

International Merchandise Trade Statistics

Monthly Digest- September 2025

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LIST OF ACRONYMS

CIF:	Cost, Insurance and Freight
EU:	European Union
FOB:	Free On Board
IMTS:	International Merchandise Trade Statistics
NES:	Not Elsewhere Specified
SACU:	Southern Africa Customs Union
SADC:	Southern Africa Development Community
UAE:	United Arab Emirates
UK:	United Kingdom
USA:	United States of America

PREFACE

International Merchandise Trade Statistics measure the flow of goods across national borders and can be used to spot emerging markets, gauge competition, and identify export and import opportunities. As a result, it is integral to the process of globalisation by keeping track of all exchanges of goods between trading partners. The transaction reflects the value of goods that add to (Imports) or subtract from (Exports), the stock of material resources of a country. Trade statistics continue to be one of the key indicators of economic performance and global competitiveness.

The monthly International Merchandise Trade Statistics are used extensively in the compilation of national accounts and balance of payments. Furthermore, these statistics are used by government institutions and other stakeholders for trade negotiations and other various purposes.

This publication outlines Botswana's monthly International Merchandise Trade Statistics (IMTS) for September 2025. The report provides summaries of international trade in goods, as shown in **Table 1.0.**, **Tables 2.1** and **2.2** show trade by Principal commodity groupings for imports and exports, respectively, whereas **Table 2.3** solely shows trade in diamonds. The direction of trade appears in **Table 3.1A** (imports) and **Table 3.2A** (total exports). Major trading partner countries by commodity groups, as a percentage of trade at region or country level, for the current period are presented in **Table 3.1B** for imports and **Table 3.2B** for exports. The top traded import and export commodities excluding diamonds for the month under review are presented in **Tables 4.1 & 4.2** respectively. This is to guide users on opportunities to produce commodities for import substitution or possible exportation.

Changes in data for the corresponding months in the current versus previous digests may be attributed to data from transactions that had deferred customs duty assessments or delayed customs processes. The data for such transactions would only be available at a later stage after customs duty assessments have been completed.

International trade statistics by mode of transport are collected for the active modes of transport (road, rail, air) through which goods are presumed to enter or leave the statistical territory of the country. Such data may be used to formulate transport policy, monitor international transport routes or assess the impact of international trade on the environment.

This publication also reflects the value of Goods in Transit. Transit trade is vital in facilitating economic transformation and regional trade, while contributing to the growth of employment, incomes, tax revenues, and directly to improving the balance of payments through export of services.

For more information, contact the Directorate of Stakeholder Relations at **3671300**. All Statistics Botswana publications are available on the website at www.statsbots.org.bw and at the Statistics Botswana Information Resource Centre (Head Office, Gaborone). I sincerely thank all stakeholders involved in the formulation of this monthly digest, for their continued support and feedback, as we strive to serve users of our products and services effectively.



Dr Khaufelo Raymond Lekobane
Statistician General
November 2025

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This International Merchandise Trade Statistics (IMTS) monthly digest provides a summary of trade statistics on Botswana's total imports and exports of goods for September 2025. International merchandise trade statistics records all goods which add to, or subtract from, the stock of material resources of a country by entering (as imports) or leaving (as exports) its economic territory.

In September 2025, Botswana imported goods valued at P7, 061.0 million, registering a rise of 2.0 percent from the revised August 2025 value of P6, 924.8 million. The leading import commodity groups were Machinery & Electrical Equipment, Fuel and Food, Beverages & Tobacco at 19.5 percent, 18.4 percent and 16.8 percent of the total, respectively. Chemicals & Rubber Products contributed 11.0 percent to total imports.

The main source of imports was the Southern African Customs Union (**SACU**) at 65.1 percent. Asia and the European Union (**EU**) accounted for 16.4 percent and 7.5 percent of total imports, respectively. At country level, South Africa was the main supplier of imports at 60.1 percent of the total, followed by China and Namibia at 8.3 percent and 4.1 percent, respectively. Mozambique and India contributed 3.4 percent and 3.2 percent in that order (**Table 3.1A**).

The value of Botswana exports in September 2025 amounted to P5, 157.3 million, marking a 6.0 percent decrease compared to the revised export value of P5, 483.7 million recorded for August 2025. Diamonds and Copper were the main contributors to total exports at 69.5 percent and 15.2 percent, in that sequence. Machinery & Electrical Equipment contributed 5.6 percent, followed by Salt & Soda Ash at 2.6 percent to the total export value.

Asia was the top destination for Botswana's exports during the period under review, accounting for 58.9 percent of total exports. The **SACU** and **EU** received 18.2 percent and 10.8 percent, respectively. At country level, Botswana's top export destinations were the United Arab Emirates (**UAE**), India and South Africa at 27.4 percent, 20.0 percent and 14.0 percent, of total exports, respectively (**Table 3.2A**). During the same period, Belgium received 10.8 percent, while Australia and China received 7.3 percent and 7.1 percent of Botswana's exports respectively.

In September 2025, imports representing 75.8 percent were transported into the country by Road, whereas those imported by Rail and Air accounted for 13.0 percent and 11.2 percent of total imports, respectively. Goods exported by Air accounted for 70.4 percent of total exports, while those transferred by Road and Rail represented 28.6 percent and 1.0 percent respectively (**Table B**).

Merchandise worth P20, 392.9 million transited through the country to various destinations during the period under review. Goods accounting for 54.2 percent transited through Martins Drift border post. Kazungula Bridge and Mamuno border posts handled 34.7 percent and 7.8 percent of goods in transit, respectively (**Table C1**). The top transiting goods were classified under Chapter 74 (Copper & articles thereof) at 48.5 percent. Goods under Chapter 27 (Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes) followed at 8.6 percent of all goods in transit (**Table C2**).



TOTAL TRADE

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1.0 Total Trade

Total merchandise trade refers to imports, domestic exports, re-exports and trade balance between countries or regions over a specific period. The discussions are based on September 2025, which is also referred to as the reference period, the period under review or the current month, throughout the digest.

1.1 Data Revision

The current monthly digest is based on preliminary figures with regard to the reference period. Revisions to the monthly trade statistics data are a standard practice necessary to allow for the incorporation of the additional and refined data that were not available at the previous release date, or when there are late customs duty assessments or processes. Revisions are made on a monthly basis when monthly data files are uploaded into the database, thereby enriching the information for previous months. In some instances, revisions are negligible, while notably significant in others.

The inclusion of additional data for the previous month, incorporated in September 2025, resulted in the upward revision to both trade flows for August 2025. A growth of 5.0 percent (P329.9 million) and 7.3 percent (P372.7 million) was recorded for imports and total exports for August 2025, respectively. **Table A** shows revised data comparing figures from the previous digest with those of the month under review.

Table A: Data Revision: July and August 2025 (Million Pula)

Period	As at August 2025 Digest (P Million)			As at September 2025 Digest (P Million)			Difference (P million)			Difference as %		
	Imports (CIF)	Total Exports	Trade Balance	Imports (CIF)	Total Exports	Trade Balance	Imports (CIF)	Total Exports	Trade Balance	Imports (CIF)	Total Exports	Trade Balance
July	6,539.3	7,490.4	951.1	6,667.8	7,491.7	823.9	128.5	1.3	(127.2)	2.0	0.0	(13.4)
Aug	6,594.9	5,111.0	(1,483.9)	6,924.8	5,483.7	(1,441.1)	329.9	372.7	42.8	5.0	7.3	(2.9)

() Denotes negative

1.2 Imports

Imports are valued at Cost, Insurance & Freight (CIF), the price includes the value of goods, insurance and freight costs required for delivering the commodities to the destination, but excludes customs or any other duties paid on arrival at the border of the importing country.

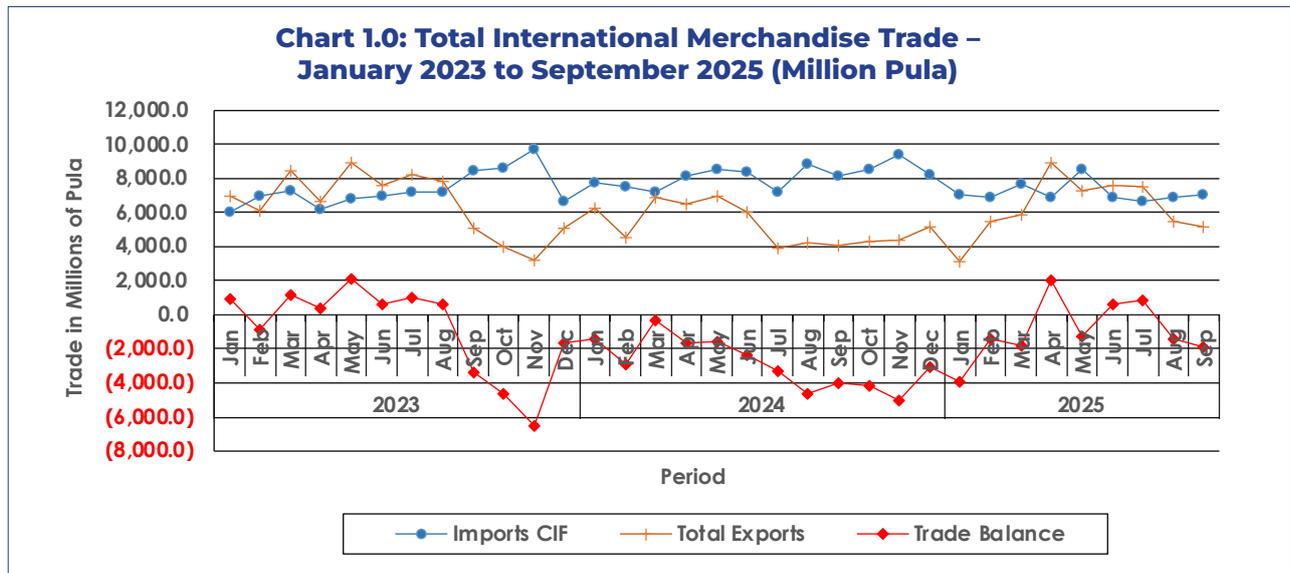
In September 2025, Botswana's total imports were valued at P7,061.0 million, registering a rise of 2.0 percent (P136.2 million) from the revised August 2025 figure of P6,924.8 million. The growth was driven by a significant increase in imports of Diamonds and Machinery & Electrical Equipment, by 83.3 percent (P318.0 million) and 21.8 percent (P245.7 million), respectively. The overall growth occurred despite notable contractions recorded in other principal commodity groups, such as Fuel and Vehicles & Transport Equipment, which declined by 15.8 percent (P244.1 million) and 26.4 percent (P155.0 million), respectively as shown on **Table 2.1**.

1.3 Total Exports

Botswana's exports declined by 6.0 percent (P326.4 million), from the revised August 2025 figure of P5,483.7 million to P5,157.3 million in September 2025. The decrease was mainly driven by Diamond and Copper exports which went down by 2.7 percent (P100.6 million) and 9.6 percent (P83.4 million) respectively as displayed in **Table 2.2**.

1.4 Trade Balance

In September 2025, Botswana recorded a trade deficit of P1, 903.7 million ([Table 1.0](#)). [Chart 1.0](#) displays the graphical presentation of the trade balance from January 2023 to September 2025.



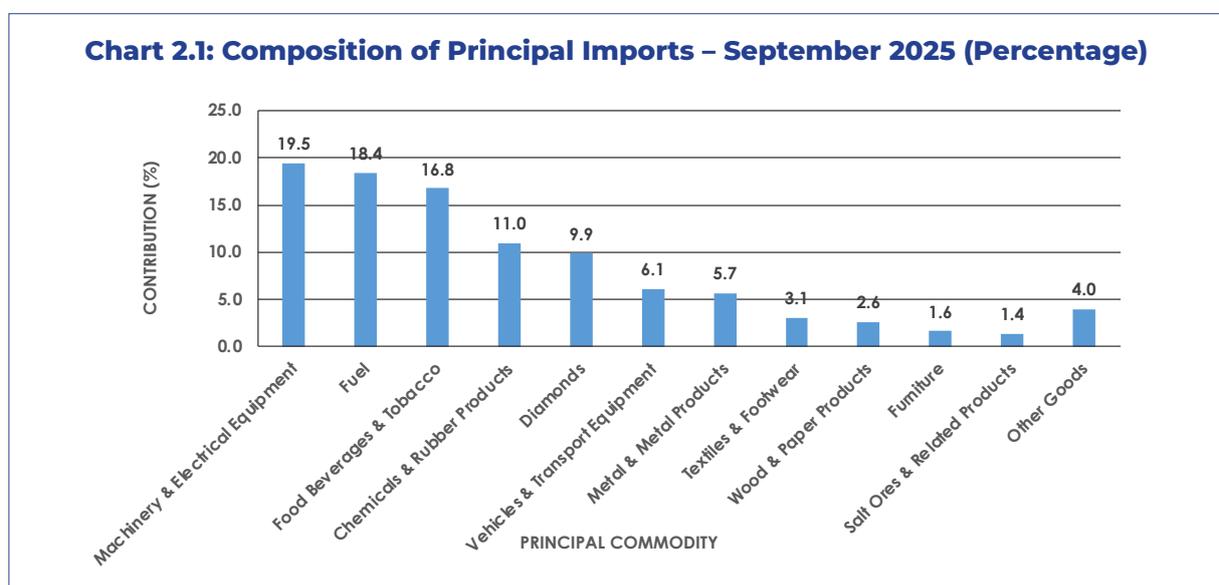
2.0 Trade by Principal Commodity Groups

Principal commodity groups refer to selections of related commodities grouped together to form major groups. Commodities forming a group may be of related chapters or commodities, for example 'Vehicles & Transport Equipment' combines vehicles and other equipment used for transport purposes.

In cases where it becomes a challenge to come up with further groups of related chapters or commodities, the remaining commodities are grouped together under the general category called 'Other'. This occurs when a commodity group's contribution to the total is minimal.

2.1 Principal Imports

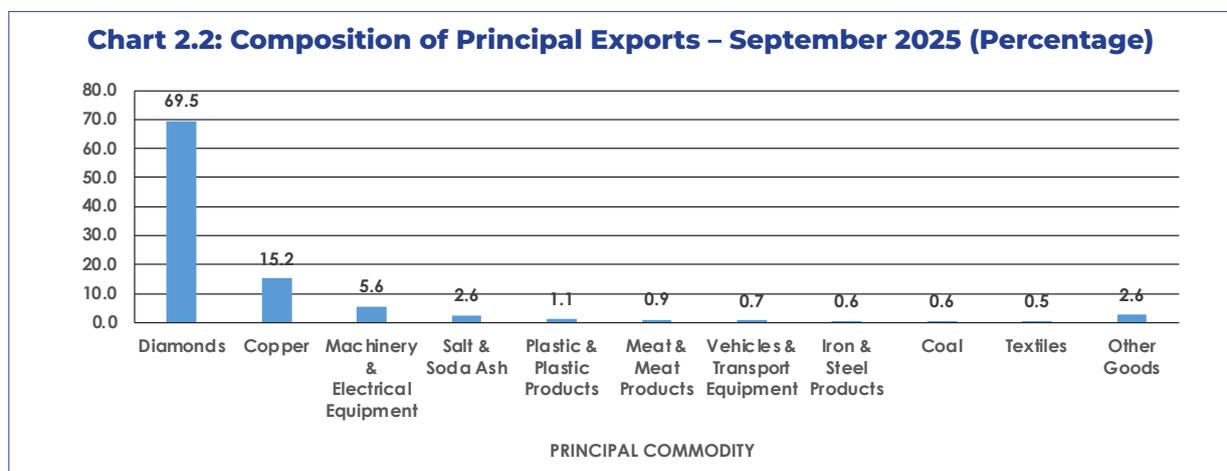
In September 2025, Botswana received imports valued at P7, 061.0 million. The leading imported commodity groups were Machinery & Electrical Equipment; Fuel and Food, Beverages & Tobacco. Machinery & Electrical Equipment was the largest contributor, accounting for 19.5 percent (P1, 373.9 million) of total imports, followed by Fuel and Food, Beverages & Tobacco at 18.4 percent (P1, 300.7 million) and 16.8 percent (P1, 184.2 million), respectively. Chemicals & Rubber Products contributed 11.0 percent (P774.6 million) to total imports. Contributions made by other commodity groups can be viewed in [Table 2.1](#) and [Chart 2.1](#).



Note: 'Other Goods' here includes any other goods not displayed as in [Table 2.1](#)

2.2 Principal Exports

In September 2025, Botswana exported merchandise valued at P5, 157.3 million to the external markets. Diamonds were the dominant export commodity group, accounting for 69.5 percent (P3, 582.4 million) of total exports. Copper and Machinery & Electrical Equipment followed with a contribution of 15.2 percent (P782.3 million) and 5.6 percent (P290.1 million) in that sequence. Salt & Soda Ash contributed 2.6 percent (P131.5 million) to total exports during the period under review. Contributions made by other commodity groups are presented in [Table 2.2](#) and [Chart 2.2](#).



Note: 'Other Goods' here includes any other goods not displayed as in [Table 2.2](#)

3.0 Direction of Trade

The direction of Trade analyses the value of merchandise trade disaggregated according to a country's primary trading partners. As a result the direction of trade outlines the last known destination for exports and sources of imports. Only major trading partners are considered individually, while smaller trading partners are grouped together under a general category. Trade by major partner countries, regions and principal commodity groups for imports and exports, during September 2025 appears in [Table 3.1 A](#) and [Table 3.2A](#), respectively. [Table 3.1B](#) (imports) and [Table 3.2B](#) (exports) show percentage distributions for major sources and destinations by principal commodity groups during the same month.

3.1 Principal Imports by Major Trading Partner Countries and Regions

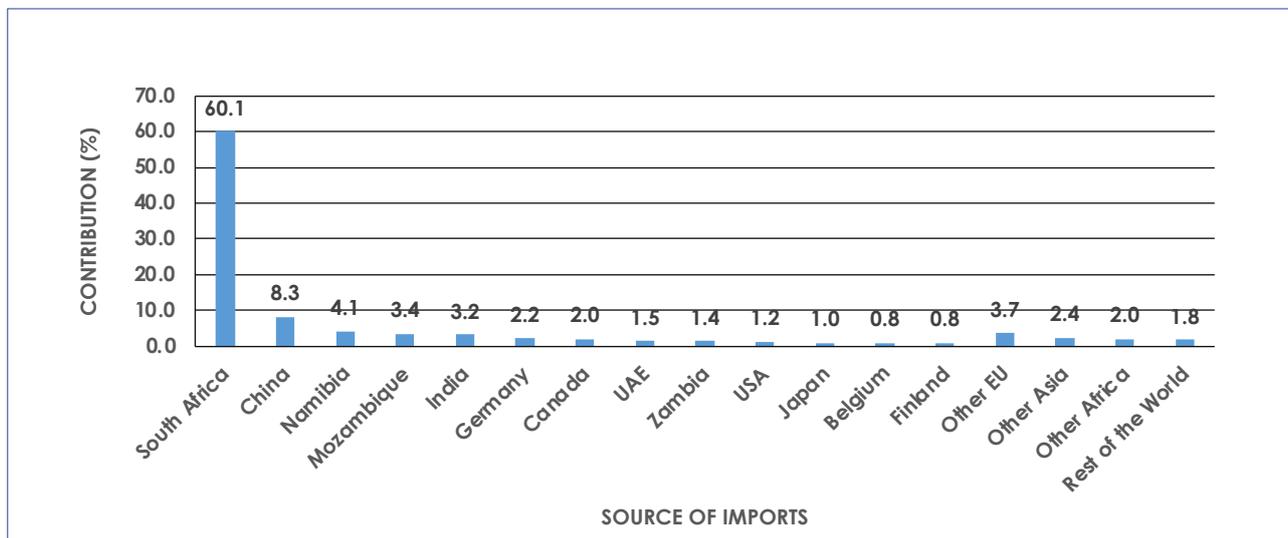
During the period under review, Botswana imported goods worth P7, 061.0 million, with the SACU region contributing largest share at 65.1 percent (P4, 593.6 million) to total imports. Food, Beverages & Tobacco; Fuel; Chemicals & Rubber Products and Machinery & Electrical Equipment were the most imported commodity groups from the customs union. Food, Beverages & Tobacco and Fuel accounted for 22.2 percent (P1, 019.9 million) and 21.8 percent (P999.2 million) in that sequence. Chemicals & Rubber Products and Machinery & Electrical Equipment followed with 11.4 percent (P525.8 million) and 11.1 percent (P508.8 million), respectively. Among the **SACU** member states, South Africa was the largest source of imports, accounting for 60.1 percent (P4, 246.6 million) of the total. Namibia was the second largest source, contributing 4.1 percent (P291.2 million) of total imports. These are displayed in [Table 3.1A](#) and [Table 3.1B](#).

In September 2025, Botswana imported goods amounting to P1, 154.6 million from Asia, accounting for 16.4 percent of the total imports. The main commodity groups imported from the region were Machinery & Electrical Equipment and Diamonds with contributions of 40.2 percent (P463.8 million) and 21.0 percent (P242.0 million) of total imports, respectively. Chemical & Rubber Products followed at 10.8 percent (P124.6 million). In Asia, China contributed highest at 8.3 percent (P583.7 million), followed by India, **UAE** and Japan at 3.2 percent (P228.9 million), 1.5 percent (P104.5 million) and 1.0 percent (P69.1 million) to total imports, respectively. Figures are shown in [Table 3.1A](#) and [Table 3.1B](#).

During the reference period, Botswana imported goods valued at P531.9 million from the **EU**, reflecting a 7.5 percent of total imports. Machinery & Electrical Equipment and Chemicals & Rubber Products, were the key commodity groups imported from the union at 49.3 percent (P262.0 million) and 17.4 percent (P92.3 million). Within the **EU** member states, Germany was the main source, with a contribution of 2.2 percent (P153.2 million) to the total imports ([Table 3.1A](#) and [Table 3.1B](#)).

Botswana imported goods valued at P242.0 million from Mozambique, representing 3.4 percent of total imports. Fuel was the dominant commodity, accounting for 95.9 percent (P232.0 million) of imports from that country. During the same period, Canada supplied imports worth P140.3 million accounting for 2.0 percent of total imports. The main commodity group supplied was Diamonds which constituted 88.0 percent (P123.4 million). Zambia supplied imports valued at P99.9million accounting for 1.4 percent of total imports during the month under review. Fuel (Electricity) was the main commodity group supplied at 42.2 percent (P42.1 million). Sources of imports during September 2025 can be viewed in [Table 3.1 A](#) and [Chart 3.1](#).

Chart 3.1: Imports by Major Trading Partner Countries & Regions – September 2025



'Rest of the World' includes all other Countries or Regions not specified as in Table 3.1A

3.2 Principal Exports by Major Trading Partner Countries and Regions

Botswana exported merchandise worth P5, 157.3 million in September 2025, with majority destined for Asian markets, followed by shares to **SACU** and Europe region.

In September 2025, Asia received 58.9 percent (P3, 038.8 million) of Botswana's total exports. Diamonds and Copper were the major commodity groups exported to the region, at 87.4 percent (P2, 656.4 million) and 12.1 percent (P366.2 million), respectively. Top export destinations within Asia were the **UAE**, India and China, which received 27.4 percent (P1, 411.0 million), 20.0 percent (P1, 030.6 million) and 7.1 percent (P366.2 million) of total exports, respectively. Diamonds was the primary export commodity group to both the **UAE** and India, accounting for 99.5 percent of total exports to each country, valued at P1, 404.4 million and P1, 025.7 million, respectively. Copper was the sole commodity exported to China, valued at P366.2 million, as displayed in [Table 3.2A](#) and [Table 3.2B](#)

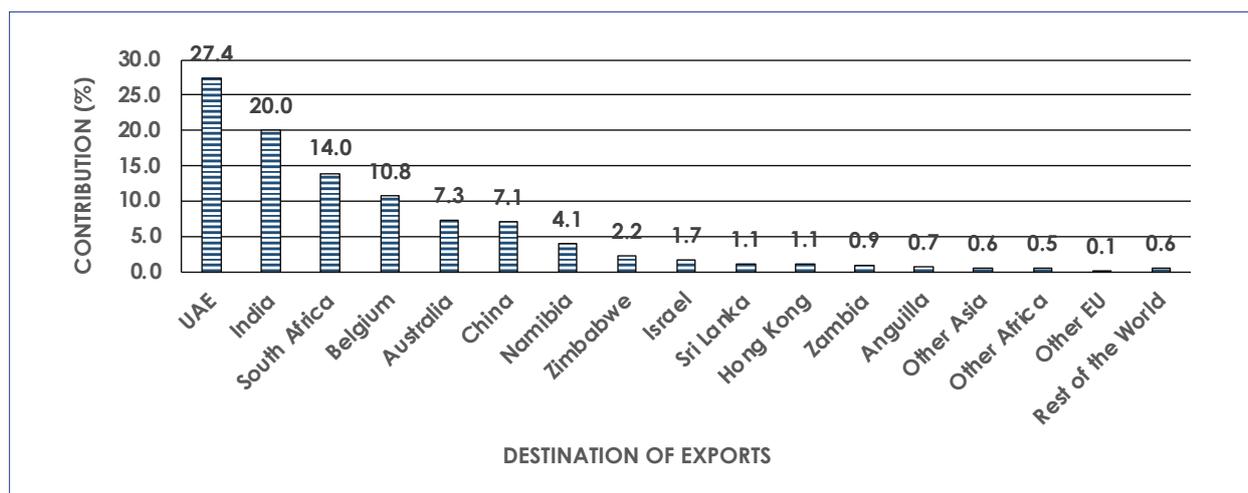
In September 2025, exports to the **SACU** region accounted for 18.2 percent (P938.2 million) of Botswana's total exports. The primary commodities exported to the customs union were Diamonds and Machinery & Electrical Equipment, contributing 37.2 percent (P349.1 million) and 26.3 percent (P246.5 million) in that order. Salt & Soda Ash followed at 11.3 percent (P105.9 million) of total exports to the regional block. Within **SACU**, South Africa was the main recipient of exports at 14.0 percent (P719.9 million) of total exports. Machinery & Electrical Equipment and Diamond were the key commodity groups exported to South Africa at 33.0 percent (P237.3 million) and 26.9 percent (P193.8 million), respectively, as in [Table 3.2A](#).

The EU received exports valued at P557.8 million, reflecting 10.8 percent of total exports. Diamonds was the main commodity group exported to the **EU**, valued at P554.9 million, representing 99.5 percent of total exports to the region. Belgium received most of the exports destined to the union, at 10.8 percent (P554.9 million) of total exports, which were only Diamonds, as displayed in [Table 3.2A](#) and [Table 3.2B](#)

During the month under review, Australia received exports worth P378.2 million, representing 7.3 percent of Botswana's total exports. Copper was the sole commodity exported to that country. Contributions made by other countries is presented in [Table 3.2A](#) and [Table 3.2B](#).

Rest of the World' includes all other Countries or Regions not specified as in Table 3.2

Chart 3.2: Exports by Major Trading Partner Countries & Regions – September 2025



Rest of the World' includes all other Countries or Regions not specified as in Table 3.2

4.0 Imports and Exports by Top imported and Exported Commodities

The top traded commodities for both import and export flows for September 2025 are summarized in Table 4.1 and Table 4.2, respectively. These tables highlight the most actively traded goods (excluding diamonds) to help users identify opportunities for import substitution, potential export expansion, and broader economic diversification.

4.1 Top 5 imported commodities (excluding Diamonds)

The country's top five imported commodities combined accounted for 22.4 percent (P1, 417.1 million) of total non-diamond imports. Distillate fuel was the leading import during the month under review, accounting for 9.9 percent (P625.3 million) of total non-diamond imports. Petrol and Electricity ranked second and third, with shares of 6.1 percent (P388.6 million) and 2.7 percent (P173.9 million), respectively. Photovoltaic cells assembled in modules or made up into panels ranked fourth, accounting for 2.0 percent (P126.1 million), while Other electric conductors followed in fifth place with a share of 1.6 percent (P103.2 million).

4.2 Top 5 Exported commodities (excluding Diamonds)

The country's top five exported commodities jointly accounted for 72.3 percent (P1, 138.3 million) of total non-diamond exports. Copper ores and concentrates was Botswana's leading export in September 2025, accounting for 49.7 percent (P782.3 million) of total non-diamond exports. Wiring sets used in Vehicles, aircrafts or ships ranked second, accounting for 9.7 percent (P153.4 million). Disodium carbonate and Other electric conductors fitted with connectors followed in third and fourth positions, with contributions of 6.7 percent (P105.7 million) and 3.3 percent (P52.4 million), respectively. Other frozen boneless meat of bovine animals completed the top five, with a share of 2.8 percent (P44.5 million).

5.0 Trade by Mode of Transport

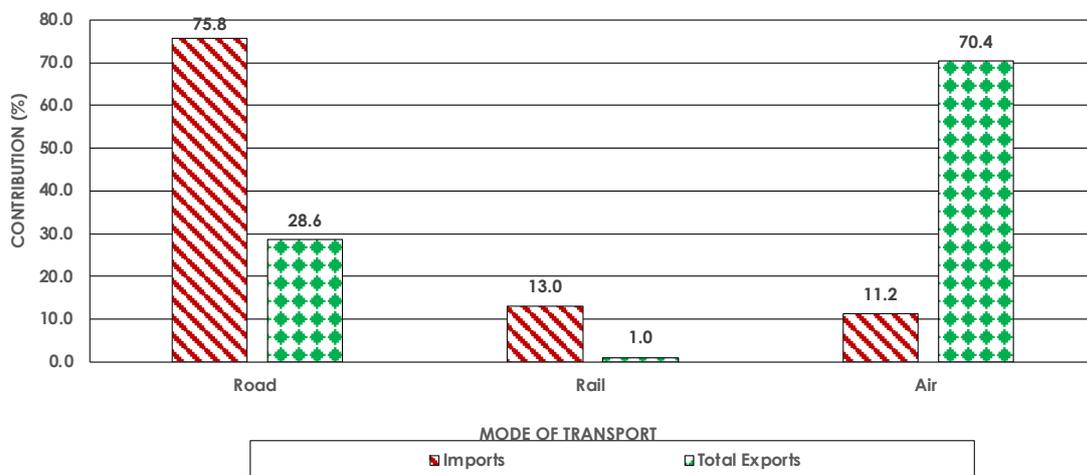
Trade by mode of transport refers to classification of trade activities based on the method of transportation used to move goods between countries or regions. This helps in understanding the flow of goods across borders and can provide insights into trade patterns, identifying bottlenecks and infrastructure needs and can be used as guidance in formulating transport policies. Active modes of transport mainly used in Botswana for movement of international merchandise trade are Air, Road and Rail. **Table B** presents statistics relating to modes of transport while **Chart B** gives the graphical illustration.

Imports representing 75.8 percent (P5, 349.6 million) were transported into the country by Road, whereas those imported by Rail and Air accounted for 13.0 percent (P914.9 million) and 11.2 percent (P796.5 million) of total imports respectively. During the month under review, goods valued at P3, 629.5 million, representing 70.4 percent of total exports, were exported by Air. Goods exported by Road and Rail accounted for 28.6 percent (P1, 474.0 million) and 1.0 percent (P53.8 million) of total exports, respectively.

Table B: Trade by Mode of Transport – September 2025 (Million Pula)

Flow Type	Imports		Total Exports	
Mode of Transport	BW Pula (Million)	% Contribution	BW Pula (Million)	% Contribution
Road Transport	5,349.6	75.8	1,474.0	28.6
Rail Transport	914.9	13.0	53.8	1.0
Air Transport	796.5	11.2	3,629.5	70.4
Total	7,061.0	100.0	5,157.3	100.0

Chart B: Trade by Mode of Transport – September 2025 (Percentage)



6.0 Transit Trade

Transit trade refers to the movement of goods from one country to another through a third country, without the goods being subject to customs duties and other import restrictions in the intermediary country. Essentially, it involves the transportation of goods across a country that lies between the country of origin and the final destination. Countries that serve as transit hubs often provide infrastructure and services to facilitate transit trade. These countries may benefit economically from transit trade through fees, tariffs, or other charges associated with transportation services or by stimulating economic activity related to trade and transportation.

Overall, the purpose of transit trade is to overcome geographical, logistical, and economic constraints to facilitate the movement of goods between countries or regions efficiently, cost-effectively and securely. It plays a crucial role in promoting international trade, economic development, and regional integration.

Countries involved in transit trade typically have agreements and protocols in place to govern the movement of goods through their territory without the imposition of customs duties and other trade barriers. This helps to streamline the transportation of goods and reduce logistical challenges for businesses engaged in international trade.

Transit trade is subject to compliance with specific regulations and documentation requirements to ensure the proper monitoring and control of the movement of goods. Violations or misuse of transit trade arrangements can lead to penalties and legal consequences.

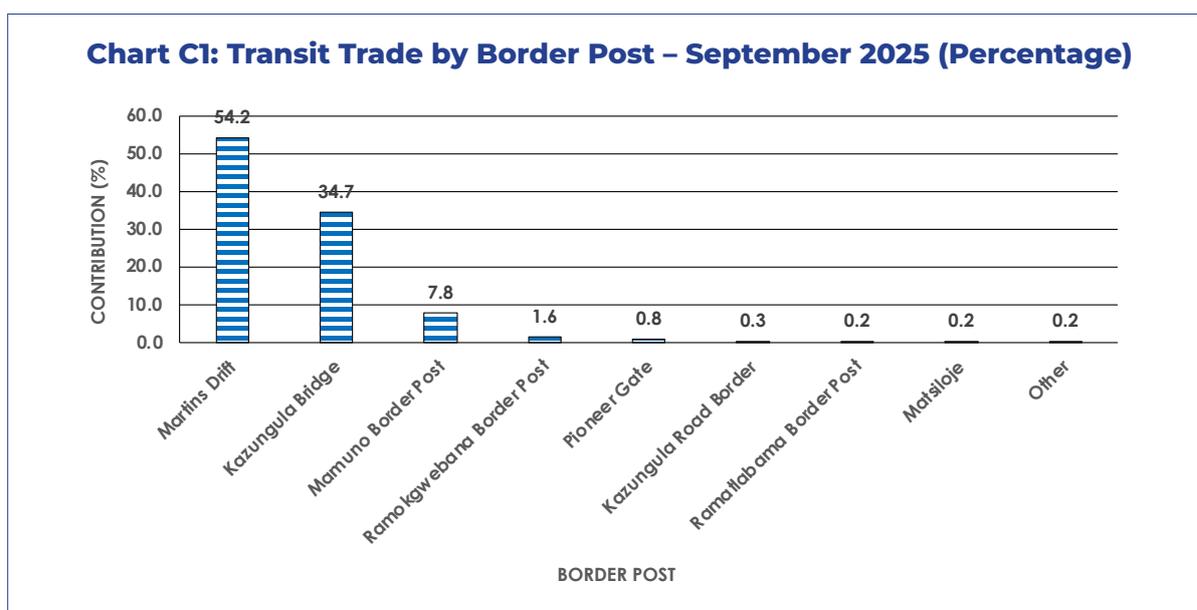
6.1 Transit Trade by Border Post

In September 2025, goods amounting to P20, 392.9 million transited through Botswana destined for various countries. Martins Drift, Kazungula bridge and Mamuno border posts handled goods accounting for 54.2 percent (P11, 042.8 million), 34.7 percent (P7, 069.2 million) and 7.8 percent (P1, 597.7 million) respectively, as displayed in [Table C1](#) and [Chart C1](#).

Table C1: Transit Trade by Border Post – September 2025 (Million Pula)

Border Post	BW Pula (Million)	% Contribution
Martins Drift	11,042.8	54.2
Kazungula Bridge	7,069.2	34.7
Mamuno Border Post	1,597.7	7.8
Ramokgwebana Border Post	335.1	1.6
Pioneer Gate	164.0	0.8
Kazungula Road Border	65.2	0.3
Ramatlabama Border Post	37.1	0.2
Matsiloje	31.6	0.2
Other	50.2	0.2
Total	20,392.9	100.0

“Other Border Posts...” includes all border posts in Botswana not displayed on Table C1



“Other Border Posts...” includes all border posts in Botswana not displayed on Chart C1

6.2 Transit by Chapter

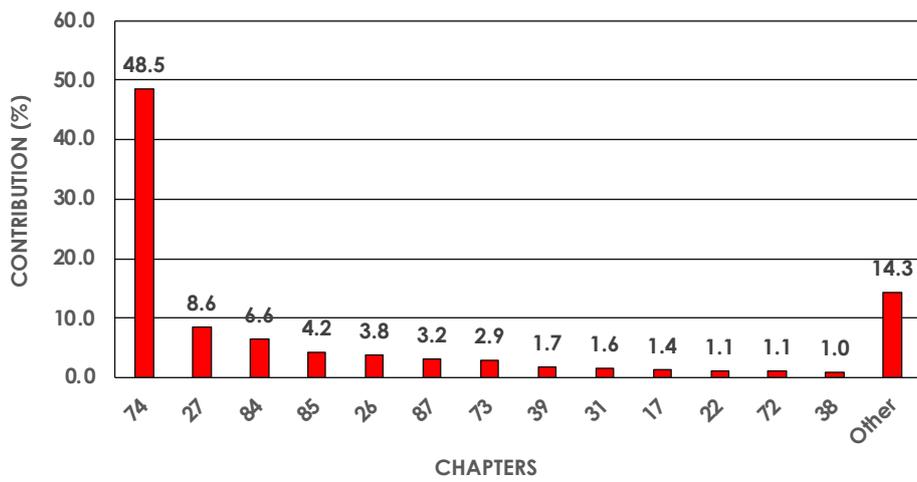
Chapter 74 (Copper and articles thereof) and chapter 27 (Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes) were the top most transiting goods, contributing 48.5 percent (P9, 892.7 million) and 8.6 percent (P1, 748.4 million) respectively as shown in **Table C2** and **Chart C2**.

Table C2: Transit by Chapter – September 2025 (Million Pula)

Rank	Chapter	Description	BW Pula (Million)	%
1	74	Copper and articles thereof	9,892.7	48.5
2	27	Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes	1,748.4	8.6
3	84	Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof	1,339.2	6.6
4	85	Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers; television image and sound recorders and reproducers, parts and accessories of such articles	861.0	4.2
5	26	Ores, slag and ash	772.5	3.8
6	87	Vehicles; other than railway or tramway rolling stock, and parts and accessories thereof	652.0	3.2
7	73	Iron or steel articles	582.3	2.9
8	39	Plastics and articles thereof	348.7	1.7
9	31	Fertilizers	334.4	1.6
10	17	Sugars and sugar confectionery	289.2	1.4
11	22	Beverages, spirits and vinegar	232.5	1.1
12	72	Iron and steel	232.4	1.1
13	38	Chemical products n.e.c.	194.0	1.0
		Other	2,913.5	14.3
		Total	20,392.9	100.0

“Other...” includes all chapters not displayed on Table C2

Chart C2: Transit Trade by Chapter – September 2025 (Percentage)



“Other...” includes all chapters not displayed on Chart C2

7.0 ANNEXURE

Table 1.0: Total Merchandise Trade – January 2023 to September 2025 (Million Pula)

Period \ HS	Imports CIF	Imports FOB	Freight	Insurance	Domestic Exports	Re-Exports	Total Export	Trade Balance
Jan_2023	6,029.7	5,749.1	279.1	1.6	6,969.5	0.0	6,969.5	939.8
Feb	7,004.6	6,709.7	293.2	1.6	6,097.4	6.1	6,103.4	(901.2)
Mar	7,272.6	6,954.4	316.3	1.9	8,423.6	5.7	8,429.3	1,156.7
Q1	20,306.9	19,413.3	888.6	5.1	21,490.4	11.7	21,502.2	1,195.3
Apr	6,216.0	5,937.9	276.7	1.4	6,633.6	2.7	6,636.3	420.3
May	6,842.4	6,529.0	312.3	1.1	8,923.6	3.4	8,927.0	2,084.6
Jun	6,948.2	6,622.1	324.1	2.1	7,607.5	0.5	7,608.0	659.7
Q2	20,006.7	19,089.0	913.1	4.6	23,164.7	6.6	23,171.3	3,164.6
Jul	7,175.2	6,855.3	318.2	1.7	8,211.5	0.1	8,211.5	1,036.3
Aug	7,199.4	6,863.8	333.7	1.9	7,836.4	0.5	7,836.9	637.5
Sep	8,492.7	8,149.0	342.1	1.6	5,121.6	0.1	5,121.7	(3,371.0)
Q3	22,867.2	21,868.1	994.0	5.2	21,169.4	0.6	21,170.1	(1,697.2)
Oct	8,601.5	8,245.1	354.8	1.6	3,954.1	3.7	3,957.8	(4,643.7)
Nov	9,739.6	9,365.9	370.9	2.8	3,243.0	0.4	3,243.4	(6,496.2)
Dec	6,690.3	6,392.9	295.4	2.0	5,067.6	0.8	5,068.4	(1,621.9)
Q4	25,031.4	24,004.0	1,021.1	6.3	12,264.7	5.0	12,269.6	(12,761.8)
Total_2023	88,212.2	84,374.4	3,816.7	21.1	78,089.2	23.9	78,113.2	(10,099.1)
Jan_2024	7,745.4	7,425.2	318.0	2.2	6,299.8	0.0	6,299.8	(1,445.7)
Feb	7,497.1	7,163.9	331.5	1.8	4,557.0	0.2	4,557.2	(2,939.9)
Mar	7,209.0	6,905.3	301.8	1.9	6,853.8	14.4	6,868.1	(340.8)
Q1	22,451.6	21,494.3	951.3	5.9	17,710.6	14.6	17,725.2	(4,726.4)
Apr	8,138.0	7,752.6	382.9	2.5	6,484.5	14.4	6,498.9	(1,639.1)
May	8,553.4	8,206.0	345.1	2.3	6,967.9	0.1	6,967.9	(1,585.5)
Jun	8,391.8	8,051.7	337.1	3.0	6,018.4	0.4	6,018.8	(2,373.1)
Q2	25,083.2	24,010.3	1,065.1	7.8	19,470.8	14.8	19,485.6	(5,597.6)
Jul	7,192.1	6,834.5	355.6	2.0	3,845.3	52.4	3,897.7	(3,294.4)
Aug	8,864.6	8,481.5	381.4	1.7	4,246.4	0.0	4,246.4	(4,618.2)
Sep	8,117.8	7,776.5	339.6	1.7	4,081.4	1.6	4,083.0	(4,034.8)
Q3	24,174.5	23,092.5	1,076.6	5.4	12,173.0	54.1	12,227.1	(11,947.4)
Oct	8,507.8	8,104.5	401.4	1.9	4,341.4	0.0	4,341.4	(4,166.3)
Nov	9,415.6	8,994.8	418.4	2.4	4,408.0	0.7	4,408.7	(5,006.9)
Dec	8,247.9	7,886.7	358.2	3.1	5,156.5	0.0	5,156.5	(3,091.4)
Q4	26,171.2	24,985.9	1,178.0	7.3	13,905.9	0.7	13,906.6	(12,264.6)
Total_2024	97,880.5	93,583.1	4,271.0	26.5	63,260.2	84.2	63,344.5	(34,536.0)
Jan_2025	7,055.6	6,702.6	351.0	2.0	3,165.0	0.0	3,165.0	(3,890.5)
Feb	6,908.3	6,556.6	349.6	2.0	5,483.9	0.0	5,483.9	(1,424.3)
Mar	7,696.3	7,334.7	359.6	1.9	5,904.6	0.0	5,904.6	(1,791.6)
Q1	21,660.1	20,593.9	1,060.3	5.9	14,553.5	0.0	14,553.6	(7,106.5)
Apr	6,871.4	6,507.0	360.3	4.1	8,911.5	1.4	8,912.8	2,041.4
May	8,545.9	8,180.3	362.0	3.6	7,295.7	1.6	7,297.3	(1,248.7)
Jun	6,922.9	6,592.0	328.3	2.6	7,578.9	0.0	7,578.9	655.9
Q2	22,340.3	21,279.4	1,050.6	10.3	23,786.0	3.0	23,789.0	1,448.7
Jul	6,667.8	6,348.3	316.1	3.3	7,491.7	0.0	7,491.7	823.9
Aug	6,924.8	6,570.5	351.3	3.0	5,482.4	1.3	5,483.7	(1,441.1)
Sep	7,061.0	6,727.1	331.6	2.3	5,157.0	0.2	5,157.3	(1,903.7)
Q3	20,653.6	19,646.0	999.0	8.6	18,131.1	1.5	18,132.6	(2,520.9)
Change	136.2	156.6	(19.7)	(0.7)	(325.3)	(1.0)	(326.4)	(462.6)
% Change	2.0	2.4	(5.6)	(23.3)	(5.9)	(81.3)	(6.0)	32.1

Change: Difference between the Current and Previous month

Table 2.1: Principal Imports Commodity Groups – January 2023 to September 2025 (Million Pula)

Period \ HS	Chemicals & Rubber Products	Diamonds	Food, Beverages & Tobacco	Fuel	Furniture	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Metals & Metal Products	Salt Ores & Related Products	Textiles & Footwear	Vehicle & Transport Equipment	Wood & Paper Products	Other Goods	Total Goods
Jan_2023	640.9	988.8	907.0	1,338.4	46.6	852.5	279.7	56.3	133.4	418.9	134.9	232.2	6,029.7
Feb	771.5	1,352.4	1,260.4	1,288.5	57.3	894.3	376.9	46.6	180.8	422.4	142.9	210.6	7,004.6
Mar	795.7	838.1	1,221.3	1,511.1	68.3	1,111.2	394.7	65.4	235.4	566.0	179.3	286.1	7,272.6
Q1	2,208.0	3,179.2	3,388.7	4,138.0	172.2	2,858.0	1,051.4	168.3	549.6	1,407.3	457.2	728.8	20,306.9
Apr	768.6	765.9	1,093.7	1,366.8	55.9	817.1	352.0	63.6	197.8	382.6	140.3	211.7	6,216.0
May	902.1	874.4	1,013.1	1,311.5	75.4	1,058.4	391.2	77.3	187.3	550.3	161.8	239.8	6,842.4
Jun	904.4	779.6	1,153.4	1,321.9	80.3	1,120.5	422.4	100.1	153.4	528.1	176.9	207.4	6,948.2
Q2	2,575.1	2,419.9	3,260.1	4,000.1	211.6	2,995.9	1,165.6	240.9	538.5	1,460.9	479.1	658.9	20,006.7
Jul	823.9	811.5	1,077.2	1,437.5	67.3	1,016.5	418.1	63.4	173.9	873.7	167.4	244.8	7,175.2
Aug	916.9	597.0	1,255.8	1,486.1	79.8	1,132.9	431.7	74.8	204.6	572.9	183.6	263.4	7,199.4
Sep	779.9	1,435.5	1,340.1	1,823.0	87.9	1,187.9	449.3	64.7	228.9	625.6	171.8	298.3	8,492.7
Q3	2,520.6	2,844.0	3,673.1	4,746.5	235.0	3,337.3	1,299.1	202.9	607.3	2,072.1	522.8	806.5	22,867.2
Oct	859.4	1,436.6	1,475.0	1,798.8	84.7	1,117.8	409.9	61.5	270.4	561.7	186.2	339.6	8,601.5
Nov	1,151.8	2,276.0	1,436.6	1,854.9	89.7	1,131.2	419.3	68.4	277.5	578.3	198.0	257.9	9,739.6
Dec	760.4	1,097.0	1,045.3	1,404.0	79.6	859.8	367.3	83.0	162.0	469.3	159.2	203.5	6,690.3
Q4	2,771.6	4,809.5	3,956.8	5,057.7	254.0	3,108.8	1,196.5	212.8	709.9	1,609.2	543.4	801.1	25,031.4
Total_2023	10,075.4	13,252.7	14,278.7	17,942.3	872.9	12,300.0	4,712.5	824.9	2,405.3	6,549.6	2,002.4	2,995.3	88,212.2
Jan_2024	914.7	1,826.0	1,107.4	1,355.3	45.9	835.1	324.6	94.2	140.2	765.5	147.1	189.4	7,745.4
Feb	879.1	795.9	1,115.7	1,622.8	88.8	1,263.3	429.8	76.1	204.6	592.6	177.0	251.2	7,497.1
Mar	746.2	1,235.7	1,170.3	1,342.4	91.8	1,043.2	370.6	79.0	209.3	510.0	194.9	215.5	7,209.0
Q1	2,540.1	3,857.5	3,393.4	4,320.5	226.6	3,141.6	1,125.0	249.3	554.2	1,868.2	519.0	656.1	22,451.6
Apr	788.5	1,283.0	1,175.6	1,361.0	90.0	1,511.9	432.0	83.9	257.1	695.5	187.9	271.6	8,138.0
May	748.4	2,030.7	1,285.4	1,394.3	100.9	1,220.5	443.7	89.3	231.3	598.5	181.5	228.9	8,553.4
Jun	861.6	2,011.3	1,147.4	1,291.7	94.0	1,195.6	408.3	88.1	197.1	683.6	190.4	222.7	8,391.8
Q2	2,398.5	5,324.9	3,608.4	4,047.0	284.9	3,928.0	1,284.0	261.3	685.6	1,977.6	559.7	723.3	25,083.2
Jul	847.5	539.4	1,244.0	1,474.7	86.8	1,180.4	405.1	96.4	210.6	647.3	179.7	280.1	7,192.1
Aug	888.6	1,625.7	1,332.5	1,603.2	98.2	1,198.3	502.0	87.2	250.1	761.3	207.2	310.2	8,864.6
Sep	888.6	1,583.9	1,226.4	1,382.2	82.5	1,115.0	395.6	87.2	244.3	651.4	179.6	281.1	8,117.8
Q3	2,624.8	3,749.0	3,803.0	4,460.1	267.5	3,493.8	1,302.7	270.8	704.9	2,060.0	566.5	871.5	24,174.5
Oct	864.0	1,354.7	1,324.2	1,241.3	147.3	1,381.0	515.7	91.5	308.5	710.4	205.6	363.4	8,507.8
Nov	904.3	1,960.0	1,479.9	1,503.9	109.1	1,459.1	472.3	77.4	256.1	678.5	202.3	312.9	9,415.6
Dec	733.5	2,017.1	1,349.5	1,234.2	89.5	1,018.7	399.3	91.0	196.6	621.0	191.1	306.3	8,247.9
Q4	2,501.8	5,331.8	4,153.6	3,979.4	346.0	3,858.7	1,387.3	259.9	761.1	2,009.9	599.0	982.6	26,171.2
Total_2024	10,065.2	18,263.2	14,958.4	16,807.0	1,125.0	14,422.2	5,099.0	1,041.3	2,705.8	7,915.7	2,244.3	3,233.4	97,880.5
Jan_2025	646.7	1,046.4	1,113.4	1,292.7	62.7	1,261.5	327.0	67.5	167.3	677.0	157.7	235.6	7,055.6
Feb	808.3	542.4	1,266.7	1,163.2	85.1	1,166.8	414.4	74.9	206.0	727.7	181.8	271.0	6,908.3
Mar	818.3	1,091.3	1,232.9	1,355.9	89.0	1,190.3	444.7	88.7	235.0	727.3	179.2	243.6	7,696.3
Q1	2,273.4	2,680.1	3,613.0	3,811.9	236.7	3,618.6	1,186.1	231.1	608.3	2,131.9	518.7	750.2	21,660.1
Apr	669.1	376.5	1,076.5	1,809.9	87.6	986.8	395.6	96.2	226.6	727.5	191.7	227.4	6,871.4
May	784.1	1,818.4	1,281.2	1,534.2	92.5	1,242.5	454.7	101.1	233.2	585.7	187.1	231.2	8,545.9
Jun	724.3	714.3	1,111.8	1,438.5	103.8	1,115.0	381.2	97.8	165.7	643.9	181.4	245.3	6,922.9
Q2	2,177.5	2,909.2	3,469.5	4,782.6	283.9	3,344.4	1,231.5	295.0	625.5	1,957.1	560.2	703.8	22,340.3
Jul	664.6	645.1	1,024.2	1,506.9	94.8	1,056.1	382.1	110.7	188.0	572.3	177.0	246.0	6,667.8
Aug	730.2	381.6	1,240.0	1,544.8	100.6	1,128.2	407.4	99.6	238.4	588.3	219.4	246.2	6,924.8
Sep	774.6	699.7	1,184.2	1,300.7	114.9	1,373.9	400.1	97.9	218.3	433.3	183.9	279.5	7,061.0
Q3	2,169.4	1,726.4	3,448.4	4,352.4	310.3	3,558.3	1,189.6	308.2	644.7	1,594.0	580.2	771.6	20,653.6
Change	44.4	318.0	(55.8)	(244.1)	14.3	245.7	(7.3)	(1.7)	(20.0)	(155.0)	(35.5)	33.3	136.2
% Change	6.1	83.3	(4.5)	(15.8)	14.2	21.8	(1.8)	(1.7)	(8.4)	(26.4)	(16.2)	13.5	2.0
% Contribution													
2024	10.3	18.7	15.3	17.2	1.1	14.7	5.2	1.1	2.8	8.1	2.3	3.3	100.0
Aug_2005	10.5	5.5	17.9	22.3	1.5	16.3	5.9	1.4	3.4	8.5	3.2	3.6	100.0
Sep_2025	11.0	9.9	16.8	18.4	1.6	19.5	5.7	1.4	3.1	6.1	2.6	4.0	100.0

Change: Difference between the Current and Previous month

Table 2.2 Principal Exports Commodity Groups – January 2023 to September 2025 (Million Pula)

Period \ HS	Coal	Copper	Diamonds	Gold	Iron & Steel Products	Live Cattle	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Meat & Meat Products	Plastic & Plastic Products	Salt & Soda Ash	Textiles	Vehicle & Transport Equipment	Other Goods	Total Goods
Jan_2023	68.6	525.0	5,739.7	16.5	12.0	116.1	204.6	3.2	34.8	106.6	22.8	24.4	95.4	6,969.5
Feb	52.5	454.0	4,857.5	23.1	25.2	116.7	297.5	7.3	28.5	65.7	19.5	63.8	92.0	6,103.4
Mar	46.7	467.0	7,253.9	33.5	18.6	76.6	250.5	12.8	35.4	86.4	22.1	37.8	88.1	8,429.3
Q1	167.8	1,446.0	17,851.1	73.1	55.9	309.3	752.5	23.4	98.6	258.6	64.4	125.9	275.5	21,502.2
Apr	39.5	388.2	5,620.3	40.0	16.7	64.6	179.7	19.9	25.2	87.9	27.4	39.9	87.1	6,636.3
May	54.4	544.6	7,535.2	27.8	26.1	69.7	269.1	23.9	32.9	57.5	45.3	63.7	176.8	8,927.0
Jun	42.0	424.4	6,378.9	21.0	28.7	69.4	265.1	36.5	33.4	68.2	31.8	58.9	149.5	7,608.0
Q2	135.9	1,357.2	19,534.5	88.8	71.5	203.7	713.9	80.3	91.6	213.6	104.5	162.5	413.4	23,171.3
Jul	34.1	636.0	6,818.8	17.4	23.5	26.0	285.7	38.1	27.1	117.4	30.9	32.9	123.5	8,211.5
Aug	30.0	653.4	6,361.5	23.0	27.4	29.6	344.2	45.0	31.5	102.6	30.1	35.2	123.3	7,836.9
Sep	28.2	733.2	3,623.6	19.0	27.9	28.6	269.2	38.9	45.8	106.6	31.4	25.8	143.7	5,121.7
Q3	92.2	2,022.6	16,803.9	59.4	78.9	84.2	899.1	121.9	104.4	326.6	92.3	93.9	390.5	21,170.1
Oct	23.4	703.8	2,430.4	21.4	43.9	16.3	280.9	40.4	37.2	100.2	37.1	91.6	131.2	3,957.8
Nov	26.9	782.9	1,528.2	30.0	30.8	14.9	312.1	28.0	114.1	93.8	40.2	30.1	211.5	3,243.4
Dec	20.5	646.8	3,755.0	13.7	25.2	19.1	112.1	17.8	22.1	214.3	37.6	23.4	160.8	5,068.4
Q4	70.7	2,133.5	7,713.7	65.0	99.9	50.3	705.0	86.3	173.5	408.2	114.9	145.1	503.5	12,269.6
Total_2023	466.6	6,959.2	61,903.1	286.3	306.2	647.6	3,070.5	311.9	468.1	1,207.1	376.1	527.5	1,583.0	78,113.2
Jan_2024	25.7	885.7	4,733.1	20.5	14.7	32.2	214.2	21.4	26.0	141.9	27.1	71.2	85.9	6,299.8
Feb	23.1	674.4	3,184.0	6.1	23.6	42.5	309.6	16.5	33.5	87.9	28.3	28.8	99.1	4,557.2
Mar	26.0	775.0	5,335.4	3.4	33.3	50.0	241.3	38.4	39.7	131.7	28.3	24.7	140.9	6,868.1
Q1	74.8	2,335.0	13,252.6	30.0	71.6	124.7	765.1	76.3	99.2	361.5	83.7	124.7	325.9	17,725.2
Apr	26.9	686.0	5,053.7	0.4	23.2	42.8	279.0	34.4	37.8	119.6	50.6	40.8	103.5	6,498.9
May	51.1	1,025.7	5,140.9	0.0	33.5	48.1	249.1	59.6	43.7	108.2	55.8	21.8	130.3	6,967.9
Jun	40.1	985.0	4,139.8	0.0	38.9	48.1	264.9	34.3	39.3	97.3	49.9	118.0	163.1	6,018.8
Q2	118.1	2,696.7	14,334.5	0.4	95.7	139.0	793.0	128.3	120.8	325.2	156.4	180.5	396.9	19,485.6
Jul	44.6	869.9	2,176.1	0.0	38.0	54.9	244.5	33.6	107.2	99.9	33.7	72.8	122.6	3,897.7
Aug	37.7	904.3	2,595.7	0.0	32.2	47.2	208.0	31.2	56.0	97.2	36.4	45.7	154.9	4,246.4
Sep	34.6	852.8	2,545.2	0.0	37.7	39.3	233.3	39.8	35.9	103.9	33.2	24.1	103.3	4,083.0
Q3	116.9	2,627.0	7,317.1	0.0	107.8	141.4	685.8	104.5	199.0	300.9	103.2	142.6	380.8	12,227.1
Oct	40.7	823.0	2,705.4	0.0	51.0	27.1	273.9	48.9	45.0	107.4	30.6	46.3	142.1	4,341.4
Nov	47.0	798.9	2,621.2	0.0	104.7	28.5	268.6	38.5	147.2	121.7	39.2	43.3	149.9	4,408.7
Dec	30.5	783.7	3,724.9	0.0	55.5	62.2	142.2	7.0	33.9	120.0	40.0	43.7	112.9	5,156.5
Q4	118.2	2,405.6	9,051.5	0.0	211.2	117.8	684.7	94.4	226.1	349.1	109.8	133.3	404.9	13,906.6
Total_2024	428.1	10,064.3	43,955.5	30.5	486.3	522.9	2,928.6	403.6	645.2	1,336.7	453.1	581.1	1,508.5	63,344.5
Jan_2025	31.7	995.1	1,531.4	0.0	27.4	4.4	210.7	5.8	31.4	146.8	34.5	56.9	88.8	3,165.0
Feb	31.3	907.9	3,903.8	0.0	31.4	14.3	247.5	5.9	32.7	90.5	29.6	45.7	143.4	5,483.9
Mar	42.2	995.5	4,177.2	0.0	35.0	23.2	266.5	17.3	40.7	88.2	30.3	71.8	116.7	5,904.6
Q1	105.2	2,898.5	9,612.4	0.0	93.8	41.9	724.7	29.0	104.9	325.5	94.5	174.5	348.9	14,553.6
Apr	34.6	865.1	7,323.1	0.0	29.3	30.6	232.2	27.0	30.5	93.6	44.7	81.2	120.9	8,912.8
May	25.8	1,056.7	5,502.3	0.0	30.2	0.0	250.3	10.0	37.0	94.8	59.7	54.5	176.1	7,297.3
Jun	21.7	1,074.9	5,687.0	0.0	36.8	0.0	257.1	45.2	38.1	121.1	42.6	88.6	165.8	7,578.9
Q2	82.1	2,996.7	18,512.3	0.0	96.3	30.6	739.6	82.2	105.5	309.5	146.9	224.3	462.9	23,789.0
Jul	21.3	773.8	5,993.4	0.0	32.0	1.6	252.6	14.7	39.8	124.9	28.4	54.2	154.9	7,491.7
Aug	25.0	865.7	3,683.0	0.0	31.1	0.0	316.2	50.4	38.2	161.0	33.6	68.7	210.8	5,483.7
Sep	32.3	782.3	3,582.4	0.0	32.8	0.4	290.1	47.6	56.4	131.5	28.1	38.7	134.7	5,157.3
Q3	78.5	2,421.8	13,258.8	0.0	96.0	2.0	858.9	112.6	134.4	417.4	90.1	161.6	500.4	18,132.6
Change	7.4	(83.4)	(100.6)	0.0	1.7	0.4	(26.1)	(2.8)	18.1	(29.4)	(5.5)	(30.1)	(76.1)	(326.4)
% Change	29.5	(9.6)	(2.7)	0.0	5.5	0.0	(8.2)	(5.5)	47.4	(18.3)	(16.5)	(43.8)	(36.1)	(6.0)
% Contribution														
2024	0.7	15.9	69.4	0.0	0.8	0.8	4.6	0.6	1.0	2.1	0.7	0.9	2.4	100.0
Aug_2025	0.5	15.8	67.2	0.0	0.6	0.0	5.8	0.9	0.7	2.9	0.6	1.3	3.8	100.0
Sep_2025	0.6	15.2	69.5	0.0	0.6	0.0	5.6	0.9	1.1	2.6	0.5	0.7	2.6	100.0

Change: Difference between the Current and Previous month

Table 2.3: Diamonds Trade – January 2023 to September 2025 (Million Pula)

Flow Type	Imports						Total Exports					
	71021000	71022100	71022900	71023100	71023900	Total	71021000	71022100	71022900	71023100	71023900	Total
Jan_2023	320.2	0.5	0.0	135.3	532.9	988.8	0.0	34.7	0.0	4,813.4	891.5	5,739.7
Feb	925.2	0.1	0.0	117.3	309.8	1,352.4	0.0	32.2	0.0	3,520.2	1,305.1	4,857.5
Mar	426.4	0.2	0.0	94.5	317.0	838.1	0.0	33.3	0.0	5,509.2	1,711.3	7,253.9
Q1	1,671.7	0.8	0.0	347.1	1,159.6	3,179.2	0.0	100.2	0.0	13,842.9	3,907.9	17,851.1
Apr	0.0	0.0	0.0	561.2	204.7	765.9	0.0	47.5	0.0	4,323.2	1,249.6	5,620.3
May	237.7	0.8	0.0	201.0	434.8	874.4	0.0	27.8	0.0	5,958.6	1,548.8	7,535.2
Jun	26.8	0.2	0.0	431.8	320.9	779.6	342.2	45.2	0.0	4,662.6	1,329.0	6,378.9
Q2	264.5	1.0	0.0	1,194.0	960.4	2,419.9	342.2	120.5	0.0	14,944.4	4,127.4	19,534.5
Jul	383.7	0.0	0.0	62.7	365.1	811.5	31.0	33.2	0.0	4,981.9	1,772.6	6,818.8
Aug	272.7	0.1	0.0	77.0	247.3	597.0	0.0	101.3	0.0	4,552.5	1,707.7	6,361.5
Sep	0.0	0.3	0.0	1,077.3	357.9	1,435.5	0.0	0.9	0.0	2,455.8	1,166.9	3,623.6
Q3	656.4	0.4	0.0	1,216.9	970.4	2,844.0	31.0	135.5	0.0	11,990.2	4,647.3	16,803.9
Oct	581.2	0.0	0.0	459.6	395.8	1,436.6	0.0	1.7	0.0	599.3	1,829.5	2,430.4
Nov	0.3	0.0	0.1	1,687.4	588.2	2,276.0	0.0	57.2	0.0	329.2	1,141.8	1,528.2
Dec	260.5	1.0	0.0	545.3	290.2	1,097.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	2,941.1	812.9	3,755.0
Q4	842.0	1.0	0.1	2,692.3	1,274.2	4,809.5	0.0	59.9	0.0	3,869.6	3,784.2	7,713.7
Total_2023	3,434.7	3.1	0.1	5,450.3	4,364.6	13,252.7	373.2	416.1	0.0	44,647.1	16,466.7	61,903.1
Jan_2024	373.2	0.0	0.0	1,268.5	184.3	1,826.0	0.0	19.4	0.0	4,335.9	377.9	4,733.1
Feb	283.8	0.2	0.0	357.6	154.4	795.9	0.0	38.6	0.0	2,824.1	321.3	3,184.0
Mar	370.1	0.0	0.0	807.7	57.8	1,235.7	0.0	9.4	0.0	4,488.8	837.2	5,335.4
Q1	1,027.1	0.2	0.0	2,433.8	396.5	3,857.5	0.0	67.4	0.0	11,648.8	1,536.4	13,252.6
Apr	226.5	0.4	0.0	720.9	335.2	1,283.0	0.0	14.1	0.0	4,133.9	905.7	5,053.7
May	252.7	0.0	0.0	1,607.0	171.0	2,030.7	0.0	19.7	0.0	4,164.9	956.3	5,140.9
Jun	2.1	0.2	0.0	1,658.7	350.3	2,011.3	12.7	71.7	0.0	3,366.3	689.0	4,139.8
Q2	481.2	0.6	0.0	3,986.7	856.5	5,324.9	12.7	105.6	0.0	11,665.2	2,551.0	14,334.5
Jul	304.5	0.4	0.0	66.6	167.9	539.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,515.6	660.5	2,176.1
Aug	251.8	4.1	0.0	1,279.5	90.3	1,625.7	0.0	11.3	0.0	1,583.2	1,001.2	2,595.7
Sep	238.1	0.0	0.0	1,122.5	223.2	1,583.9	0.0	10.5	0.0	1,858.5	676.2	2,545.2
Q3	794.4	4.4	0.0	2,468.6	481.4	3,749.0	0.0	21.9	0.0	4,957.3	2,337.9	7,317.1
Oct	196.6	0.1	0.0	783.3	374.7	1,354.7	0.0	9.9	0.0	2,165.7	529.8	2,705.4
Nov	0.0	0.2	0.0	1,665.7	294.1	1,960.0	0.0	2.6	0.0	1,769.9	848.7	2,621.2
Dec	174.0	0.2	0.0	1,610.3	232.6	2,017.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	3,138.7	585.9	3,724.9
Q4	370.6	0.5	0.0	4,059.2	901.4	5,331.8	0.0	12.8	0.0	7,074.3	1,964.4	9,051.5
Total_2024	2,673.3	5.7	0.0	12,948.4	2,635.8	18,263.2	12.7	207.7	0.0	35,345.5	8,389.7	43,955.5
Jan_2025	128.1	0.1	0.0	604.1	314.1	1,046.4	0.0	1.5	0.0	976.9	553.0	1,531.4
Feb	131.0	0.4	0.0	275.4	135.7	542.4	0.0	2.1	0.0	3,201.4	700.3	3,903.8
Mar	0.0	0.2	0.0	948.2	142.9	1,091.3	0.2	78.6	0.0	3,492.5	605.9	4,177.2
Q1	259.1	0.6	0.0	1,827.7	592.6	2,680.1	0.2	82.2	0.0	7,670.8	1,859.3	9,612.4
Apr	208.8	0.0	0.0	57.1	110.6	376.5	0.0	9.8	0.0	6,656.4	656.9	7,323.1
May	145.7	0.3	0.0	1,396.1	276.3	1,818.4	0.3	25.7	0.0	4,646.5	829.8	5,502.3
Jun	0.0	0.3	0.0	571.9	142.1	714.3	118.1	17.3	0.0	4,879.0	672.6	5,687.0
Q2	354.5	0.6	0.0	2,025.1	529.0	2,909.2	118.4	52.8	0.0	16,181.9	2,159.3	18,512.3
Jul	4.2	0.1	0.0	382.1	258.7	645.1	4.0	9.0	0.0	5,382.3	598.0	5,993.4
Aug	109.4	0.0	0.0	66.1	206.1	381.6	0.5	0.4	0.0	2,735.2	946.8	3,683.0
Sep	123.4	0.2	0.0	376.2	199.8	699.7	0.0	14.6	0.0	2,869.2	698.5	3,582.4
Q3	237.1	0.3	0.0	824.4	664.6	1,726.4	4.6	24.1	0.0	10,986.8	2,243.3	13,258.8

Note: 71022100: Industrial Diamonds unworked or simply sawn, cleaved or bruted; 71022900: Industrial Diamonds, not mounted or set, NES; 71023100: Non-industrial diamonds unworked or simply sawn, cleaved or bruted; 71023900: Non-industrial diamonds, not mounted or set NES; 71021000: Unsorted diamonds; HS: Harmonised System Code; NES: Not Elsewhere Specified.

Table 3.1A: Principal Imports by Country, Region and Principal Import Commodity Groups - September 2025 (Million Pula)

Partner \ HS	Chemicals & Rubber Products	Diamonds	Food, Beverages & Tobacco	Fuel	Furniture	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Metals & Metal Products	Salt Ores & Related Products	Textiles & Footwear	Vehicle & Transport Equipment	Wood & Paper Products	Other Goods	Total Goods	% Contribution
South Africa	490.1	246.3	989.5	775.0	71.1	508.1	321.1	82.6	136.0	300.2	158.7	167.8	4,246.6	60.1
Namibia	0.8	26.9	20.6	224.2	0.0	0.1	0.9	15.2	0.0	1.3	0.5	0.7	291.2	4.1
Eswatini	34.9	0.0	9.8	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	5.4	0.0	51.3	0.7
Lesotho	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	4.5	0.1
SACU	525.8	273.2	1,019.9	999.2	71.1	508.8	322.0	97.8	141.0	301.5	164.6	168.6	4,593.6	65.1
Mozambique	0.0	0.0	7.2	232.0	0.0	0.0	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	242.0	3.4
Zambia	0.7	0.0	14.1	42.1	0.0	7.5	28.1	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	6.3	99.9	1.4
Zimbabwe	1.6	0.0	24.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	2.6	0.0	0.9	1.6	2.6	3.1	36.7	0.5
Angola	0.0	13.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.3	0.2
Other SADC	0.0	0.0	6.3	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.9	11.9	0.2
SADC	528.1	286.4	1,071.4	1,273.6	71.3	517.9	355.5	97.8	146.1	303.1	167.2	179.0	4,997.4	70.8
Morocco	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.8	0.2
Tunisia	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.2	0.1
Other Africa	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.8	1.8	0.0
Africa	532.0	286.4	1,071.6	1,273.6	71.3	535.0	355.5	97.8	146.4	303.2	167.3	179.9	5,020.2	71.1
China	48.5	0.0	2.5	0.4	16.1	391.1	26.7	0.0	46.8	19.1	4.6	27.7	583.7	8.3
India	54.6	129.7	5.1	0.0	0.0	26.3	2.2	0.0	3.1	1.8	2.8	3.2	228.9	3.2
UAE	0.3	83.0	7.8	0.1	0.0	11.3	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	1.4	104.5	1.5
Japan	8.1	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	11.4	0.4	0.0	1.9	46.8	0.0	0.2	69.1	1.0
Israel	0.1	15.4	0.0	15.8	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	35.5	0.5
Russian federation	0.0	0.0	33.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.1	0.5
Thailand	0.9	0.0	20.9	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.5	0.0	0.3	25.9	0.4
Armenia	0.0	13.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.9	0.2
Viet Nam	5.2	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	2.8	0.0	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.1	12.6	0.2
Other Asia	7.0	0.0	0.4	8.7	0.4	15.0	2.3	0.0	3.8	3.8	1.8	4.3	47.5	0.7
Asia	124.6	242.0	70.3	25.1	16.8	463.8	32.0	0.0	60.3	73.0	9.3	37.5	1,154.6	16.4
Germany	26.5	0.0	9.3	0.3	0.8	90.2	0.8	0.0	9.3	8.8	3.2	3.9	153.2	2.2
Belgium	1.5	47.8	1.9	0.1	0.0	8.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	59.8	0.8
Finland	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.8	21.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	9.4	0.0	1.4	59.1	0.8
Sweden	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	25.7	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.2	28.8	0.4
Hungary	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	25.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	27.0	0.4
Italy	3.3	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	19.0	0.5	0.0	1.3	1.4	0.0	0.5	26.4	0.4
France	9.1	0.0	2.8	0.1	0.0	7.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	2.1	0.2	1.3	23.2	0.3
Portugal	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.5	0.0	0.0	0.2	5.9	0.0	1.2	21.6	0.3
Spain	4.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	14.2	21.4	0.3
Czech Republic	0.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	17.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.4	19.5	0.3
Netherlands	14.2	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	17.2	0.2
Austria	1.3	0.0	2.4	0.0	0.0	8.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	3.0	15.6	0.2
Poland	3.9	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	6.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.3	12.7	0.2
Cyprus	10.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.9	0.2
Ireland	8.7	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	10.9	0.2
Other EU	5.7	0.0	1.4	0.7	0.4	13.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.4	24.5	0.3
EU	92.3	47.8	21.5	1.3	26.3	262.0	6.9	0.0	10.9	30.9	3.6	28.3	531.9	7.5
Canada	0.8	123.4	0.0	0.5	0.0	13.5	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.7	140.3	2.0
USA	7.7	0.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	35.5	1.5	0.0	0.2	15.4	0.6	23.5	86.0	1.2
Australia	4.2	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.1	17.9	3.5	0.0	0.1	8.7	3.1	7.0	45.4	0.6
Brazil	7.5	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	21.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	30.2	0.4
Switzerland	0.9	0.0	3.2	0.0	0.0	10.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.5	16.8	0.2
Brazil	0.3	0.0	13.2	0.0	0.0	2.7	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.7	0.2
Rest of the World	4.3	0.0	2.4	0.0	0.0	11.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.5	19.1	0.3
TOTAL	774.6	699.7	1,184.2	1,300.7	114.9	1,373.9	400.1	97.9	218.3	433.3	183.9	279.5	7,061.0	100.0

Table 3.1B: Principal Imports Commodity Groups as a Percentage of Total Imports at Country and Regional Level – September 2025

Partner \ HS	Chemicals & Rubber Products	Diamonds	Food, Beverages & Tobacco	Fuel	Furniture	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Metals & Metal Products	Salt Ores & Related Products	Textiles & Footwear	Vehicle & Transport Equipment	Wood & Paper Products	Other Goods	Total Goods
South Africa	11.5	5.8	23.3	18.3	1.7	12.0	7.6	1.9	3.2	7.1	3.7	4.0	100.0
Namibia	0.3	9.2	7.1	77.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	5.2	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.2	100.0
Eswatini	68.0	0.0	19.1	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	10.5	0.1	100.0
Lesotho	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	98.4	0.0	0.0	1.4	100.0
SACU	11.4	5.9	22.2	21.8	1.5	11.1	7.0	2.1	3.1	6.6	3.6	3.7	100.0
Mozambique	0.0	0.0	3.0	95.9	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	100.0
Zambia	0.7	0.0	14.1	42.2	0.0	7.5	28.1	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	6.3	100.0
Zimbabwe	4.2	0.0	65.2	0.6	0.6	0.1	7.0	0.0	2.5	4.2	7.0	8.5	100.0
Angola	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Other SADC	0.1	0.0	52.5	0.0	0.0	12.8	0.0	0.0	26.8	0.0	0.1	7.8	100.0
SADC	10.6	5.7	21.4	25.5	1.4	10.4	7.1	2.0	2.9	6.1	3.3	3.6	100.0
Morocco	27.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	72.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	100.0
Tunisia	8.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	91.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.4	100.0
Other Africa	4.9	0.0	15.3	0.0	0.0	7.4	0.5	0.0	16.2	4.8	5.3	45.7	100.0
Africa	10.6	5.7	21.3	25.4	1.4	10.7	7.1	1.9	2.9	6.0	3.3	3.6	100.0
China	8.3	0.0	0.4	0.1	2.8	67.0	4.6	0.0	8.0	3.3	0.8	4.8	100.0
India	23.8	56.7	2.2	0.0	0.0	11.5	1.0	0.0	1.4	0.8	1.2	1.4	100.0
UAE	0.3	79.4	7.5	0.1	0.0	10.8	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	1.4	100.0
Japan	11.7	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	16.5	0.6	0.0	2.8	67.7	0.0	0.3	100.0
Israel	0.2	43.4	0.0	44.4	0.0	11.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.7	100.0
Russian federation	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Thailand	3.4	0.0	80.7	0.0	0.0	7.2	0.1	0.0	1.8	5.7	0.0	1.1	100.0
Armenia	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Viet Nam	41.5	0.0	2.6	0.0	1.0	22.6	0.2	0.0	30.8	0.2	0.0	1.2	100.0
Other Asia	14.6	0.0	0.9	18.2	0.9	31.7	4.8	0.0	8.0	7.9	3.9	9.0	100.0
Asia	10.8	21.0	6.1	2.2	1.5	40.2	2.8	0.0	5.2	6.3	0.8	3.2	100.0
Germany	17.3	0.0	6.0	0.2	0.5	58.9	0.5	0.0	6.1	5.7	2.1	2.6	100.0
Belgium	2.5	79.8	3.2	0.2	0.0	13.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.4	100.0
Finland	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	42.0	35.5	3.4	0.0	0.0	15.8	0.0	2.4	100.0
Sweden	2.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	89.3	6.4	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.6	100.0
Hungary	2.2	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	95.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.7	100.0
Italy	12.5	0.0	1.8	0.0	0.1	71.7	1.7	0.0	4.8	5.5	0.0	2.0	100.0
France	39.1	0.0	11.9	0.5	0.0	32.2	0.5	0.0	0.0	8.9	1.1	5.8	100.0
Portugal	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	62.6	0.0	0.0	0.9	27.4	0.2	5.5	100.0
Spain	18.5	0.0	3.7	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.7	0.3	66.4	100.0
Czech Republic	4.2	0.0	0.5	0.0	1.0	87.1	3.7	0.0	0.1	1.5	0.0	1.9	100.0
Netherlands	82.1	0.0	2.7	0.0	0.0	12.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.5	100.0
Austria	8.2	0.0	15.2	0.1	0.0	55.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.1	19.4	100.0
Poland	30.5	0.0	9.4	0.0	0.3	53.4	1.8	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.0	2.7	100.0
Cyprus	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Ireland	80.4	0.0	3.4	0.0	0.0	7.4	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	8.7	100.0
Other EU	23.2	0.0	5.7	2.9	1.5	56.8	1.8	0.0	0.1	6.5	0.0	1.5	100.0
EU	17.4	9.0	4.0	0.2	4.9	49.3	1.3	0.0	2.1	5.8	0.7	5.3	100.0
Canada	0.5	88.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	9.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.2	100.0
USA	9.0	0.0	1.2	0.3	0.4	41.2	1.8	0.0	0.2	17.9	0.8	27.3	100.0
Australia	9.3	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.3	39.5	7.8	0.0	0.3	19.1	6.8	15.5	100.0
Brazil	24.9	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	70.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	1.5	100.0
Switzerland	5.5	0.0	19.1	0.0	0.0	62.8	0.8	0.0	0.1	8.9	0.1	2.7	100.0
Brazil	1.6	0.0	79.1	0.0	0.2	15.9	0.4	0.0	2.4	0.2	0.0	0.2	100.0
Rest of the World	22.3	0.0	12.3	0.0	0.0	61.0	0.8	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.0	2.9	100.0
TOTAL	11.0	9.9	16.8	18.4	1.6	19.5	5.7	1.4	3.1	6.1	2.6	4.0	100.0

Table 3.2A: Principal Exports by Country, Region and Principal Export Commodity Groups – September 2025 (Million Pula)

Partner \ HS	Coal	Copper	Diamonds	Iron & Steel Products	Live Cattle	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Meat & Meat Products	Plastic & Plastic Products	Salt & Soda Ash	Textiles	Vehicles & Transport Equipment	Other Goods	Total Goods	% Contribution
South Africa	24.6	0.0	193.8	19.3	0.0	237.3	44.5	33.2	105.9	16.7	12.2	32.4	719.9	14.0
Namibia	7.6	1.3	155.3	1.8	0.0	9.2	1.1	1.3	0.0	0.8	8.9	23.9	211.3	4.1
Eswatini	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.6	6.9	0.1
Lesotho	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0
SACU	32.3	1.3	349.1	21.1	0.0	246.5	45.6	34.5	105.9	17.5	21.3	63.2	938.2	18.2
Zimbabwe	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.3	0.4	26.6	0.0	7.9	9.3	10.3	15.0	39.2	113.0	2.2
Zambia	0.1	0.0	0.0	2.1	0.0	6.8	0.0	10.8	16.4	0.1	1.2	7.0	44.5	0.9
Other SADC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.6	2.0	3.2	0.0	0.1	0.3	6.1	19.3	0.4
SADC	32.3	1.3	349.1	27.6	0.4	287.4	47.6	56.4	131.5	28.0	37.8	115.6	1,115.0	21.6
Other Africa	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.9	0.0
Africa	32.3	1.3	349.1	27.7	0.4	287.4	47.6	56.4	131.5	28.0	37.8	116.4	1,115.9	21.6
UAE	0.0	0.0	1,404.4	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.2	1,411.0	27.4
India	0.0	0.0	1,025.7	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	1,030.6	20.0
China	0.0	366.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	366.2	7.1
Israel	0.0	0.0	85.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	85.6	1.7
Sri Lanka	0.0	0.0	58.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	58.9	1.1
Hong Kong	0.0	0.0	57.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	57.3	1.1
Viet Nam	0.0	0.0	15.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.5	0.3
Other Asia	0.0	0.0	9.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	13.6	0.3
Asia	0.0	366.2	2,656.4	5.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.0	3,038.8	58.9
Belgium	0.0	0.0	554.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	554.9	10.8
Other EU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	1.8	2.9	0.1
EU	0.0	0.0	554.9	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	1.8	557.8	10.8
Australia	0.0	378.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	378.2	7.3
Anguilla	0.0	36.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.7	0.7
UK	0.0	0.0	16.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.0	19.4	0.4
Rest of the World	0.0	0.0	5.8	0.2	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	2.3	10.5	0.2
TOTAL	32.3	782.3	3,582.4	32.8	0.4	290.1	47.6	56.4	131.5	28.1	38.7	134.7	5,157.3	100.0

Table 3.2B: Principal Exports Commodity Groups as a Percentage of Total Exports at Country and Regional Level – September 2025

Partner \ HS	Coal	Copper	Diamonds	Iron & Steel Products	Live Cattle	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Meat & Meat Products	Plastic & Plastic Products	Salt & Soda Ash	Textiles	Vehicles & Transport Equipment	Other Goods	Total Goods
South Africa	3.4	0.0	26.9	2.7	0.0	33.0	6.2	4.6	14.7	2.3	1.7	4.5	100.0
Namibia	3.6	0.6	73.5	0.9	0.0	4.3	0.5	0.6	0.0	0.4	4.2	11.3	100.0
Eswatini	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	2.0	97.0	100.0
Lesotho	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.6	0.0	97.4	100.0
SACU	3.4	0.1	37.2	2.3	0.0	26.3	4.9	3.7	11.3	1.9	2.3	6.7	100.0
Zimbabwe	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	0.4	23.5	0.0	7.0	8.2	9.1	13.3	34.7	100.0
Zambia	0.1	0.0	0.0	4.8	0.0	15.3	0.0	24.3	36.8	0.3	2.6	15.8	100.0
Other SADC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	39.4	10.3	16.4	0.0	0.5	1.5	31.8	100.0
SADC	2.9	0.1	31.3	2.5	0.0	25.8	4.3	5.1	11.8	2.5	3.4	10.4	100.0
Other Africa	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.5	0.0	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	87.8	100.0
Africa	2.9	0.1	31.3	2.5	0.0	25.8	4.3	5.1	11.8	2.5	3.4	10.4	100.0
UAE	0.0	0.0	99.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	100.0
India	0.0	0.0	99.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
China	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Israel	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Sri Lanka	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Hong Kong	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Viet Nam	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Other Asia	0.0	0.0	66.6	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	100.0
Asia	0.0	12.1	87.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	100.0
Belgium	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Other EU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	28.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.9	7.7	62.8	100.0
EU	0.0	0.0	99.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	100.0
Australia	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Anguilla	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
UK	0.0	0.0	83.1	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	15.6	100.0
Rest of the World	0.0	0.0	55.4	1.7	0.0	14.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.4	5.9	22.4	100.0
TOTAL	0.6	15.2	69.5	0.6	0.0	5.6	0.9	1.1	2.6	0.5	0.7	2.6	100.0

Table 4.1: Top Imported Goods (Excluding Diamonds) –September 2025 (Million Pula)

Rank	HS Code	Description	BW Pula (Million)	Contribution (%) Against Total Non-Diamonds Imports	Contribution (%) Against Total Imports
1	27101230	Distillate fuel	625.3	9.9	8.9
2	27101202	Petrol	388.6	6.1	5.5
3	27160000	Electrical energy	173.9	2.7	2.5
4	85414300	Photovoltaic cells assembled in modules or made up into panels	126.1	2.0	1.8
5	85444990	Other, electric conductors, for a voltage not exceeding 1000V	103.2	1.6	1.5
6	25232900	Other Portland cement	81.9	1.3	1.2
7	22030090	Other beer made from malt	70.5	1.1	1.0
8	87042181	Other, double-cab, of a vehicle mass not exceeding 2 000 kg or a G.V.M. not exceeding 3 500 kg, or of a mass not exceeding 1 600 kg or a G.V.M. not exceeding 3 500 kg per chassis fitted with a cab	61.8	1.0	0.9
9	10019900	Other (of Wheat (excluding durum wheat) and Meslin)	55.1	0.9	0.8
10	10059010	Dried Maize (Corn) kernels or grains fit for human consumption, not further prepared or processed and not packaged as seeds (excluding pop corn (zea mays everta))	53.3	0.8	0.8
11	22060081	Other fermented apple or pear beverages, unfortified, with an alcoholic strength of at least 2.5 per cent by volume but not exceeding 15 per cent by volume	52.6	0.8	0.7
12	84314990	Other Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the machinery of heading 84.26, 84.29 or 84.30	50.9	0.8	0.7
13	87032390	Other vehicles, with only spark-ignition internal combustion piston engine, of a cylinder capacity exceeding 1500 cc but not exceeding 3 000 cc:	44.1	0.7	0.6
14	10063000	Semi-milled or wholly milled rice, whether or not polished or glazed	43.6	0.7	0.6
15	87089990	Other parts and accessories of the motor vehicles	43.4	0.7	0.6
16	84749000	Parts of machinery	43.3	0.7	0.6
17	15121910	Sunflower-seed or safflower oil and fractions thereof, Marketed and supplied for use in the process of cooking food	42.2	0.7	0.6
18	30049099	Other medicaments consisting of mixed or unmixed products for therapeutic or prophylactic uses	42.2	0.7	0.6
19	17011300	Cane sugar specified in Subheading Note 2 to this Chapter	39.6	0.6	0.6
20	84212100	Filtering or purifying machinery and apparatus for liquids : For filtering or purifying water	38.9	0.6	0.6
21	85043300	Having a power handling capacity exceeding 16 kVA but not exceeding 500 kVA	36.7	0.6	0.5
22	38249999	Other mixtures of prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores; chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries not elsewhere specified or included	35.6	0.6	0.5
23	84431900	Other printing machinery used for printing by means of plates, cylinders and other printing components of heading 84.42	35.6	0.6	0.5
24	85176290	Other machines for the reception, conversion and transmission or regeneration of voice, images or other data, including switching and routing apparatus	35.2	0.6	0.5
25	87032290	Other vehicles, with only spark-ignition internal combustion piston engine of a cylinder capacity exceeding 1000 cc but not exceeding 1500 cc	35.1	0.6	0.5

Table 4.1: Top Imported Goods (Excluding Diamonds) –September 2025 (Million Pula) *Continued*

Rank	HS Code	Description	BW Pula (Million)	Contribution (%) Against Total Non-Diamonds Imports	Contribution (%) Against Total Imports
26	33049990	Other Beauty or make-up preparations and preparations for the care of the skin (other than medicaments), including sunscreen or sun tan preparations	32.5	0.5	0.5
27	30049010	Other medicaments In aerosol containers, consisting of mixed or unmixed products for therapeutic or prophylactic uses, put up in measured doses (including those in the form of transdermal administration systems) or in forms or packings for reta	32.2	0.5	0.5
28	44071100	Coniferous Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or finger-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm, Of pine (Pinus spp.)	30.3	0.5	0.4
29	68129100	Clothing, clothing accessories, footwear and headgear	28.7	0.5	0.4
30	94069090	Other prefabricated buildings	28.3	0.4	0.4
31	74081100	Of which the maximum cross-sectional dimension exceeds 6 mm	27.4	0.4	0.4
32	85177900	Other telephone sets parts	26.8	0.4	0.4
33	85371090	Other boards, panels, consoles, desks, cabinets and other bases, equipped with two or more apparatus of heading 85.35 or 85.36, for electric control or the distribution of electricity, for a voltage not exceeding 1 000 V :	26.3	0.4	0.4
34	39019090	Other Polymers of ethylene	26.1	0.4	0.4
35	84713090	Other portable automatic data processing machines, of a mass not exceeding 10 kg, consisting of at least a central processing unit, a keyboard and a display	25.7	0.4	0.4
36	10059090	Other (Maize (Corn))	25.3	0.4	0.4
37	17019900	Other Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form Containing added flavouring or colouring matter	25.0	0.4	0.4
38	84139100	Parts of liquid pumps	24.9	0.4	0.4
39	23040000	Oil-cake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of soya-bean oil	24.6	0.4	0.3
40	62171090	Other clothing accessories	23.2	0.4	0.3
41	85444290	Other electric conductors, for a voltage not exceeding 1000V fitted with connectors	22.7	0.4	0.3
42	33021000	Of a kind used in the food or drink industries	22.7	0.4	0.3
43	85369020	Identifiable for use solely or principally with motor vehicles	22.7	0.4	0.3
44	22029990	Other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit or vegetable juices of heading 20.09)	22.6	0.4	0.3
45	84295190	Other front-end shovel loaders	22.2	0.4	0.3
46	27111390	Other Butanes, Liquefied	22.2	0.4	0.3
47	34029090	Other organic surface-active agents(other than soap)	21.0	0.3	0.3
48	73089099	Other Structures and parts of structures	20.0	0.3	0.3
49	38221900	Other Diagnostic or laboratory reagents	19.2	0.3	0.3
50	19053100	Sweet biscuits	18.9	0.3	0.3
Top 50 Imported Non-Diamond Goods			2,979.8	47.0	42.2
Other Non-Diamond Imports Goods			3,359.3	53.0	47.6
Total Non-Diamond Imports			6,339.1	100.0	89.8
Diamonds Imports			699.7		9.9
Total Imports			7,061.0		100.0

Table 4.2: Top Exported Goods (Excluding Diamonds) – September 2025 (Million Pula)

Rank	HS Code	Description	BW Pula (Million)	Contribution (%) Against Total Non-Diamonds Exports	Contribution (%) Against Total Exports
1	26030000	Copper ores and concentrates	782.3	49.7	15.2
2	85443000	Ignition wiring sets and other wiring sets of a kind used in vehicles, aircraft or ships	153.4	9.7	3.0
3	28362000	Disodium carbonate	105.7	6.7	2.0
4	85444290	Other electric conductors, for a voltage not exceeding 1000V fitted with connectors	52.4	3.3	1.0
5	02023090	Other boneless meat of bovine animals, frozen	44.5	2.8	0.9
6	39172300	Tubes, pipes and hoses, rigid, Of polymers of vinyl chloride	28.6	1.8	0.6
7	25010090	Other Salt, pure sodium chloride or sea water	24.2	1.5	0.5
8	27011200	Bituminous coal	20.9	1.3	0.4
9	85071099	Other lead-acid, of a kind used for starting piston engines	14.6	0.9	0.3
10	63026090	Other Toilet linen and kitchen linen, of terry towelling or similar terry fabrics, of cotton	14.4	0.9	0.3
11	87041090	Other motor vehicles for the transport of goods, dumpers designed for off-highway use	14.0	0.9	0.3
12	27011900	Other coal	11.4	0.7	0.2
13	68101100	Building blocks and bricks	9.0	0.6	0.2
14	76020090	Other aluminium waste and scrap	8.6	0.5	0.2
15	30021500	Immunological products, put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale	8.2	0.5	0.2
16	30024200	Vaccines for veterinary medicine	6.6	0.4	0.1
17	39189090	Other Floor coverings and wall or ceiling coverings, of plastics	6.5	0.4	0.1
18	84295190	Other front-end shovel loaders	6.2	0.4	0.1
19	87089990	Other parts and accessories of the motor vehicles	6.1	0.4	0.1
20	08051010	Fresh Oranges	5.9	0.4	0.1
21	84248200	Other appliances, agricultural or horticultural	5.8	0.4	0.1
22	25232900	Other portland cement	5.5	0.3	0.1
23	24022090	Other cigarettes containing tobacco	5.3	0.3	0.1
24	87032390	Other, of a cylinder capacity exceeding 1500 cc but not exceeding 3 000 cc	5.3	0.3	0.1
25	39251000	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, of a capacity exceeding 300 li	5.2	0.3	0.1

Table 4.2: Top Exported Goods (Excluding Diamonds) – September 2025 (Million Pula) *Continued*

Rank	HS Code	Description	BW Pula (Million)	Contribution (%) Against Total Non-Diamonds Exports	Contribution (%) Against Total Exports
26	72142000	Containing indentations, ribs, grooves or other deformations produced during the rolling process or twisted after rolling	5.1	0.3	0.1
27	62171090	Other clothing accessories	4.9	0.3	0.1
28	85442090	Other co-axial cable and other co-axial electric conductors	4.8	0.3	0.1
29	94032090	Other metal furniture	4.1	0.3	0.1
30	94038900	Other furniture of other materials, including cane, osier, bamboo or similar materials	4.1	0.3	0.1
31	84797900	Other passenger boarding bridges machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions, not specified or included elsewhere in this chapter	3.9	0.2	0.1
32	84295900	Other mechanical shovels, excavators and shovel loaders:	3.8	0.2	0.1
33	68129100	Clothing, clothing accessories, footwear and headgear	3.8	0.2	0.1
34	72071900	Other semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel, containing by weight, less than 0,25 per cent of carbon	3.6	0.2	0.1
35	72043000	Waste and scrap of tinned iron or steel	3.6	0.2	0.1
36	84122100	Hydraulic power engines and motors : Linear acting (cylinders)	3.4	0.2	0.1
37	22042141	Unfortified wine: With an alcoholic strength of at least 4.5 per cent by volume but not exceeding 16.5 per cent by vol.	3.1	0.2	0.1
38	87059000	Other special purpose motor vehicles	3.1	0.2	0.1
39	63019000	Other blankets and travelling rugs	3.0	0.2	0.1
40	74031900	Other refined copper:	2.8	0.2	0.1
41	72044900	Other waste and scrap of iron or steel	2.7	0.2	0.1
42	72042900	Other waste and scrap of alloy steel	2.7	0.2	0.1
43	84314990	Other parts suitable for use solely or principally with the of machinery	2.5	0.2	0.0
44	39233090	Other carboys, bottles, flasks and similar articles	2.5	0.2	0.0
45	39232117	Flat bags, with a thickness of 24 microns or more (excluding immediate packings, zip-lock bags and household bags including refuse bags and refuse bin liners), Of polymers of ethylene	2.5	0.2	0.0
46	30049099	Other medicaments consisting of mixed or unmixed products for therapeutic or prophylactic uses	2.5	0.2	0.0
47	64041997	Other footwear, With outer soles of natural rubber and uppers of textile materials	2.4	0.2	0.0
48	84314200	Bulldozer or angledozer blades	2.4	0.2	0.0
49	85285990	Other monitors not incorporating television reception apparatus; reception apparatus for television, whether or not incorporating radio-broadcast receivers or sound or video recording or reproducing apparatus	2.3	0.1	0.0
50	58081000	Braids in the piece	2.3	0.1	0.0
Top 50 Exported Non-Diamond Goods			1,432.4	91.0	27.8
Other Non-Diamond Exports Goods			142.1	9.0	2.8
Total Non-Diamond Exports			1,574.6	100.0	30.5
Diamonds Exports			3,582.4		69.5
Total Exports			5,157.3		100.0

8.0 Concepts, Sources and Methods

IMTS are compiled by the International Merchandise Trade Statistics Section of Statistics Botswana, and uses the General Trade system. International Merchandise Trade refers to external trade in goods only. International Service Trade Statistics (ISTS) are however not compiled by this section. The primary source of international merchandise trade data is the Customs & Excise Division at the Botswana Unified Revenue Service (BURS). The Customs & Excise Division is responsible for data capture for both computerised and manual borders, and the monthly raw data files are transferred to Statistics Botswana for data processing.

Imports are valued CIF (cost, insurance & freight), while exports are valued FOB (free on board). The value of imports includes transport and insurance costs to the importing country. The Exports value consists only of the value of goods as they leave the exporting country.

8.1 Time of Recording of Trade

IMTS is compiled using date of recording of trade as opposed to date of assessment of goods by customs. This means that as goods cross the border, trade is recorded and this is the reference month for compilation of IMTS. Some of these goods may however be held by customs for some time pending final assessment for tax or duty purposes.

If the final assessment is done later, for example two or three months, or even more, after the goods had crossed the border, the affected trade will then update trade for the particular month when the goods crossed the border, therefore it does not form part of trade for the month during which the final assessment was done. This is mostly common with imports. Revision of data for the month preceding the one under review will normally show high values as compared to revisions for other months due to more goods (from the previous month) being released after final assessment.

8.2 Concepts and Definitions

- i. **Domestic Exports:** These are goods originating from the compiling country, being permanently exported out of the country for consumption in the outside world. This includes products from customs inwards processing; for example, if a country imports wheat, processes the wheat into bread flour and exports the bread flour and bye products from the milling process, these will all leave the country as domestic exports.
- ii. **Re - Exports:** These are exports of foreign goods that were initially recorded as imports into the compiling country. These goods are exported in the same state that they came in except for wear and tear. An example will be re-exportation of a motor vehicle that was initially imported into the compiling country and after being used it is now being exported to a foreign country.
- iii. **Total exports:** This is the sum of domestic exports and re-exports
- iv. **Imports:** These are goods imported from the outside world, into the compiling country, for local consumption. This includes re-importation of locally produced goods that were initially exported and are now being imported back into the country.
- v. **Trade Balance (Net Export):** This refers to the total value of goods exported minus the total value of goods imported by a given economy in a given period of time. A positive trade balance (trade surplus) indicates that a country is exporting more in value terms than it is importing. A negative trade balance (trade deficit) indicates that the country is importing more than it is exporting.

8.3 Exclusions from IMTS

- i. **Goods in Transit** - This is trade that is simply passing through the compiling country solely for the purpose of being transported to another country.
- ii. **Goods temporarily admitted or dispatched** - These are goods that, at the time of admission/dispatch, are intended to stay in the receiving country temporarily and that after their stay they will be returned in the same state. These goods include display equipment for trade fairs and exhibitions, commercial samples, means of transport, containers, equipment for working, etc.
- iii. **Monetary Gold**- This is gold to which the monetary authorities have title and is held as reserve assets.
- iv. **Issued banknotes and securities and coins in circulation**-These goods represent evidence of financial claims and are excluded from IMTS

The above list of exclusions from IMTS is, however, not exhaustive and only a few that are common, simple, straightforward and easy to understand have been picked as examples.



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