	-	11	12	23	23	14	8	12	3	3	-	1	110
Kgalagadi South	-	-	-	4	2	6	3	2	5	1	-	-	-	23
Kgalagadi North	-	-	6	18	29	16	12	5	8	2	2	1	2	10
Other countries	-	-	7	14	24	11	10	9	5	5	3	-	-	88
Total	1	30	420	894	1,149	1,074	721	461	344	225	152	81	90	5,642

						Bride'	s age gr	oup						
	18-20	21-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75+	Total
USUAL RESIDENCE														
Gaborone	4	38	203	256	161	120	55	27	15	5	3	1	-	888
Francistown	1	11	59	68	67	42	16	4	2	3	-	-	-	273
Lobatse	-	3	7	17	13	9	7	2	5	-	-	-	-	63
S\Phikwe	-	3	19	29	23	18	10	5	3	1	-	1	1	113
Orapa	-	1	5	7	7	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Jwaneng	-	1	16	22	20	10	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	72
Sowa	-	2	3	2	1	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	12
Southern	2	5	47	88	72	67	54	29	19	21	2	4	3	413
Borolong	1	2	12	19	28	20	19	3	12	-	4	2	2	124
Ngwaketse West	-	3	7	10	11	10	7	2	2	2	-	-	-	54
South East	1	14	75	95	62	44	21	14	7	4	5	-	-	342
Kweneng East	-	42	151	179	170	116	73	61	20	17	10	6	1	846
Kweneng West	-	1	23	25	30	26	25	12	12	6	8	7	1	176
Kgatleng	-	7	61	60	62	48	30	15	9	5	-	2	-	299
C.Serowe\Palapye	-	11	57	94	105	68	31	17	20	5	4	1	1	414
C. Mahalapye	-	5	26	28	44	40	17	15	8	16	8	4	2	213
C. Bobonong	-	3	13	29	25	26	9	6	5	5	-	2	1	124
C. Boteti	1	8	29	43	39	23	8	6	4	-	3	1	-	165
C.Tutume	1	7	23	48	50	26	17	15	10	4	4	4	-	209
North East	-	6	23	23	23	17	11	6	2	3	3	1	-	118
Ngamilang East	-	4	44	72	56	45	21	8	9	1	1	-	1	262
Ngamiland West	-	5	10	21	20	14	14	3	2	2	1	-	-	92
Chobe	-	2	12	23	23	8	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	74
Ghanzi	-	5	19	19	18	18	7	10	2	2	-	-	-	100
Kgalagadi South	_	-	3	10	5	2	7	1	5	-	_	_	-	33
Kgalagadi North	1	4	12	18	22	21	7	8	4	2	2	-	-	101
Other countries	_	2	4	16	6	3	2	2	2	_	_	_	_	37
Total	12	195	963	1,321	1,163	846	475	275	181	104	58	36	13	5,642

						Bride's Mari	ital Status		
Year of Marriage	Grooms Marital Status	Total	Percent	Spinster	Percent	Divorced	Percent	Widowed	Percent
2014	Bachelor	5,068	90.6	4,947	91.9	94	57	27	64.
	Divorced	401	7.2	331	6.1	62	37.6	8	19
	Widowed	122	2.2	106	2.0	9	5.5	7	16.'
	Total	5,591	100	5,384	100	165	100.0	42	100.0
2015	Bachelor	6,008	90	5,868	91.4	101	54.3	39	55.
	Divorced	482	7.2	398	6.2	65	34.9	19	27
	Widowed	187	2.8	155	2.4	20	10.8	12	17
	Total	6,677	100	6,421	100	186	100.0	70	100.
				,					
2016	Bachelor	5,496	90.8	5,363	92.1	97	56.1	36	64.
	Divorced	395	6.5	322	5.5	62	35.8	11	19.
	Widowed	160	2.6	137	2.4	14	8.1	9	16
	Total	6,051	100.0	5,822	100	173	100	56	10
2017	Bachelor	5,802	93.5	5,679	93.8	90	78.9	33	91.
	Divorced	299	4.8	279	4.6	18	15.8	2	5
	Widowed	102	1.6	95	1.6	6	5.3	1	2
	Total	6,203	100.0	6,053	100.0	114	100.0	36	100.
2018	Bachelor	4,958	90.3	4,836	91.9	93	50.8	29	63.
	Divorced	428	7.8	349	6.6	69	37.7	10	21.
	Widowed	103	1.9	75	1.4	21	11.5	7	15
	Total	5,489	100.0	5,260	100.0	183	100.0	46	100.
2019	Bachelor	5,461	89.6	5,317	90.8	114	59.7	30	60.
	Divorced	493	8.1	415	7.1	65	34.0	13	26.
	Widowed	143	2.3	124	2.1	12	6.3	7	14.
	Total	6,097	100.0	5,856	100.0	191	100.0	50	100.
2020	Bachelor	5,963	91.5	5,839	92.6	96	56.5	28	68
	Divorced	425	6.5	358	5.7	61	35.9	6	14.
	Widowed	130	2.0	110	1.7	13	7.6	7	17
	Total	6,518	100.0	6,307	100.0	170	100.0	41	100.
2021	Bachelor	7,007	91.8	6,891	93.1	98	53.3	18	42
	Divorced	495	6.5	404	5.5	73	39.7	18	42
	Widowed	129	1.7	110	1.5	13	7.1	6	14
	Total	7,631	100.0	7,405	100.0	184	100.0	42	100.
2022	Bachelor	5,231	92.7	5,119	93.6	96	65.3	16	64.
	Divorced	329	5.8	277	5.1	46	31.3	6	24.
	Widowed	82	1.5	74	1.4	5	3.4	3	12.
	Total	5,642	100.0	5,470	100.0	147	100.0	25	100

Table D1: Deaths By [						
		District of de			ct of usual re	
District	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total
Gaborone	1,062	1,107	2,169	322	365	687
Francistown	707	779	1,486	218	216	434
Lobatse	93	95	188	67	66	133
Selibe Phikwe	94	85	179	77	70	147
Orapa	10	14	24	4	5	9
Jwaneng	51	47	98	10	17	27
Sowa	2	-	2	2	2	4
Ngwaketse	483	590	1,073	585	653	1,238
Barolong	95	117	212	214	249	463
Ngwaketse west	19	27	46	55	71	126
South East	197	194	391	216	243	459
Kweneng East	763	832	1,595	834	947	1,781
Kweneng West	90	90	180	173	173	346
Kgatleng	303	365	668	369	408	777
Serowe/Palapye	594	602	1,196	729	760	1,489
Central Mahalapye	395	482	877	459	530	989
Central Bobonong	211	195	406	302	274	576
Central Boteti	183	202	385	214	240	454
Central Tutume	330	379	709	611	622	1,233
North East	146	124	270	253	246	499
Ngamiland East	315	354	669	310	367	677
Ngamiland West	181	205	386	191	229	420
Chobe	50	40	90	59	40	99
Ghanzi	138	187	325	159	221	380
Kgalagadi South	72	124	196	81	129	210
Kgalagadi North	52	52	104	74	64	138
Other Countries				48	81	129
Total	6,636	7,288	13,924	6,636	7,288	13,924

Table D2a: Death	s By Tim	e Of Occı	arrence A	And Distr	ict Of Dea	th-2022			
	Cı	ırrent Death	s	Deaths	from previo	us years	All	registerd de	aths
	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total
DISTRICT OF DEATH									
Gaborone	1,062	1,107	2,169	15	49	64	1,077	1,156	2,233
Francistown	707	779	1,486	14	48	62	721	827	1,548
Lobatse	93	95	188	6	8	14	99	103	202
Selibe Phikwe	94	85	179	12	17	29	106	102	208
Orapa	10	14	24	-	2	2	10	16	26
Jwaneng	51	47	98	3	2	5	54	49	103
Sowa	2	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	2
Ngwaketse	483	590	1,073	69	135	204	552	725	1,277
Barolong	95	117	212	15	17	32	110	134	244
Ngwaketse west	19	27	46	-	1	1	19	28	47
South East	197	194	391	11	44	55	208	238	446
Kweneng East	763	832	1,595	111	223	334	874	1,055	1,929
Kweneng West	90	90	180	17	13	30	107	103	210
Kgatleng	303	365	668	31	54	85	334	419	753
Serowe/Palapye	594	602	1,196	52	100	152	646	702	1,348
Central Mahalapye	395	482	877	80	157	237	475	639	1,114
Central Bobonong	211	195	406	42	109	151	253	304	557
Central Boteti	183	202	385	19	35	54	202	237	439
Central Tutume	330	379	709	55	74	129	385	453	838
North East	146	124	270	13	25	38	159	149	308
Ngamiland East	315	354	669	31	39	70	346	393	739
Ngamiland West	181	205	386	13	29	42	194	234	428
Chobe	50	40	90	15	25	40	65	65	130
Ghanzi	138	187	325	15	26	41	153	213	366
Kgalagadi South	72	124	196	4	6	10	76	130	206
Kgalagadi North	52	52	104	16	22	38	68	74	142
Total	6,636	7,288	13,924	659	1,260	1,919	7,295	8,548	15,843

Table D2b: Death									
		urrent Deat			from previou			registerd dea	
	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Tota
DISTRICT OF DEATH									
Gaborone	322	365	687	2	16	18	324	381	705
Francistown	218	216	434	4	13	17	222	229	45
Lobatse	67	66	133	3	2	5	70	68	138
Selibe Phikwe	77	70	147	3	4	7	80	74	154
Orapa	4	5	9	-	1	1	4	6	10
Jwaneng	10	17	27	1	-	1	11	17	28
Sowa	2	2	4	-	-	-	2	2	4
Ngwaketse	585	653	1,238	58	133	191	643	786	1,429
Barolong	214	249	463	35	42	77	249	291	540
Ngwaketse west	55	71	126	-	1	1	55	72	127
South East	216	243	459	11	41	52	227	284	511
Kweneng East	834	947	1,781	110	218	328	944	1,165	2,109
Kweneng West	173	173	346	20	16	36	193	189	382
Kgatleng	369	408	777	35	62	97	404	470	874
Serowe/Palapye	729	760	1,489	60	114	174	789	874	1,663
Central Mahalapye	459	530	989	72	164	236	531	694	1,225
Central Bobonong	302	274	576	53	119	172	355	393	748
Central Boteti	214	240	454	16	37	53	230	277	507
Central Tutume	611	622	1,233	61	86	147	672	708	1,380
North East	253	246	499	14	34	48	267	280	547
Ngamiland East	310	367	677	37	40	77	347	407	754
Ngamiland West	191	229	420	14	32	46	205	261	466
Chobe	59	40	99	14	26	40	73	66	139
Ghanzi	159	221	380	18	26	44	177	247	424
Kgalagadi South	81	129	210	7	7	14	88	136	224
Kgalagadi North	74	64	138	9	20	29	83	84	167
Other countries	48	81	129	2	6	8	50	87	137
Care of an arrange	PO	O1	.23	2			30	37	137
Total	6,636	7,288	13,924	659	1,260	1,919	7,295	8,548	15,843

Table D3: Registered Current Deaths E	By Age And	Sex 2022	
	Male	Female	Total
Neo Natals (<7 days)	222	246	468
Late Neonatal (7-27 days)	63	78	141
Post Neonatals (28 364 days)	217	221	438
<1	502	545	1,047
1-4	113	149	262
5-9	51	61	112
10-14	46	68	114
15-19	67	100	167
20-24	99	204	303
25-29	171	275	446
30-34	222	317	539
35-39	336	394	730
40-44	333	436	769
45-49	358	504	862
50-54	304	416	720
55-59	311	450	761
60-64	378	526	904
65-69	421	552	973
70-74	446	544	990
75-79	452	433	885
80-84	529	474	1,003
85-89	483	353	836
90-94	531	299	830
95-99	324	124	448
100+	159	64	223
Total	6,636	7,288	13,924

Table D4: Deaths By District Of Usua	l Residence And Di	strict Of Death - 202	22
	Same Districts	Other Districts	Total
USUAL RESIDENCE			
Gaborone	564	123	687
Francistown	387	47	434
Lobatse	92	41	133
Selibe Phikwe	103	44	147
Orapa	5	4	9
Jwaneng	12	15	27
Sowa	1	3	4
Ngwaketse	870	368	1,238
Barolong	196	267	463
Ngwaketse west	45	81	126
South East	300	159	459
Kweneng East	1,237	544	1,781
Kweneng West	168	178	346
Kgatleng	606	171	777
Serowe/Palapye	1,116	373	1,489
Central Mahalapye	781	208	989
Central Bobonong	370	206	576
Central Boteti	332	122	454
Central Tutume	661	572	1,233
North East	238	261	499
Ngamiland East	567	110	677
Ngamiland West	335	85	420
Chobe	78	21	99
Ghanzi	302	78	380
Kgalagadi South	169	41	210
Kgalagadi North	86	52	138
Other Countries	_	129	129
Total	9,621	4,303	13,924

Table D5	: Age Specifi	c Death Rat	es - 2022		
	2022 P	opulation Proje	ection		
	Males	Females	Total	Deaths	ASDR
AGE GROUP	P				
0-4	120,386	118,581	238,967	1,309	5.48
5-9	119,651	118,300	237,951	112	0.47
10-14	118,578	116,647	235,225	114	0.48
15-19	108,929	107,103	216,032	167	0.77
20-24	104,594	102,946	207,540	303	1.46
25-29	105,153	105,780	210,933	446	2.11
30-34	98,053	102,932	200,985	539	2.68
35-39	101,195	105,758	206,953	730	3.53
40-44	83,836	85,052	168,888	769	4.55
45-49	67,081	65,726	132,807	862	6.49
50-54	47,328	49,478	96,806	720	7.44
55-59	36,220	43,225	79,445	761	9.58
60-64	27,847	35,297	63,144	904	14.32
65-69	21,820	27,813	49,633	973	19.60
70-74	14,516	18,150	32,666	990	30.31
75-79	9,349	13,005	22,354	885	39.59
80-84	8,905	13,513	22,418	1,003	44.74
Total	1,193,440	1,229,114	2,422,554	11,587	4.78

**NB:** Age group 85+ is not included in this table hence the total of 11,587 deaths compared to 13,924 deaths in other tables

	Health Facility	Percent	Home	Percent	Total
Female	3,117	47.0	3,519	53.0	6,636
Male	3,357	46.1	3,931	53.9	7,288
	6,474	46.5	7,450	53.5	13,924
	Female	Percent	Male	Percent	Total
<1	502	47.9	545	52.1	1,047
1-4	113	43.1	149	56.9	262
5-9	51	45.5	61	54.5	112
10-14	46	40.4	68	59.6	114
15-19	67	40.1	100	59.9	167
20-24	99	32.7	204	67.3	303
25-29	171	38.3	275	61.7	446
30-34	222	41.2	317	58.8	539
35-39	336	46.0	394	54.0	730
40-44	333	43.3	436	56.7	769
45-49	358	41.5	504	58.5	862
50-54	304	42.2	416	57.8	720
55-59	311	40.9	450	59.1	761
60-64	378	41.8	526	58.2	904
65-69	421	43.3	552	56.7	973
70-74	446	45.1	544	54.9	990
75-79	452	51.1	433	48.9	885
80-84	529	52.7	474	47.3	1,003
85-89	483	57.8	353	42.2	836
90-94	531	64.0	299	36.0	830
95-99	324	72.3	124	27.7	448
100+	159	71.3	64	28.7	223
Total	6,636		7,288		13,924

Table D7: Infant deaths by	y month of oc	currence and	Table D7: Infant deaths by month of occurrence and age of child -2022								
	<7days	7-28 days	29-365 days	Total	Percent						
MONTHS											
January	44	2	32	78	7.4						
February	29	13	35	77	7.4						
March	31	10	31	72	6.9						
April	38	11	40	89	8.5						
May	43	13	32	88	8.4						
June	54	10	47	111	10.6						
July	34	19	44	97	9.3						
August	46	12	34	92	8.8						
September	41	16	50	107	10.2						
October	39	13	30	82	7.8						
November	42	15	28	85	8.1						
December	27	7	35	69	6.6						
Total	468	141	438	1,047	100.0						

		1-28 days	1-11 Months	Total	Percen
DISTRICT OF USUAL RESIDENCE					
Gaborone	24	13	28	65	6.
Francistown	38	10	27	75	7.
Lobatse	8	4	6	18	1.
Selibe Phikwe	n	4	4	19	1.
Jwaneng	0	4	2	6	0.
Sowa	0	0	1	1	C
Ngwaketse	25	5	22	52	5.
Barolong	8	3	5	16	1
Ngwaketse west	3	0	1	4	0.
South East	17	5	10	32	3
Kweneng East	46	7	51	104	9
Kweneng West	3	1	4	8	0
Kgatleng	11	5	10	26	2
Serowe/Palapye	54	17	45	116	1
Central Mahalapye	30	12	27	69	6
Central Bobonong	16	5	16	37	3
Central Boteti	22	6	24	52	5
Central Tutume	55	17	56	128	12
North East	18	5	14	37	3
Ngamiland East	21	4	33	58	5
Ngamiland West	3	5	15	23	2
Chobe	8	1	4	13	1
Ghanzi	18	4	17	39	3
Kgalagadi South	11	1	6	18	1
Kgalagadi North	3	1	2	6	0
Other countries	15	2	8	25	2
Total	468	141	438	1,047	100

Table D9 : Deaths By Usual Place Of Residence And	Time Lapsed E	Before Registra	ntion - 2022
	Time	lapse	
	<1 Month	1 - 12 Months	Total
USUAL RESIDENCE			
Gaborone	678	9	687
Francistown	432	2	434
Lobatse	131	2	133
Selibe Phikwe	145	2	147
Orapa	8	1	9
Jwaneng	26	1	27
Sowa	4	-	4
Ngwaketse/Southern	1,231	7	1,238
Barolong	455	8	463
Ngwaketse West	124	2	126
South East	456	3	459
Kweneng East	1,768	13	1,781
Kweneng West	344	2	346
Kgatleng	768	9	777
C.Serowe/ Palapye	1,475	13	1,488
C.Mahalapye	986	3	989
C.Bobonong	573	3	576
C.Boteti	452	2	454
C.Tutume	1,221	12	1,233
North East	493	6	499
Ngamiland East	671	6	677
Ngamiland West	415	6	421
Chobe	98	1	99
Ghanzi	378	2	380
Kgalagadi South	208	2	210
Kgalagadi North	137	1	138
Other Countries	121	8	129
Total	13,798	126	13,924

Table D1	0a: Life table	(males) - :	2022			
Age(x)	M(x)	q(x)	l(x)	d(x)	L(x)	e(x)
0	0.023347	0.02287	100	2.287	97.96	72.26
1-4	0.000511	0.00204	97.713	199	390.37	72.95
5 - 9	0.000407	0.00203	97.514	198	487.072	69.1
10 - 14	0.000395	0.00197	97.315	192	486.097	64.23
15 - 19	0.000651	0.00325	97.124	315	484.829	59.35
20 - 24	0.00107	0.00534	96.808	516	482.749	54.54
25 - 29	0.001619	0.00806	96.292	776	479.518	49.82
30 - 34	0.002434	0.0121	95.515	1.155	474.689	45.2
35 - 39	0.003257	0.01616	94.36	1.524	467.99	40.73
40 - 44	0.004377	0.02165	92.836	2.01	459.155	36.35
45 - 49	0.005481	0.02703	90.826	2.455	447.992	32.1
50 - 54	0.007191	0.03532	88.371	3.121	434.05	27.92
55 - 59	0.00988	0.04821	85.249	4.11	415.973	23.86
60 - 64	0.014361	0.06932	81.14	5.624	391.637	19.94
65 - 69	0.022004	0.10428	75.515	7.875	357.889	16.24
70 - 74	0.034321	0.15804	67.64	10.69	311.476	12.83
75 - 79	0.055855	0.24506	56.95	13.956	249.861	9.77
80 - 84	0.094913	0.38355	42.994	16.491	173.745	7.14
85 - 89	0.165634	0.58566	26.504	15.522	93.713	5.02
90 - 94	0.299492	0.85631	10.982	9.404	31.399	3.58
95+	0.198276	1	1.578	1.578	7.958	5.04

Table D10b: Life table (females) - 2022									
Age(x)	M(x)	q(x)	l(x)	d(x)	L(x)	e(x)			
0	0.02581	0.02524	100	2.524	97.793	75.89			
1-4	0.00072	0.00287	97.476	279	389.201	76.85			
5 - 9	0.00049	0.00244	97.197	237	485.391	73.07			
10 - 14	0.00059	0.00297	96.96	288	484.079	68.24			
15 - 19	0.00101	0.00503	96.672	487	482.143	63.44			
20 - 24	0.00206	0.01027	96.185	988	478.457	58.74			
25 - 29	0.00267	0.01328	95.198	1.264	472.828	54.33			
30 - 34	0.0032	0.01587	93.934	1.49	465.942	50.03			
35 - 39	0.00401	0.01987	92.443	1.837	457.624	45.79			
40 - 44	0.0054	0.02663	90.606	2.413	446.998	41.67			
45 - 49	0.00811	0.03973	88.193	3.504	432.206	37.74			
50 - 54	0.00891	0.04357	84.689	3.69	414.221	34.2			
55 - 59	0.01113	0.05416	80.999	4.387	394.03	30.64			
60 - 64	0.01573	0.07566	76.613	5.797	368.572	27.25			
65 - 69	0.02101	0.09979	70.816	7.066	336.414	24.28			
70 - 74	0.03058	0.14202	63.75	9.054	296.113	21.7			
75 - 79	0.0357	0.16387	54.696	8.963	251.071	19.87			
80 - 84	0.05004	0.22237	45.733	10.169	203.239	18.28			
85 - 89	0.05789	0.25285	35.563	8.992	155.335	17.79			
90 - 94	0.07193	0.30482	26.571	8.099	112.607	17.96			
95+	0.05065	1	18.472	18.472	364.716	19.74			

**Age-specific death rate M(x):** The age-specific death rate represents the rate of death at a specific age. Here, M(0) is given as 0.02581. This means that out of 1000 individuals at age 0, approximately 25.81 are expected to die within the given time period.

**Probability of dying q(x):** Similar to the age-specific death rate, the probability of dying represents the likelihood of dying at a specific age. q(0) is given as 0.02524, which translates to approximately 2.524% chance of dying at age 0.

**Survivors at exact age I(x):** This indicates the number of individuals who have survived up to a specific age. I(0) is given as 100,000, meaning there are 100,000 individuals alive at the beginning of age interval 0.

**Number of deaths expected d(x):** This represents the expected number of deaths within a specific age interval. d(0) is given as 2524, indicating that within the age interval 0, it is expected that 2524 individuals will die.

**Person's years lived L(x):** This indicates the total number of years lived by individuals up to a specific age. L(0) is given as 97793, meaning individuals who have reached age 0 have collectively lived for 97,793 years.

**Period life expectancy e(x):** The period life expectancy represents the average number of years remaining for individuals alive at the beginning of a specific age interval. e(0), the life expectancy for males, is given as 75.89. This means that on average, males who are alive at age 0 can expect to live for an additional 75.89 years.

