



International Merchandise Trade Statistics

Monthly Digest- July 2025

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LIST OF ACRONYMS

CIF:	Cost, Insurance and Freight
EU:	European Union
FOB:	Free On Board
IMTS:	International Merchandise Trade Statistics
NES:	Not Elsewhere Specified
SACU:	Southern Africa Customs Union
SADC:	Southern Africa Development Community
UAE:	United Arab Emirates
UK:	United Kingdom
USA:	United States of America

PREFACE

International Merchandise Trade Statistics measure the flow of goods across national borders and can be used to spot emerging markets, gauge competition, and identify export and import opportunities. As a result, it is integral to the process of globalisation by keeping track of all exchanges of goods between trading partners. The transaction reflects the value of goods that add to (Imports) or subtract from (Exports), the stock of material resources of a country. Trade statistics continue to be one of the key indicators of economic performance and global competitiveness.

The monthly International Merchandise Trade Statistics are used extensively in the compilation of national accounts and balance of payments. Furthermore, these statistics are used by government institutions and other stakeholders for trade negotiations and other various purposes.

This publication outlines Botswana's monthly International Merchandise Trade Statistics (IMTS) for July 2025. The report provides summaries of international trade in goods, as shown in **Table 1.0**, **Tables 2.1** and **2.2** show trade by Principal commodity groupings for imports and exports, respectively, whereas **Table 2.3** solely shows trade in diamonds. The direction of trade appears in **Table 3.1A** (imports) and **Table 3.2A** (total exports). Major trading partner countries by commodity groups, as a percentage of trade at region or country level, for the current period are presented in **Table 3.1B** for imports and **Table 3.2B** for exports. The top traded import and export commodities excluding diamonds for the month under review are presented in **Tables 4.1** & **4.2** respectively. This is to guide users on opportunities to produce commodities for import substitution or possible exportation.

Changes in data for the corresponding months in the current versus previous digests may be attributed to data from transactions that had deferred customs duty assessments or delayed customs processes. The data for such transactions would only be available at a later stage after customs duty assessments have been completed.

International trade statistics by mode of transport are collected for the active modes of transport (road, rail, air) through which goods are presumed to enter or leave the statistical territory of the country. Such data may be used to formulate transport policy, monitor international transport routes or assess the impact of international trade on the environment.

This publication also reflects the value of Goods in Transit. Transit trade is vital in facilitating economic transformation and regional trade, while contributing to the growth of employment, incomes, tax revenues, and directly to improving the balance of payments through export of services.

For more information, contact the Directorate of Stakeholder Relations at **3671300**. All Statistics Botswana publications are available on the website at www.statsbots.org.bw and at the Statistics Botswana Information Resource Centre (Head Office, Gaborone). I sincerely thank all stakeholders involved in the formulation of this monthly digest, for their continued support and feedback, as we strive to serve users of our products and services effectively.



Dr Lucky Mokgatlhe
Acting Statistician General
September 2025

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This International Merchandise Trade Statistics (IMTS) monthly digest provides a summary of trade statistics on Botswana's total imports and exports of goods for July 2025. International merchandise trade statistics records all goods which add to, or subtract from, the stock of material resources of a country by entering (as imports) or leaving (as exports) its economic territory.

In July 2025, Botswana imported goods valued at P6, 395.7 million, registering a decline of 7.1 percent from the revised June 2025 value of P6, 883.8 million. The leading import commodity groups were Fuel and Food, Beverages & Tobacco at 23.5 percent and 15.9 percent of the total, respectively. Machinery & Electrical Equipment and Chemicals & Rubber Products contributed 15.6 percent and 10.1 percent to total imports in that sequence.

The main source of imports was the Southern African Customs Union (**SACU**) at 68.9 percent. Asia and the European Union (**EU**) accounted for 14.7 percent and 4.6 percent of total imports, respectively. At country level, South Africa was the main supplier of imports at 62.8 percent of the total, followed by China, Namibia and Mozambique at 6.6 percent, 5.7 percent and 4.2 percent respectively (**Table 3.1A**).

The value of Botswana exports in July 2025 amounted to P6, 299.7 million, marking a 16.9 percent decrease compared to the revised export value of P7, 577.8 million recorded in June 2025. Diamonds and Copper were the main contributors to total exports at 77.1 percent and 12.1 percent in that sequence. Machinery & Electrical Equipment contributed 3.9 percent to the total export value.

Asia was the top destination for Botswana's exports in the period under review, accounting for 53.8 percent of total exports. The **EU** and **SACU** received 26.2 percent and 10.2 percent, respectively. At country level, Botswana's top export destinations were the United Arab Emirates (**UAE**), Belgium and India at 28.7 percent, 26.1 percent and 13.7 percent, of total exports, respectively (**Table 3.2A**). During the same period, South Africa received 9.2 percent, while China and Australia received 5.8 percent and 5.6 percent of Botswana's exports respectively.

In July 2025, imports representing 74.5 percent were transported into the country by Road, whereas those imported by Rail and Air accounted for 17.7 percent and 7.8 percent of total imports, respectively. Goods exported by Air accounted for 78.2 percent of total exports, while those moved by Road and Rail represented 21.0 percent and 0.8 percent respectively (**Table B**).

Merchandise worth P14, 377.2 million transited through the country to various destinations during the period under review. Goods accounting for 56.6 percent transited through Martins Drift border post. Kazungula Bridge and Mamuno border posts handled 29.8 percent and 8.5 percent of the transit goods, respectively (**Table C1**). The top transiting goods were classified under Chapter 74 (Copper & articles thereof) at 48.7 percent. This was followed by goods under Chapter 84 (Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof), which made up 8.7 percent of all goods in transit (**Table C2**).



TOTAL TRADE

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1.0 Total Trade

Total merchandise trade refers to imports, domestic exports, re-exports and trade balance between countries or regions over a specific period. The discussions are based on July 2025, which is also referred to as the reference period, the period under review or the current month, throughout the digest.

1.1 Data Revision

The current monthly digest is based on preliminary figures with regard to the reference period. Revisions to the monthly trade statistics data are a standard practice necessary to allow for the incorporation of the additional and refined data that were not available at the previous release date, or when there are late customs duty assessments or processes. Revisions are made on a monthly basis when monthly data files are uploaded into the database, thereby enriching the information for previous months. In some instances, revisions are negligible, while notably significant in others.

The inclusion of additional data for the previous month, incorporated in July 2025, resulted in the upward revision to both trade flows for June 2025. A growth of 2.4 percent (P162.7 million) and 1.0 percent (P76.1 million) was recorded for imports and total exports for June 2025, respectively. **Table A** shows revised data comparing figures from the previous digest with those of the month under review.

Table A: Data Revision: May and June 2025 (Million Pula)

Period	As at June 2025 Digest (P Million)			As at July 2025 Digest (P Million)			Difference (P million)			Difference as %		
	Imports (CIF)	Total Exports	Trade Balance	Imports (CIF)	Total Exports	Trade Balance	Imports (CIF)	Total Exports	Trade Balance	Imports (CIF)	Total Exports	Trade Balance
May	8,501.3	7,286.6	(1,214.7)	8,505.1	7,297.2	(1,207.9)	3.8	10.6	6.9	0.0	0.1	(0.6)
June	6,721.1	7,501.7	780.6	6,883.8	7,577.8	694.0	162.7	76.1	(86.6)	2.4	1.0	(11.1)

() Denotes negative

1.2 Imports

Imports are valued at Cost, Insurance & Freight (CIF), the price includes the value of goods, insurance and freight costs required for delivering the commodities to the destination, but excludes customs or any other duties paid on arrival at the border of the importing country.

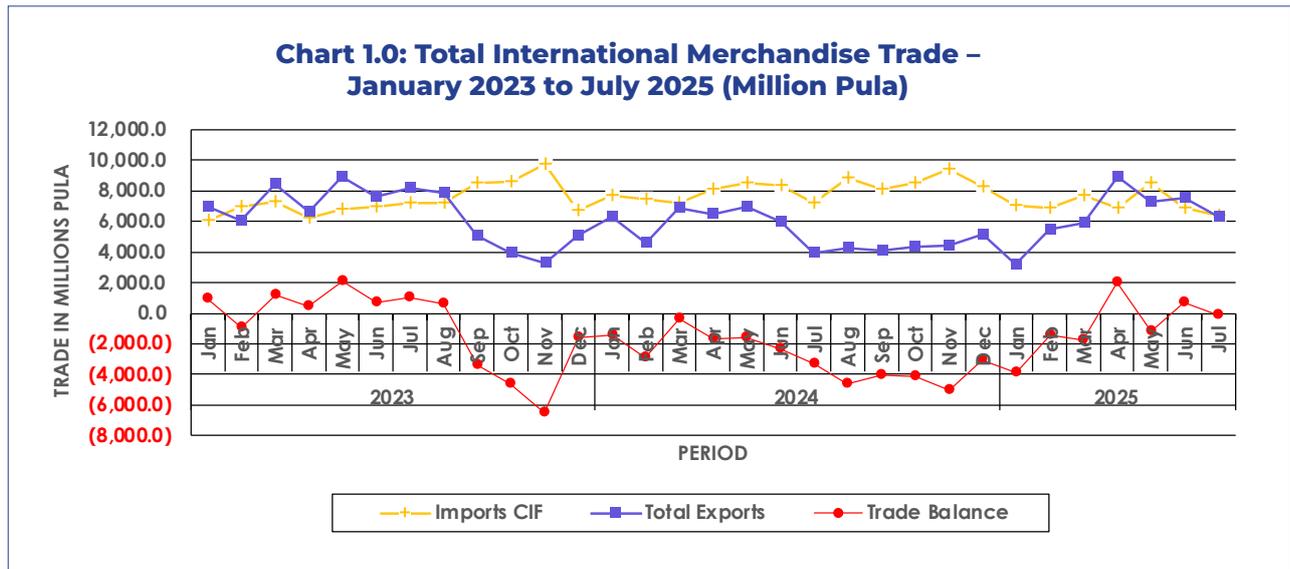
In July 2025, Botswana's total imports were valued at P6, 395.7 million, registering a decline of 7.1 percent (P488.1 million) from the revised June 2025 figure of P6, 883.8 million. This decline was largely driven by broad-based contractions across most principal commodity groups, with the exception of Fuel, Textiles & Footwear and Salt Ores & Related Products. These categories recorded respective increase of 4.6 percent (P66.4 million), 10.4 percent (P17.3 million) and 13.0 percent (P12.8 million), as shown on **Table 2.1**.

1.3 Total Exports

Botswana's exports declined by 16.9 percent (P1, 278.1 million), from the revised June 2025 figure of P7, 577.8 million to P6, 299.7 million in July 2025. The decrease was mainly driven by Diamond and Copper exports which went down by 14.6 percent (P827.6 million) and 29.2 percent (P314.3 million), respectively, as displayed in **Table 2.2**.

1.4 Trade Balance

In July 2025, Botswana recorded a trade deficit of P96.0 million ([Table 1.0](#)). [Chart 1.0](#) displays the graphical presentation of the trade balance from January 2023 to July 2025.



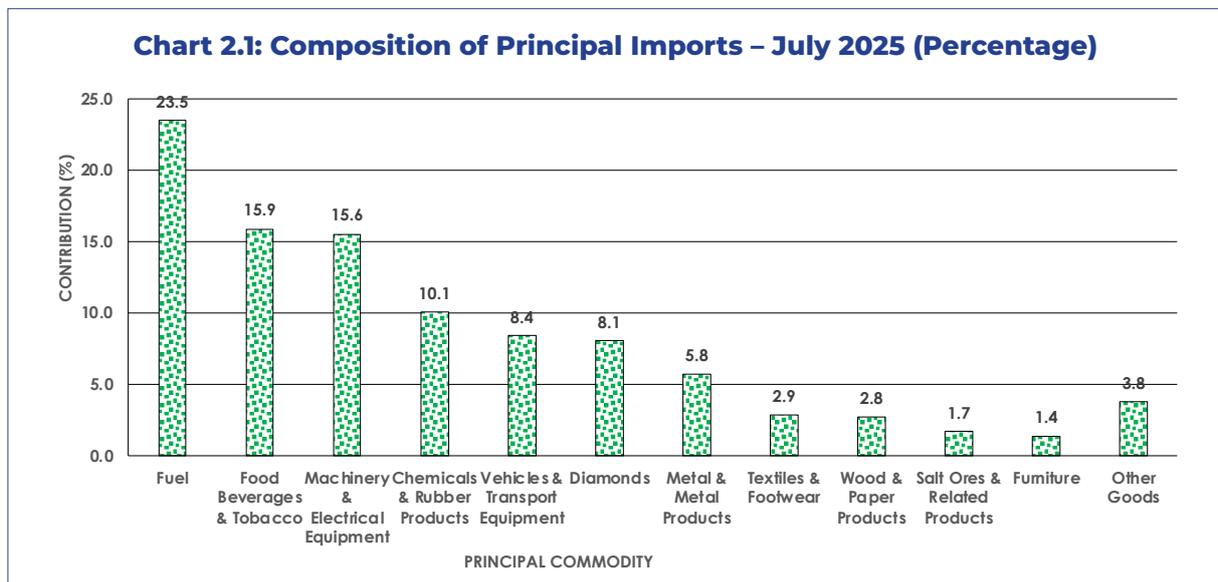
2.0 Trade by Principal Commodity Groups

Principal commodity groups refer to selections of related commodities grouped together to form major groups. Commodities forming a group may be of related chapters or commodities, for example 'Vehicles & Transport Equipment' combines vehicles and other equipment used for transport purposes.

In cases where it becomes a challenge to come up with further groups of related chapters or commodities, the remaining commodities are grouped together under the general category called 'Other'. This occurs when a commodity group's contribution to the total is minimal.

2.1 Principal Imports

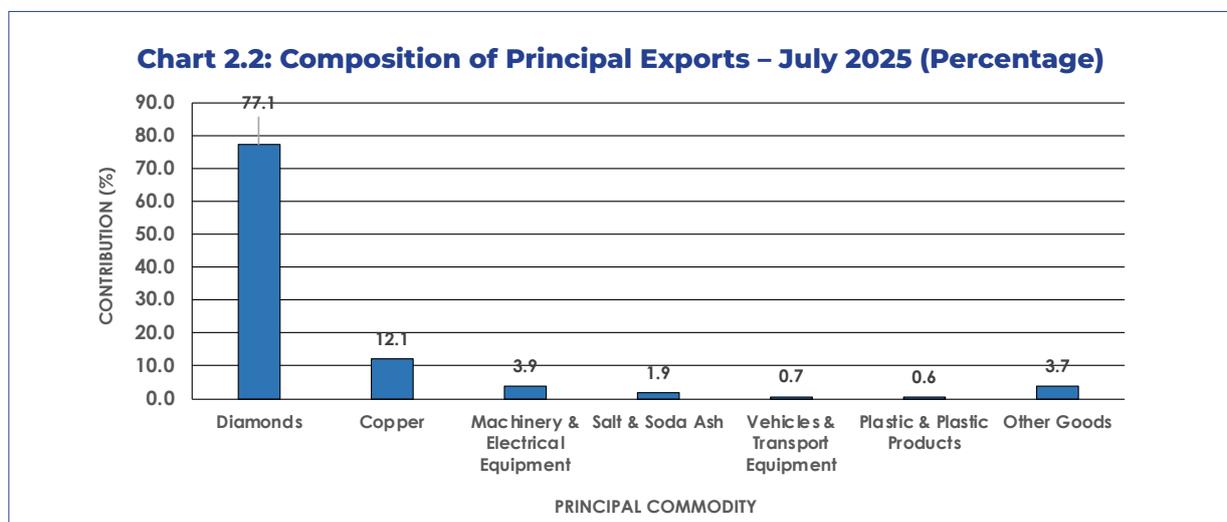
In July 2025, Botswana received imports valued at P6,395.7 million. The leading imported commodity groups were Fuel; Food, Beverages & Tobacco and Machinery & Electrical Equipment. Fuel was the largest contributor, accounting for 23.5 percent (P1,504.8 million) of total imports, followed by Food, Beverages & Tobacco and Machinery & Electrical Equipment at 15.9 percent (P1,018.2 million) and 15.6 percent (P995.3 million), respectively. Chemicals & Rubber Products contributed 10.1 percent (P647.3 million) to total imports. Contributions made by other commodity groups can be viewed in [Table 2.1](#) and [Chart 2.1](#).



Note: 'Other Goods' here includes any other goods not displayed as in [Table 2.1](#)

2.2 Principal Exports

During July 2025, Botswana exported merchandise valued at P6, 299.7 million to the external markets. Diamonds remained the dominant export commodity group, accounting for 77.1 percent (P4, 859.3 million) of total exports. Copper and Machinery & Electrical Equipment followed with a contribution of 12.1 percent (P760.6 million) and 3.9 percent (P243.2 million) respectively. Contributions made by other commodity groups are presented in [Table 2.2](#) and [Chart 2.2](#).



Note: 'Other Goods' here includes any other goods not displayed as in [Table 2.2](#)

3.0 Direction of Trade

The direction of Trade analyses the value of merchandise trade disaggregated according to a country's primary trading partners. As a result the direction of trade outlines the last known destination for exports and sources of imports. Only major trading partners are considered individually, while smaller trading partners are grouped together under a general category. Trade by major partner countries, regions and principal commodity groups for imports and exports, during July 2025 appears in [Table 3.1 A](#) and [Table 3.2A](#), respectively. [Table 3.1B](#) (imports) and [Table 3.2B](#) (exports) show percentage distributions for major sources and destinations by principal commodity groups during the same month.

3.1 Principal Imports by Major Trading Partner Countries and Regions

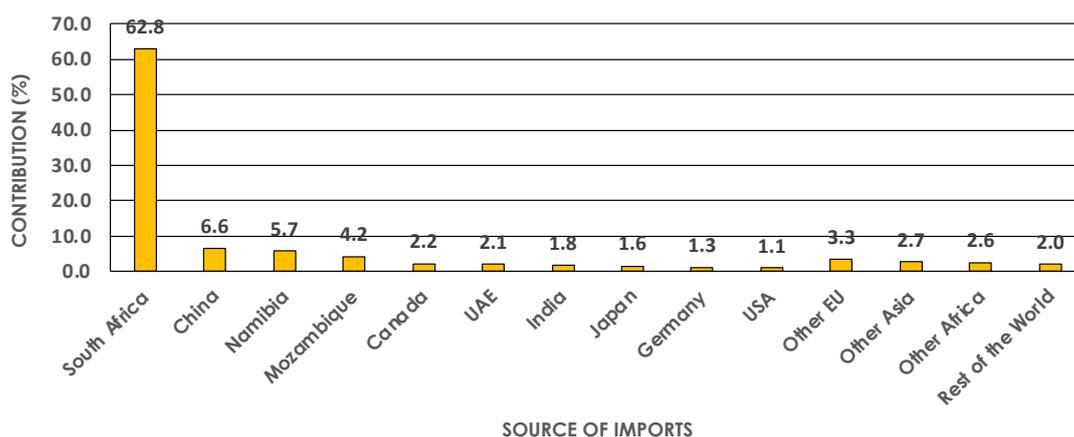
During the period under review, Botswana imported goods worth P6, 395.7 million, with the **SACU** region contributing largest share at 68.9 percent (P4, 407.4 million) to the total. Fuel; Food, Beverages & Tobacco and Chemicals & Rubber Products were the most imported commodity groups from the customs union. Fuel and Food, Beverages & Tobacco accounted for 27.5 percent (P1, 213.0 million) and 20.4 percent (P898.7 million) in that sequence. Chemicals & Rubber Products followed with 11.1 percent (P488.9 million). Among the **SACU** member states, South Africa was the largest source of imports, accounting for 62.8 percent (P4, 015.1 million) of the total. Namibia was the second largest source, contributing 5.7 percent (P366.2 million) of total imports. These are displayed in [Table 3.1A](#) and [Table 3.1B](#).

In July 2025, Botswana imported goods amounting to P939.3 million from Asia, accounting for 14.7 percent of the total imports. The main commodity groups imported from the region were Machinery & Electrical Equipment and Diamonds with contributions of 37.0 percent (P347.7 million) and 21.5 percent (P201.9 million) of total imports, respectively. Vehicles & Transport Equipment followed, contributing 12.8 percent (P120.1 million). In Asia, China and **UAE** contributed highest at 6.6 percent (P419.9 million) and 2.1 percent (P133.4 million) to total imports, respectively. Figures are shown in [Table 3.1A](#) and [Table 3.1B](#).

During the reference period, Botswana imported goods valued at P295.2 million from the **EU**, accounting for 4.6 percent of total imports. Machinery & Electrical Equipment and Chemicals & Rubber Products, were the key commodity groups imported from the union at 42.4 percent (P125.2 million) and 19.4 percent (P57.4 million). Diamonds followed with a contribution of 14.0 percent (P41.4 million). Within the **EU** member states, Germany was the main source with a contribution of 1.3 percent (P81.3 million) to the total imports ([Table 3.1A](#) and [Table 3.1B](#)).

Botswana imported goods valued at P268.8 million from Mozambique, representing 4.2 percent of total imports. Fuel was the dominant commodity, accounting for 99.9 percent (P268.5 million) of imports from that country. During the same period, Canada supplied imports worth P143.3 million accounting for 2.2 percent of total imports. The main commodity groups supplied were Diamonds and Machinery & Electrical Equipment, which constituted 79.6 percent (P114.1 million) and 15.7 percent (P22.5 million), respectively. Sources of imports during July 2025 can be viewed in [Table 3.1 A](#) and [Chart 3.1](#).

Chart 3.1: Imports by Major Trading Partner Countries & Regions – July 2025



'Rest of the World' includes all other Countries or Regions not specified as in Table 3.1A

3.2 Principal Exports by Major Trading Partner Countries and Regions

Botswana exported merchandise worth P6, 299.7 million in July 2025, with majority destined for Asian markets, followed by shares to Europe and the **SACU** region.

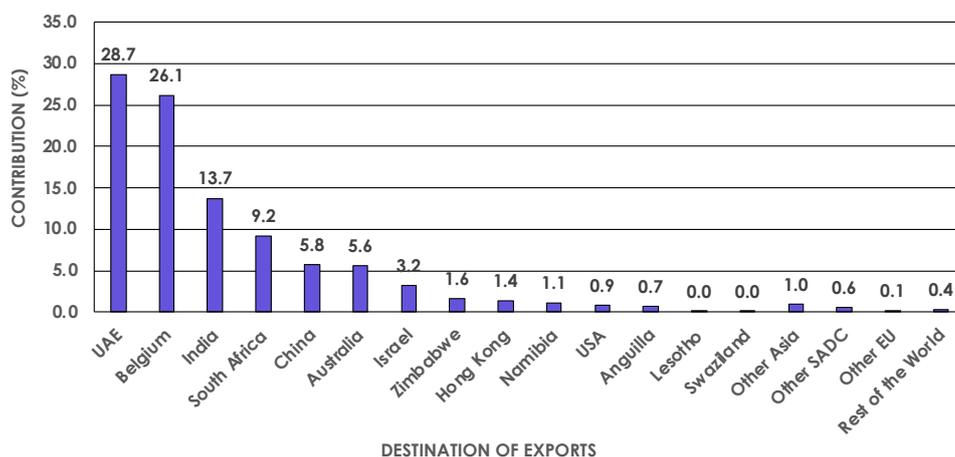
Asia was the largest export market for Botswana in July 2025, receiving 53.8 percent (P3, 386.8 million) of total exports. Diamonds and Copper were the major commodity groups exported to the region, at 88.7 percent (P3, 003.2 million) and 10.8 percent (P364.8 million), respectively. Top export destinations within Asia were the **UAE**, India and China, which received 28.7 percent (P1, 805.0 million), 13.7 percent (P866.1 million) and 5.8 percent (P364.8 million) of total exports, respectively. Diamonds was the primary export commodity group to both the **UAE** and India, accounting for 99.6 percent (P1, 797.4 million) and 99.0 percent (P857.0 million) of exports to these countries, respectively. Copper was the sole commodity exported to China, valued at P364.8 million, as displayed in **Table 3.2A** and **Table 3.2B**

The EU received exports valued at P1, 652.5 million, reflecting 26.2 percent of total exports. Diamonds was the main commodity group exported to the **EU**, valued at P1, 643.1 million, representing 99.4 percent of total exports to the region. Belgium received most of the exports destined for the union, at 26.1 percent (P1, 643.1 million) of total exports, all of which were Diamonds, as displayed in **Table 3.2A** and **Table 3.2B**

In July 2025, exports to the **SACU** region accounted for 10.2 percent (P645.5 million) of Botswana's total exports. The primary commodities exported to the customs union were Machinery & Electrical Equipment and Diamonds, contributing 31.4 percent (P202.8 million) and 24.1 percent (P155.6 million) in that order. Salt & Soda Ash followed at 14.6 percent (P94.1 million) of total exports to the regional block. South Africa was the main recipient of exports within **SACU**, at 9.2 percent (P577.1 million) of total exports, as in **Table 3.2A**.

During the month under review, Australia received exports worth P354.4 million, representing 5.6 percent of Botswana's total exports. Copper was the sole commodity exported to that country. Contributions made by other countries is presented in **Table 3.2A** and **Table 3.2B**.

Chart 3.2: Exports by Major Trading Partner Countries & Regions – July 2025



'Rest of the World' includes all other Countries or Regions not specified as in Table 3.2

4.0 Imports and Exports by Top imported and Exported Commodities

The top traded commodities for both flows are presented in **Table 4.1** for imports and **Table 4.2** for exports for July 2025. This is intended to present the most traded goods (excluding Diamonds) with a view to guiding users on opportunities to produce commodities for import substitution, possible exportation and economic diversification.

5.0 Trade by Mode of Transport

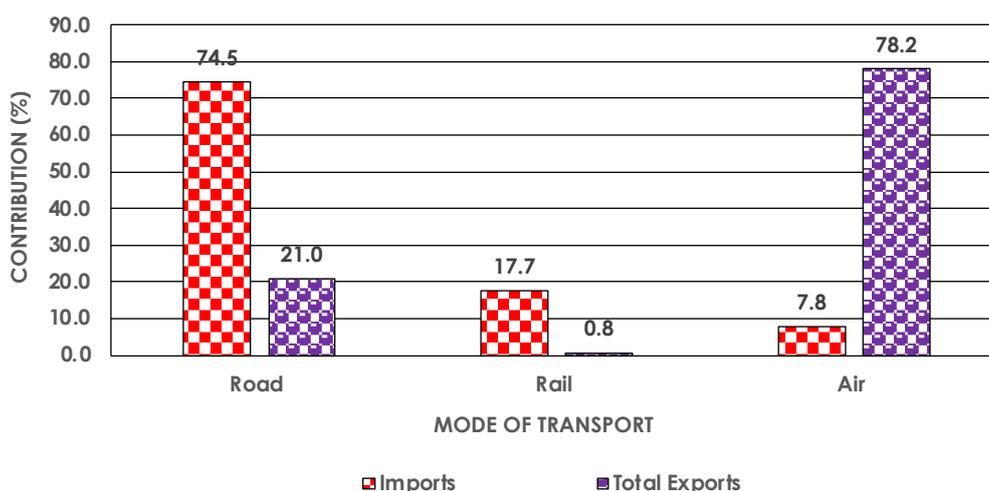
Trade by mode of transport refers to classification of trade activities based on the method of transportation used to move goods between countries or regions. This helps in understanding the flow of goods across borders and can provide insights into trade patterns, identifying bottlenecks and infrastructure needs and can be used as guidance in formulating transport policies. Active modes of transport mainly used in Botswana for movement of international merchandise trade are Air, Road and Rail. **Table B** presents statistics relating to modes of transport while **Chart B** gives the graphical illustration.

Imports representing 74.5 percent (P4, 766.9 million) were transported into the country by Road, whereas those imported by Rail and Air accounted for 17.7 percent (P1, 128.9 million) and 7.8 percent (P499.9 million) of total imports respectively. During the month under review, goods valued at P4, 927.7 million, representing 78.2 percent of total exports, were exported by Air. Goods exported by Road and Rail accounted for 21.0 percent (P1, 322.7 million) and 0.8 percent (P49.3 million) of total exports, respectively.

Table B: Trade by Mode of Transport – July 2025 (Million Pula)

Flow Type	Imports		Total Exports	
Mode of Transport	BW Pula (Million)	% Contribution	BW Pula (Million)	% Contribution
Road Transport	4,766.9	74.5	1,322.7	21.0
Rail Transport	1,128.9	17.7	49.3	0.8
Air Transport	499.9	7.8	4,927.7	78.2
Total	6,395.7	100.0	6,299.7	100.0

Chart B: Trade by Mode of Transport – July 2025 (Percentage)



6.0 Transit Trade

Transit trade refers to the movement of goods from one country to another through a third country, without the goods being subject to customs duties and other import restrictions in the intermediary country. Essentially, it involves the transportation of goods across a country that lies between the country of origin and the final destination. Countries that serve as transit hubs often provide infrastructure and services to facilitate transit trade. These countries may benefit economically from transit trade through fees, tariffs, or other charges associated with transportation services or by stimulating economic activity related to trade and transportation.

Overall, the purpose of transit trade is to overcome geographical, logistical, and economic constraints to facilitate the movement of goods between countries or regions efficiently, cost-effectively and securely. It plays a crucial role in promoting international trade, economic development, and regional integration.

Countries involved in transit trade typically have agreements and protocols in place to govern the movement of goods through their territory without the imposition of customs duties and other trade barriers. This helps to streamline the transportation of goods and reduce logistical challenges for businesses engaged in international trade.

Transit trade is subject to compliance with specific regulations and documentation requirements to ensure the proper monitoring and control of the movement of goods. Violations or misuse of transit trade arrangements can lead to penalties and legal consequences.

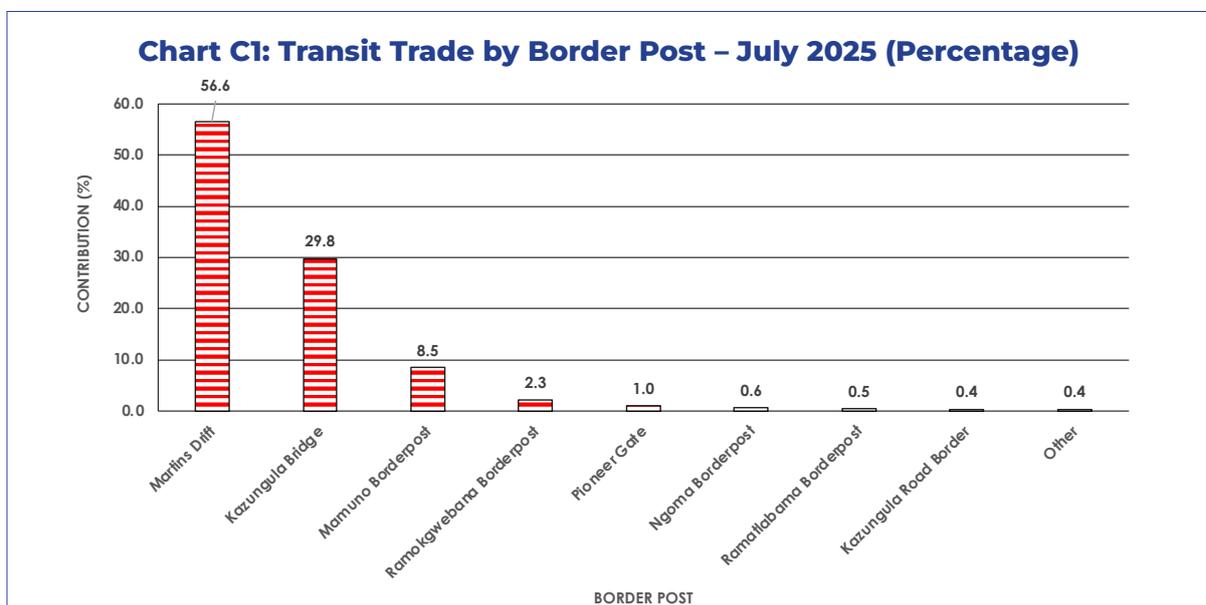
6.1 Transit Trade by Border Post

In July 2025, goods amounting to P14, 377.2 million transited through Botswana destined for various countries. Martins Drift, Kazungula bridge and Mamuno border posts handled goods accounting for 56.6 percent (P8, 132.0 million), 29.8 percent (P4, 280.2 million) and 8.5 percent (P1, 219.9 million) respectively, as displayed in [Table C1](#) and [Chart C1](#).

Table C1: Transit Trade by Border Post – July 2025 (Million Pula)

Border Post	BW Pula (Million)	% Contribution
Martins Drift	8,132.0	56.6
Kazungula Bridge	4,280.2	29.8
Mamuno Borderpost	1,219.9	8.5
Ramokgwebana Borderpos	329.8	2.3
Pioneer Gate	143.7	1.0
Ngoma Borderpost	89.2	0.6
Ramatlabama Borderpost	71.4	0.5
Kazungula Road Border	57.5	0.4
Other	53.6	0.4
Total	14,377.2	100.0

“Other Border Posts...” includes all border posts in Botswana not displayed on Table C1



“Other Border Posts...” includes all border posts in Botswana not displayed on Chart C1

6.2 Transit by Chapter

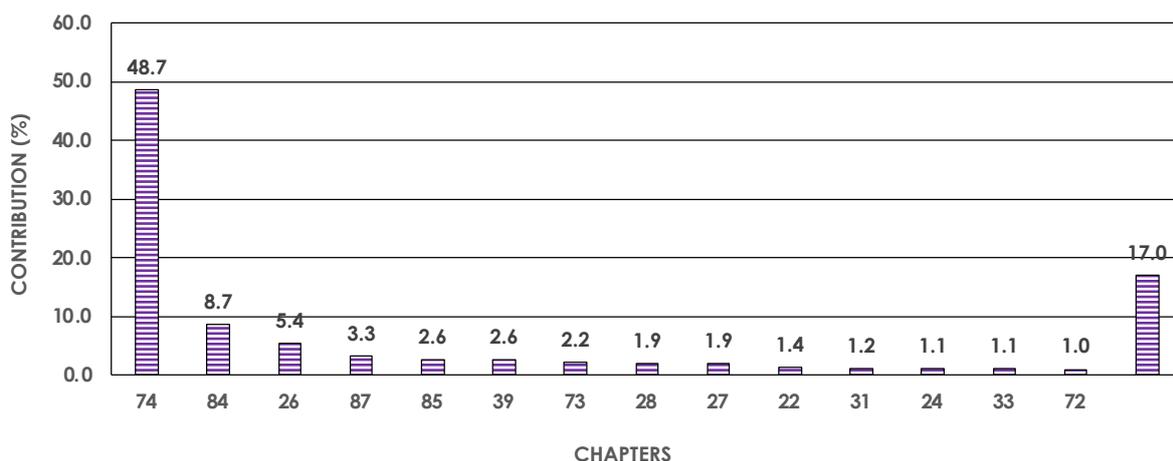
Chapter 74 (Copper and articles thereof) and chapter 84 (Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof) were the top most transiting goods, contributing 48.7 percent (P6, 998.4 million) and 8.7 percent (P1, 256.3 million) respectively as shown in **Table C2** and **Chart C2**.

Table C2: Transit Trade by Chapter – July 2025 (Million Pula)

Rank	Chapter	Description	BW Pula (Million)	%
1	74	Copper and articles thereof	6,998.4	48.7
2	84	Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof	1,256.3	8.7
3	26	Ores, slag and ash	773.6	5.4
4	87	Vehicles; other than railway or tramway rolling stock, and parts and accessories thereof	473.7	3.3
5	85	Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers; television image and sound recorders and reproducers, parts and accessories of such articles	377.5	2.6
6	39	Plastics and articles thereof	371.5	2.6
7	73	Iron or steel articles	312.2	2.2
8	28	Inorganic chemicals; organic and inorganic compounds of precious metals; of rare earth metals, of radio-active elements and of isotopes	276.9	1.9
9	27	Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes	274.4	1.9
10	22	Beverages, spirits and vinegar	196.6	1.4
11	31	Fertilizers	172.2	1.2
12	24	Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes	160.3	1.1
13	33	Essential oils and resinoids; perfumery, cosmetic or toilet preparations	151.1	1.1
14	72	Iron and steel	144.4	1.0
		Other	3,246.6	21.6
		Total	15,011.4	100.0

“Other...” includes all chapters not displayed on Table C2

Chart C2: Transit Trade by Chapter – July 2025 (Percentage)



“Other...” includes all chapters not displayed on Chart C2

7.0 ANNEXURE

Table 1.0: Total Merchandise Trade – January 2023 to July 2025 (Million Pula)

Period \ HS	Imports CIF	Imports FOB	Freight	Insurance	Domestic Exports	Re-Exports	Total Export	Trade Balance
Jan_2023	6,029.7	5,749.1	279.1	1.6	6,969.5	0.0	6,969.5	939.8
Feb	7,004.6	6,709.7	293.2	1.6	6,097.4	6.1	6,103.4	(901.2)
Mar	7,272.6	6,954.4	316.3	1.9	8,423.6	5.7	8,429.3	1,156.7
Q1	20,306.9	19,413.3	888.6	5.1	21,490.4	11.7	21,502.2	1,195.3
Apr	6,216.0	5,937.9	276.7	1.4	6,633.6	2.7	6,636.3	420.3
May	6,842.4	6,529.0	312.3	1.1	8,923.6	3.4	8,927.0	2,084.6
Jun	6,948.2	6,622.1	324.1	2.1	7,607.5	0.5	7,608.0	659.7
Q2	20,006.7	19,089.0	913.1	4.6	23,164.7	6.6	23,171.3	3,164.6
Jul	7,175.2	6,855.3	318.2	1.7	8,211.5	0.1	8,211.5	1,036.3
Aug	7,199.4	6,863.8	333.7	1.9	7,835.9	0.5	7,836.4	637.1
Sep	8,492.7	8,149.0	342.1	1.6	5,121.6	0.1	5,121.7	(3,371.0)
Q3	22,867.2	21,868.1	994.0	5.2	21,169.0	0.6	21,169.6	(1,697.6)
Oct	8,601.5	8,245.1	354.8	1.6	3,954.1	3.7	3,957.8	(4,643.7)
Nov	9,739.6	9,365.9	370.9	2.8	3,243.0	0.4	3,243.4	(6,496.2)
Dec	6,690.2	6,392.9	295.3	2.0	5,067.6	0.8	5,068.4	(1,621.8)
Q4	25,031.4	24,004.0	1,021.1	6.3	12,264.7	5.0	12,269.6	(12,761.7)
Total_2023	88,212.2	84,374.3	3,816.7	21.1	78,088.8	23.9	78,112.7	(10,099.5)
Jan_2024	7,745.0	7,424.8	318.0	2.2	6,299.8	0.0	6,299.8	(1,445.2)
Feb	7,497.1	7,163.9	331.5	1.8	4,557.0	0.2	4,557.2	(2,939.9)
Mar	7,209.0	6,905.3	301.8	1.9	6,853.8	14.4	6,868.1	(340.8)
Q1	22,451.1	21,493.9	951.3	5.9	17,710.6	14.6	17,725.2	(4,726.0)
Apr	8,138.0	7,752.6	382.9	2.5	6,484.5	14.4	6,498.9	(1,639.1)
May	8,552.8	8,205.4	345.1	2.3	6,967.9	0.1	6,967.9	(1,584.9)
Jun	8,391.8	8,051.7	337.1	3.0	6,018.4	0.4	6,018.8	(2,373.1)
Q2	25,082.6	24,009.8	1,065.0	7.8	19,470.8	14.8	19,485.6	(5,597.0)
Jul	7,192.1	6,834.5	355.6	2.0	3,845.3	52.4	3,897.7	(3,294.4)
Aug	8,864.6	8,481.5	381.4	1.7	4,246.4	0.0	4,246.4	(4,618.2)
Sep	8,117.8	7,776.5	339.6	1.7	4,081.4	1.6	4,083.0	(4,034.7)
Q3	24,174.5	23,092.5	1,076.6	5.4	12,173.0	54.1	12,227.1	(11,947.4)
Oct	8,507.7	8,104.4	401.4	1.9	4,341.4	0.0	4,341.4	(4,166.3)
Nov	9,415.6	8,994.8	418.4	2.4	4,408.0	0.7	4,408.7	(5,006.9)
Dec	8,247.8	7,886.6	358.2	3.1	5,156.5	0.0	5,156.5	(3,091.3)
Q4	26,171.1	24,985.8	1,177.9	7.3	13,905.9	0.7	13,906.6	(12,264.5)
Total_2024	97,879.4	93,582.0	4,270.9	26.5	63,260.2	84.2	63,344.5	(34,534.9)
Jan_2025	7,055.5	6,702.5	351.0	2.0	3,162.4	0.0	3,162.5	(3,893.0)
Feb	6,908.0	6,556.4	349.6	2.0	5,482.6	0.0	5,482.6	(1,425.4)
Mar	7,694.7	7,333.3	359.4	1.9	5,904.4	0.0	5,904.4	(1,790.3)
Q1	21,658.2	20,592.3	1,060.0	5.9	14,549.5	0.0	14,549.5	(7,108.7)
Apr	6,870.4	6,506.2	360.1	4.1	8,905.0	1.4	8,906.4	2,036.0
May	8,505.1	8,139.8	361.6	3.6	7,295.6	1.6	7,297.2	(1,207.9)
Jun	6,883.8	6,553.8	327.4	2.6	7,577.8	0.0	7,577.8	694.0
Q2	22,259.3	21,199.8	1,049.2	10.3	23,778.5	3.0	23,781.4	1,522.2
Jul	6,395.7	6,087.8	304.7	3.2	6,299.7	0.0	6,299.7	(96.0)
Change	(488.1)	(466.0)	(22.8)	0.6	(1,278.1)	0.0	(1,278.1)	(790.0)
% Change	(7.1)	(7.1)	(7.0)	23.3	(16.9)	0.0	(16.9)	(113.8)

Change: Difference between the Current and Previous month

Table 2.1: Principal Imports Commodity Groups – January 2023 to July 2025 (Million Pula)

Period \ HS	Chemicals & Rubber Products	Diamonds	Food, Beverages & Tobacco	Fuel	Furniture	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Metals & Metal Products	Salt Ores & Related Products	Textiles & Footwear	Vehicle & Transport Equipment	Wood & Paper Products	Other Goods	Total Goods
Jan_2023	640.9	988.8	907.0	1,338.4	46.6	852.5	279.7	56.3	133.4	418.9	134.9	232.2	6,029.7
Feb	771.5	1,352.4	1,260.4	1,288.5	57.3	894.3	376.9	46.6	180.8	422.4	142.9	210.6	7,004.6
Mar	795.7	838.1	1,221.3	1,511.1	68.3	1,111.2	394.7	65.4	235.4	566.0	179.3	286.1	7,272.6
Q1	2,208.0	3,179.2	3,388.7	4,138.0	172.2	2,858.0	1,051.4	168.3	549.6	1,407.3	457.2	728.8	20,306.9
Apr	768.6	765.9	1,093.7	1,366.8	55.9	817.1	352.0	63.6	197.8	382.6	140.3	211.7	6,216.0
May	902.1	874.4	1,013.1	1,311.5	75.4	1,058.4	391.2	77.3	187.3	550.3	161.8	239.8	6,842.4
Jun	904.4	779.6	1,153.4	1,321.9	80.3	1,120.5	422.4	100.1	153.4	528.1	176.9	207.4	6,948.2
Q2	2,575.1	2,419.9	3,260.1	4,000.1	211.6	2,995.9	1,165.6	240.9	538.5	1,460.9	479.1	658.9	20,006.7
Jul	823.9	811.5	1,077.2	1,437.5	67.3	1,016.5	418.1	63.4	173.9	873.7	167.4	244.8	7,175.2
Aug	916.9	597.0	1,255.8	1,486.1	79.8	1,132.9	431.7	74.8	204.6	572.9	183.6	263.4	7,199.4
Sep	779.9	1,435.5	1,340.1	1,823.0	87.9	1,187.9	449.3	64.7	228.9	625.6	171.8	298.3	8,492.7
Q3	2,520.6	2,844.0	3,673.1	4,746.5	235.0	3,337.3	1,299.1	202.9	607.3	2,072.1	522.8	806.5	22,867.2
Oct	859.4	1,436.6	1,475.0	1,798.8	84.7	1,117.8	409.9	61.5	270.4	561.7	186.2	339.6	8,601.5
Nov	1,151.8	2,276.0	1,436.6	1,854.9	89.7	1,131.2	419.3	68.4	277.5	578.3	198.0	257.9	9,739.6
Dec	760.4	1,097.0	1,045.3	1,404.0	79.6	859.8	367.3	83.0	162.0	469.3	159.2	203.5	6,690.2
Q4	2,771.6	4,809.5	3,956.8	5,057.7	254.0	3,108.8	1,196.5	212.8	709.9	1,609.2	543.4	801.1	25,031.4
Total_2023	10,075.4	13,252.7	14,278.7	17,942.3	872.9	12,300.0	4,712.5	824.9	2,405.3	6,549.6	2,002.4	2,995.3	88,212.2
Jan_2024	914.7	1,826.0	1,107.4	1,355.3	45.9	834.7	324.6	94.2	140.2	765.5	147.1	189.4	7,745.0
Feb	879.1	795.9	1,115.7	1,622.8	88.8	1,263.3	429.8	76.1	204.6	592.6	177.0	251.2	7,497.1
Mar	746.2	1,235.7	1,170.3	1,342.4	91.8	1,043.2	370.6	79.0	209.3	510.0	194.9	215.5	7,209.0
Q1	2,540.1	3,857.5	3,393.4	4,320.5	226.6	3,141.2	1,125.0	249.3	554.2	1,868.2	519.0	656.1	22,451.1
Apr	788.5	1,283.0	1,175.6	1,361.0	90.0	1,511.9	432.0	83.9	257.1	695.5	187.9	271.6	8,138.0
May	748.4	2,030.7	1,285.2	1,394.3	100.9	1,220.1	443.7	89.3	231.3	598.5	181.5	228.9	8,552.8
Jun	861.6	2,011.3	1,147.4	1,291.7	94.0	1,195.6	408.3	88.1	197.1	683.6	190.4	222.7	8,391.8
Q2	2,398.5	5,324.9	3,608.3	4,047.0	284.9	3,927.6	1,284.0	261.3	685.6	1,977.6	559.7	723.3	25,082.6
Jul	847.5	539.4	1,244.0	1,474.7	86.8	1,180.4	405.1	96.4	210.6	647.3	179.7	280.1	7,192.1
Aug	888.6	1,625.7	1,332.5	1,603.2	98.2	1,198.3	502.0	87.2	250.1	761.3	207.2	310.2	8,864.6
Sep	888.6	1,583.9	1,226.4	1,382.2	82.5	1,115.0	395.6	87.2	244.3	651.4	179.6	281.1	8,117.8
Q3	2,624.8	3,749.0	3,803.0	4,460.1	267.5	3,493.8	1,302.7	270.8	704.9	2,060.0	566.5	871.5	24,174.5
Oct	864.0	1,354.7	1,324.2	1,241.3	147.3	1,381.0	515.7	91.5	308.5	710.4	205.6	363.4	8,507.7
Nov	904.3	1,960.0	1,479.9	1,503.9	109.1	1,459.1	472.3	77.4	256.1	678.5	202.3	312.9	9,415.6
Dec	733.5	2,017.1	1,349.5	1,234.2	89.5	1,018.7	399.3	91.0	196.6	621.0	191.1	306.3	8,247.8
Q4	2,501.8	5,331.8	4,153.6	3,979.4	346.0	3,858.7	1,387.3	259.9	761.1	2,009.9	599.0	982.6	26,171.1
Total_2024	10,065.2	18,263.2	14,958.2	16,807.0	1,125.0	14,421.3	5,099.0	1,041.3	2,705.8	7,915.6	2,244.3	3,233.4	97,879.4
Jan_2025	646.7	1,046.4	1,113.4	1,292.7	62.7	1,261.5	327.0	67.5	167.3	676.9	157.7	235.6	7,055.5
Feb	808.3	542.4	1,266.7	1,163.2	85.1	1,166.8	414.4	74.9	206.0	727.4	181.8	271.0	6,908.0
Mar	818.2	1,091.3	1,232.8	1,355.9	89.0	1,190.3	444.7	88.7	235.0	726.0	179.2	243.5	7,694.7
Q1	2,273.3	2,680.1	3,612.8	3,811.9	236.7	3,618.6	1,186.1	231.1	608.3	2,130.3	518.7	750.1	21,658.2
Apr	669.1	376.5	1,076.5	1,809.9	87.6	986.8	395.6	96.2	226.6	726.5	191.7	227.4	6,870.4
May	784.2	1,783.9	1,281.2	1,534.0	92.5	1,242.5	449.3	101.1	233.1	584.9	187.1	231.2	8,505.1
Jun	724.3	683.9	1,111.8	1,438.5	103.1	1,115.0	380.2	97.8	165.7	637.1	181.4	245.0	6,883.8
Q2	2,177.6	2,844.3	3,469.5	4,782.4	283.2	3,344.4	1,225.2	295.0	625.4	1,948.5	560.2	703.6	22,259.3
Jul	647.3	519.2	1,018.2	1,504.8	90.7	995.3	367.9	110.5	183.0	539.8	176.2	242.6	6,395.7
Change	(76.9)	(164.7)	(93.6)	66.4	(12.4)	(119.7)	(12.3)	12.8	17.3	(97.3)	(5.2)	(2.4)	(488.1)
% Change	(10.6)	(24.1)	(8.4)	4.6	(12.0)	(10.7)	(3.2)	13.0	10.4	(15.3)	(2.9)	(1.0)	(7.1)
% Contribution													
2024	10.3	18.7	15.3	17.2	1.1	14.7	5.2	1.1	2.8	8.1	2.3	3.3	100.0
Jun	10.5	9.9	16.2	20.9	1.5	16.2	5.5	1.4	2.4	9.3	2.6	3.6	100.0
July	10.1	8.1	15.9	23.5	1.4	15.6	5.8	1.7	2.9	8.4	2.8	3.8	100.0

Change: Difference between the Current and Previous month

Table 2.2 Principal Exports Commodity Groups – January 2023 to July 2025 (Million Pula)

Period \ HS	Coal	Copper	Diamonds	Gold	Iron & Steel Products	Live Cattle	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Meat & Meat Products	Plastic & Plastic Products	Salt & Soda Ash	Textiles	Vehicle & Transport Equipment	Other Goods	Total Goods
Jan_2023	68.6	525.0	5,739.7	16.5	12.0	116.1	204.6	3.2	34.8	106.6	22.8	24.4	95.4	6,969.5
Feb	52.5	454.0	4,857.5	23.1	25.2	116.7	297.5	7.3	28.5	65.7	19.5	63.8	92.0	6,103.4
Mar	46.7	467.0	7,253.9	33.5	18.6	76.6	250.5	12.8	35.4	86.4	22.1	37.8	88.1	8,429.3
Q1	167.8	1,446.0	17,851.1	73.1	55.9	309.3	752.5	23.4	98.6	258.6	64.4	125.9	275.5	21,502.2
Apr	39.5	388.2	5,620.3	40.0	16.7	64.6	179.7	19.9	25.2	87.9	27.4	39.9	87.1	6,636.3
May	54.4	544.6	7,535.2	27.8	26.1	69.7	269.1	23.9	32.9	57.5	45.3	63.7	176.8	8,927.0
Jun	42.0	424.4	6,378.9	21.0	28.7	69.4	265.1	36.5	33.4	68.2	31.8	58.9	149.5	7,608.0
Q2	135.9	1,357.2	19,534.5	88.8	71.5	203.7	713.9	80.3	91.6	213.6	104.5	162.5	413.4	23,171.3
Jul	34.1	636.0	6,818.8	17.4	23.5	26.0	285.7	38.1	27.1	117.4	30.9	32.9	123.5	8,211.5
Aug	30.0	653.0	6,361.5	23.0	27.4	29.6	344.2	45.0	31.5	102.6	30.1	35.2	123.3	7,836.4
Sep	28.2	733.2	3,623.6	19.0	27.9	28.6	269.2	38.9	45.8	106.6	31.4	25.8	143.7	5,121.7
Q3	92.2	2,022.2	16,803.9	59.4	78.9	84.2	899.1	121.9	104.4	326.6	92.3	93.9	390.5	21,169.6
Oct	23.4	703.8	2,430.4	21.4	43.9	16.3	280.9	40.4	37.2	100.2	37.1	91.6	131.2	3,957.8
Nov	26.9	782.9	1,528.2	30.0	30.8	14.9	312.1	28.0	114.1	93.8	40.2	30.1	211.5	3,243.4
Dec	20.5	646.8	3,755.0	13.7	25.2	19.1	112.1	17.8	22.1	214.3	37.6	23.4	160.8	5,068.4
Q4	70.7	2,133.5	7,713.7	65.0	99.9	50.3	705.0	86.3	173.5	408.2	114.9	145.1	503.5	12,269.6
Total_2023	466.6	6,958.8	61,903.1	286.3	306.2	647.6	3,070.5	311.9	468.1	1,207.1	376.1	527.5	1,583.0	78,112.7
Jan_2024	25.7	885.7	4,733.1	20.5	14.7	32.2	214.2	21.4	26.0	141.9	27.1	71.2	85.9	6,299.8
Feb	23.1	674.4	3,184.0	6.1	23.6	42.5	309.6	16.5	33.5	87.9	28.3	28.8	99.1	4,557.2
Mar	26.0	775.0	5,335.4	3.4	33.3	50.0	241.3	38.4	39.7	131.7	28.3	24.7	140.9	6,868.1
Q1	74.8	2,335.0	13,252.6	30.0	71.6	124.7	765.1	76.3	99.2	361.5	83.7	124.7	325.9	17,725.2
Apr	26.9	686.0	5,053.7	0.4	23.2	42.8	279.0	34.4	37.8	119.6	50.6	40.8	103.5	6,498.9
May	51.1	1,025.7	5,140.9	0.0	33.5	48.1	249.1	59.6	43.7	108.2	55.8	21.8	130.3	6,967.9
Jun	40.1	985.0	4,139.8	0.0	38.9	48.1	264.9	34.3	39.3	97.3	49.9	118.0	163.1	6,018.8
Q2	118.1	2,696.7	14,334.5	0.4	95.7	139.0	793.0	128.3	120.8	325.2	156.4	180.5	396.9	19,485.6
Jul	44.6	869.9	2,176.1	0.0	38.0	54.9	244.5	33.6	107.2	99.9	33.7	72.8	122.6	3,897.7
Aug	37.7	904.3	2,595.7	0.0	32.2	47.2	208.0	31.2	56.0	97.2	36.4	45.7	154.9	4,246.4
Sep	34.6	852.8	2,545.2	0.0	37.7	39.3	233.3	39.8	35.9	103.9	33.2	24.1	103.3	4,083.0
Q3	116.9	2,627.0	7,317.1	0.0	107.8	141.4	685.8	104.5	199.0	300.9	103.2	142.6	380.8	12,227.1
Oct	40.7	823.0	2,705.4	0.0	51.0	27.1	273.9	48.9	45.0	107.4	30.6	46.3	142.1	4,341.4
Nov	47.0	798.9	2,621.2	0.0	104.7	28.5	268.6	38.5	147.2	121.7	39.2	43.3	149.9	4,408.7
Dec	30.5	783.7	3,724.9	0.0	55.5	62.2	142.2	7.0	33.9	120.0	40.0	43.7	112.9	5,156.5
Q4	118.2	2,405.6	9,051.5	0.0	211.2	117.8	684.7	94.4	226.1	349.1	109.8	133.3	404.9	13,906.6
Total_2024	428.1	10,064.3	43,955.5	30.5	486.3	522.9	2,928.6	403.6	645.2	1,336.7	453.1	581.1	1,508.5	63,344.5
Jan_2025	31.7	995.1	1,531.4	0.0	27.4	4.4	210.7	5.8	31.4	146.5	34.5	54.6	88.8	3,162.5
Feb	31.3	907.9	3,903.8	0.0	31.4	14.3	247.4	5.9	32.7	90.5	29.6	44.5	143.4	5,482.6
Mar	42.2	995.5	4,177.2	0.0	35.0	23.2	266.5	17.3	40.7	88.2	30.2	71.8	116.7	5,904.4
Q1	105.2	2,898.5	9,612.4	0.0	93.8	41.9	724.6	29.0	104.9	325.2	94.4	170.9	348.9	14,549.5
Apr	34.6	865.1	7,316.7	0.0	29.3	30.6	232.1	27.0	30.5	93.6	44.7	81.2	121.1	8,906.4
May	25.8	1,056.7	5,502.3	0.0	30.2	0.0	250.3	10.0	37.0	94.8	59.7	54.4	176.1	7,297.2
Jun	21.7	1,074.9	5,687.0	0.0	36.2	0.0	257.1	45.2	38.1	121.1	42.6	88.6	165.4	7,577.8
Q2	82.1	2,996.7	18,505.9	0.0	95.7	30.6	739.4	82.2	105.5	309.5	146.9	224.3	462.6	23,781.4
Jul	20.3	760.6	4,859.3	0.0	27.8	1.6	243.2	14.6	37.7	122.2	27.2	42.8	142.3	6,299.7
Change	(1.4)	(314.3)	(827.6)	0.0	(8.4)	1.6	(13.9)	(30.5)	(0.4)	1.1	(15.4)	(45.8)	(23.1)	(1,278.1)
% Change	(6.3)	(29.2)	(14.6)	0.0	(23.2)	0.0	(5.4)	(67.6)	(1.1)	0.9	(36.2)	(51.7)	(14.0)	(16.9)
% Contribution														
2024	0.7	15.9	69.4	0.0	0.8	0.8	4.6	0.6	1.0	2.1	0.7	0.9	2.4	100.0
Jun	0.3	14.2	75.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	3.4	0.6	0.5	1.6	0.6	1.2	2.2	100.0
July	0.3	12.1	77.1	0.0	0.4	0.0	3.9	0.2	0.6	1.9	0.4	0.7	2.3	100.0

Change: Difference between the Current and Previous month

Table 2.3: Diamonds Trade – January 2023 to July 2025 (Million Pula)

Flow Type	Imports						Total Exports					
	71021000	71022100	71022900	71023100	71023900	Total	71021000	71022100	71022900	71023100	71023900	Total
Jan_2023	320.2	0.5	0.0	135.3	532.9	988.8	0.0	34.7	0.0	4,813.4	891.5	5,739.7
Feb	925.2	0.1	0.0	117.3	309.8	1,352.4	0.0	32.2	0.0	3,520.2	1,305.1	4,857.5
Mar	426.4	0.2	0.0	94.5	317.0	838.1	0.0	33.3	0.0	5,509.2	1,711.3	7,253.9
Q1	1,671.7	0.8	0.0	347.1	1,159.6	3,179.2	0.0	100.2	0.0	13,842.9	3,907.9	17,851.1
Apr	0.0	0.0	0.0	561.2	204.7	765.9	0.0	47.5	0.0	4,323.2	1,249.6	5,620.3
May	237.7	0.8	0.0	201.0	434.8	874.4	0.0	27.8	0.0	5,958.6	1,548.8	7,535.2
Jun	26.8	0.2	0.0	431.8	320.9	779.6	342.2	45.2	0.0	4,662.6	1,329.0	6,378.9
Q2	264.5	1.0	0.0	1,194.0	960.4	2,419.9	342.2	120.5	0.0	14,944.4	4,127.4	19,534.5
Jul	383.7	0.0	0.0	62.7	365.1	811.5	31.0	33.2	0.0	4,981.9	1,772.6	6,818.8
Aug	272.7	0.1	0.0	77.0	247.3	597.0	0.0	101.3	0.0	4,552.5	1,707.7	6,361.5
Sep	0.0	0.3	0.0	1,077.3	357.9	1,435.5	0.0	0.9	0.0	2,455.8	1,166.9	3,623.6
Q3	656.4	0.4	0.0	1,216.9	970.4	2,844.0	31.0	135.5	0.0	11,990.2	4,647.3	16,803.9
Oct	581.2	0.0	0.0	459.6	395.8	1,436.6	0.0	1.7	0.0	599.3	1,829.5	2,430.4
Nov	0.3	0.0	0.1	1,687.4	588.2	2,276.0	0.0	57.2	0.0	329.2	1,141.8	1,528.2
Dec	260.5	1.0	0.0	545.3	290.2	1,097.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	2,941.1	812.9	3,755.0
Q4	842.0	1.0	0.1	2,692.3	1,274.2	4,809.5	0.0	59.9	0.0	3,869.6	3,784.2	7,713.7
Total_2023	3,434.7	3.1	0.1	5,450.3	4,364.6	13,252.7	373.2	416.1	0.0	44,647.1	16,466.7	61,903.1
Jan_2024	373.2	0.0	0.0	1,268.5	184.3	1,826.0	0.0	19.4	0.0	4,335.9	377.9	4,733.1
Feb	283.8	0.2	0.0	357.6	154.4	795.9	0.0	38.6	0.0	2,824.1	321.3	3,184.0
Mar	370.1	0.0	0.0	807.7	57.8	1,235.7	0.0	9.4	0.0	4,488.8	837.2	5,335.4
Q1	1,027.1	0.2	0.0	2,433.8	396.5	3,857.5	0.0	67.4	0.0	11,648.8	1,536.4	13,252.6
Apr	226.5	0.4	0.0	720.9	335.2	1,283.0	0.0	14.1	0.0	4,133.9	905.7	5,053.7
May	252.7	0.0	0.0	1,607.0	171.0	2,030.7	0.0	19.7	0.0	4,164.9	956.3	5,140.9
Jun	2.1	0.2	0.0	1,658.7	350.3	2,011.3	12.7	71.7	0.0	3,366.3	689.0	4,139.8
Q2	481.2	0.6	0.0	3,986.7	856.5	5,324.9	12.7	105.6	0.0	11,665.2	2,551.0	14,334.5
Jul	304.5	0.4	0.0	66.6	167.9	539.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,515.6	660.5	2,176.1
Aug	251.8	4.1	0.0	1,279.5	90.3	1,625.7	0.0	11.3	0.0	1,583.2	1,001.2	2,595.7
Sep	238.1	0.0	0.0	1,122.5	223.2	1,583.9	0.0	10.5	0.0	1,858.5	676.2	2,545.2
Q3	794.4	4.4	0.0	2,468.6	481.4	3,749.0	0.0	21.9	0.0	4,957.3	2,337.9	7,317.1
Oct	196.6	0.1	0.0	783.3	374.7	1,354.7	0.0	9.9	0.0	2,165.7	529.8	2,705.4
Nov	0.0	0.2	0.0	1,665.7	294.1	1,960.0	0.0	2.6	0.0	1,769.9	848.7	2,621.2
Dec	174.0	0.2	0.0	1,610.3	232.6	2,017.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	3,138.7	585.9	3,724.9
Q4	370.6	0.5	0.0	4,059.2	901.4	5,331.8	0.0	12.8	0.0	7,074.3	1,964.4	9,051.5
Total_2024	2,673.3	5.7	0.0	12,948.4	2,635.8	18,263.2	12.7	207.7	0.0	35,345.5	8,389.7	43,955.5
Jan_2025	128.1	0.1	0.0	604.1	314.1	1,046.4	0.0	1.5	0.0	976.9	553.0	1,531.4
Feb	131.0	0.4	0.0	275.4	135.7	542.4	0.0	2.1	0.0	3,201.4	700.3	3,903.8
Mar	0.0	0.2	0.0	948.2	142.9	1,091.3	0.2	78.6	0.0	3,492.5	605.9	4,177.2
Q1	259.1	0.6	0.0	1,827.7	592.6	2,680.1	0.2	82.2	0.0	7,670.8	1,859.3	9,612.4
Apr	208.8	0.0	0.0	57.1	110.6	376.5	0.0	9.8	0.0	6,654.9	652.0	7,316.7
May	145.7	0.3	0.0	1,396.1	241.8	1,783.9	0.3	25.7	0.0	4,646.5	829.8	5,502.3
Jun	0.0	0.3	0.0	571.9	111.7	683.9	118.1	17.3	0.0	4,879.0	672.6	5,687.0
Q2	354.5	0.6	0.0	2,025.1	464.1	2,844.3	118.4	52.8	0.0	16,180.3	2,154.4	18,505.9
Jul	4.2	0.1	0.0	380.4	134.4	519.2	1.9	9.0	0.0	4,344.8	503.6	4,859.3

Note: 71022100: Industrial Diamonds unworked or simply sawn, cleaved or bruted; 71022900: Industrial Diamonds, not mounted or set, NES; 71023100: Non- industrial diamonds unworked or simply sawn, cleaved or bruted; 71023900: Non-industrial diamonds, not mounted or set NES; 71021000: Unsorted diamonds; HS: Harmonised System Code; NES: Not Elsewhere Specified.

Table 3.1A: Principal Imports by Country, Region and Commodity Groups - July 2025 (Million Pula)

Partner \ HS	Chemicals & Rubber Products	Diamonds	Food, Beverages & Tobacco	Fuel	Furniture	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Metals & Metal Products	Salt Ores & Related Products	Textiles & Footwear	Vehicle & Transport Equipment	Wood & Paper Products	Other Goods	Total Goods	% Contribution
South Africa	485.9	111.2	870.5	896.5	62.9	400.6	283.1	88.0	139.8	366.8	153.5	156.2	4,015.1	62.8
Namibia	0.7	9.0	12.3	316.6	0.0	0.5	1.9	21.3	0.0	2.1	0.5	1.3	366.2	5.7
Swaziland	2.3	0.0	15.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	4.0	0.0	22.6	0.4
Lesotho	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.1
SACU	488.9	120.2	898.7	1,213.0	62.9	401.1	285.0	109.3	143.7	368.9	158.0	157.6	4,407.4	68.9
Mozambique	0.0	0.0	0.3	268.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	268.8	4.2
Zambia	0.0	0.0	15.5	0.0	0.4	3.9	23.2	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.4	7.4	51.2	0.8
Angola	0.0	41.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	41.8	0.7
Zimbabwe	1.1	0.0	15.6	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.7	3.1	23.3	0.4
Other SADC	1.4	0.0	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.3	0.0	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.1	7.8	0.1
SADC	491.4	161.8	932.8	1,481.5	63.6	405.4	310.1	109.3	145.8	369.0	161.1	168.3	4,800.1	75.1
Other Africa	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.6	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	2.2	17.5	0.3
Africa	493.5	161.8	932.9	1,481.5	63.6	418.0	310.1	109.3	146.1	369.0	161.2	170.6	4,817.6	75.3
China	35.8	0.0	4.6	0.0	24.5	252.0	26.8	1.0	30.1	18.9	5.8	20.5	419.9	6.6
UAE	2.7	120.0	0.1	0.7	0.0	8.8	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.3	133.4	2.1
India	22.1	40.0	8.9	0.7	0.2	19.7	4.5	0.0	1.2	13.3	0.6	1.1	112.2	1.8
Japan	5.3	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	9.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	82.8	0.0	1.7	99.6	1.6
Thailand	1.9	1.2	27.5	0.0	0.0	7.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.7	0.0	0.1	40.3	0.6
Armenia	0.0	36.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.4	0.6
Israel	0.1	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	22.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	26.6	0.4
Oman	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.1	0.3
Hong Kong	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	7.9	1.5	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.5	11.3	0.2
Other Asia	4.3	0.0	1.5	0.0	1.3	20.5	3.1	0.0	2.0	2.8	1.9	5.0	42.3	0.7
Asia	72.8	201.9	42.9	18.8	26.5	347.7	36.5	1.0	33.4	120.1	8.5	29.2	939.3	14.7
Germany	23.5	0.0	1.5	0.4	0.0	36.8	1.8	0.0	2.3	7.4	1.3	6.4	81.3	1.3
Belgium	0.9	41.4	2.6	0.3	0.0	2.8	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.4	49.3	0.8
France	10.9	0.0	4.1	0.1	0.0	11.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.8	2.0	32.7	0.5
Spain	3.4	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	20.5	4.5	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	30.2	0.5
Finland	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	11.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	12.9	0.2
Sweden	1.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	8.4	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.1	12.9	0.2
Italy	3.1	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	1.3	12.4	0.2
Poland	3.7	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.3	12.1	0.2
Other EU	10.3	0.0	4.1	2.8	0.0	25.4	0.7	0.0	0.0	5.5	0.0	2.6	51.5	0.8
EU	57.4	41.4	17.6	3.6	0.2	125.2	11.8	0.0	3.0	17.5	4.2	13.2	295.2	4.6
Canada	1.1	114.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	22.5	5.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	143.3	2.2
USA	8.4	0.0	2.1	0.9	0.4	41.1	3.3	0.0	0.2	10.1	0.3	5.4	72.0	1.1
Australia	2.0	0.0	10.3	0.0	0.0	14.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	8.9	0.0	6.3	42.1	0.7
Brazil	0.4	0.0	7.1	0.0	0.0	15.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.5	0.0	24.4	0.4
Switzerland	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.7	17.4	0.3
Rest of the World	9.3	0.0	5.3	0.0	0.0	8.4	0.5	0.2	0.1	14.0	0.4	6.0	44.4	0.7
TOTAL	647.3	519.2	1,018.2	1,504.8	90.7	995.3	367.9	110.5	183.0	539.8	176.2	242.6	6,395.7	100.0

Table 3.1B: Principal Imports by Country, Region and Commodity Groups - July 2025 (Million Pula)

Partner \ HS	Chemicals & Rubber Products	Diamonds	Food, Beverages & Tobacco	Fuel	Furniture	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Metals & Metal Products	Salt Ores & Related Products	Textiles & Footwear	Vehicle & Transport Equipment	Wood & Paper Products	Other Goods	Total Goods
South Africa	12.1	2.8	21.7	22.3	1.6	10.0	7.1	2.2	3.5	9.1	3.8	3.9	100.0
Namibia	0.2	2.5	3.4	86.5	0.0	0.1	0.5	5.8	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.4	100.0
Swaziland	10.3	0.0	70.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	17.9	0.0	100.0
Lesotho	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	99.6	0.0	0.0	0.4	100.0
SACU	11.1	2.7	20.4	27.5	1.4	9.1	6.5	2.5	3.3	8.4	3.6	3.6	100.0
Mozambique	0.0	0.0	0.1	99.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Zambia	0.0	0.0	30.4	0.0	0.9	7.6	45.4	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.7	14.4	100.0
Angola	0.0	99.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	100.0
Zimbabwe	4.5	0.0	67.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.4	13.4	100.0
Other SADC	17.9	0.0	35.6	0.0	0.0	5.9	16.6	0.0	23.0	0.0	0.1	0.9	100.0
SADC	10.2	3.4	19.4	30.9	1.3	8.4	6.5	2.3	3.0	7.7	3.4	3.5	100.0
Other Africa	12.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.3	71.9	0.1	0.0	1.9	0.1	0.6	12.7	100.0
Africa	10.2	3.4	19.4	30.8	1.3	8.7	6.4	2.3	3.0	7.7	3.3	3.5	100.0
China	8.5	0.0	1.1	0.0	5.8	60.0	6.4	0.2	7.2	4.5	1.4	4.9	100.0
UAE	2.0	90.0	0.1	0.6	0.0	6.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.2	100.0
India	19.7	35.6	7.9	0.7	0.2	17.5	4.0	0.0	1.0	11.9	0.5	0.9	100.0
Japan	5.4	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	9.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	83.1	0.0	1.7	100.0
Thailand	4.7	3.1	68.2	0.0	0.0	19.1	0.1	0.0	0.3	4.3	0.0	0.3	100.0
Armenia	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Israel	0.2	16.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	82.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	100.0
Oman	0.0	0.0	0.0	99.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0
Hong Kong	5.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	3.4	69.5	13.0	0.0	0.9	1.1	2.1	4.6	100.0
Other Asia	10.1	0.0	3.6	0.0	3.1	48.4	7.2	0.0	4.7	6.6	4.5	11.8	100.0
Asia	7.7	21.5	4.6	2.0	2.8	37.0	3.9	0.1	3.6	12.8	0.9	3.1	100.0
Germany	28.9	0.0	1.8	0.4	0.0	45.2	2.2	0.0	2.8	9.1	1.6	7.8	100.0
Belgium	1.8	84.0	5.3	0.6	0.0	5.6	0.3	0.0	1.3	0.2	0.0	0.9	100.0
France	33.4	0.0	12.4	0.3	0.0	36.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.8	8.6	6.1	100.0
Spain	11.4	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	67.7	14.8	0.0	0.1	5.0	0.0	0.2	100.0
Finland	3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	84.9	9.1	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.7	100.0
Sweden	7.7	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.1	64.8	21.9	0.0	0.0	3.8	0.4	0.6	100.0
Italy	25.5	0.0	8.7	0.0	0.0	40.3	3.3	0.0	0.3	10.9	0.2	10.8	100.0
Poland	30.5	0.0	32.7	0.0	0.3	31.4	1.3	0.0	0.1	1.7	0.0	2.2	100.0
Other EU	19.9	0.0	8.0	5.5	0.0	49.3	1.3	0.0	0.0	10.7	0.1	5.1	100.0
EU	19.4	14.0	6.0	1.2	0.1	42.4	4.0	0.0	1.0	5.9	1.4	4.5	100.0
Canada	0.8	79.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.7	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	100.0
USA	11.6	0.0	2.8	1.2	0.5	57.0	4.6	0.0	0.3	14.0	0.4	7.5	100.0
Australia	4.7	0.0	24.5	0.0	0.0	34.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	21.1	0.0	14.9	100.0
Brazil	1.7	0.0	29.3	0.0	0.0	61.7	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.4	6.0	0.2	100.0
Switzerland	14.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	67.6	100.0
Rest of the World	20.9	0.0	11.9	0.0	0.1	19.0	1.1	0.5	0.3	31.6	1.0	13.5	100.0
TOTAL	10.1	8.1	15.9	23.5	1.4	15.6	5.8	1.7	2.9	8.4	2.8	3.8	100.0

Table 3.2A: Principal Exports by Country, Region and Commodity Groups – July 2025 (Million Pula)

Partner \ HS	Coal	Copper	Diamonds	Iron & Steel Products	Live Cattle	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Meat & Meat Products	Plastic & Plastic Products	Salt & Soda Ash	Textiles	Vehicle & Transport Equipment	Other Goods	Total Goods	% Contribution
South Africa	15.9	0.0	155.6	13.5	1.6	193.5	12.3	28.8	94.1	11.9	5.1	44.7	577.1	9.2
Namibia	4.4	0.0	0.0	3.4	0.0	9.3	1.1	2.7	0.0	0.1	17.2	30.0	68.2	1.1
Swaziland	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
Lesotho	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
SACU	20.3	0.0	155.6	16.9	1.6	202.8	13.5	31.6	94.1	12.0	22.4	74.8	645.5	10.2
Zimbabwe	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.9	0.0	25.5	0.0	4.9	12.1	14.5	15.7	24.9	101.4	1.6
Other SADC	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	4.7	1.2	1.2	16.0	0.5	3.9	10.8	38.4	0.6
SADC	20.3	0.0	155.6	21.0	1.6	232.9	14.6	37.6	122.2	27.0	42.0	110.4	785.4	12.5
Other Africa	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.9	1.2	0.0
Africa	20.3	0.0	155.6	21.0	1.6	232.9	14.6	37.6	122.2	27.0	42.3	111.3	786.6	12.5
UAE	0.0	0.0	1,797.4	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.2	1,805.0	28.7
India	0.0	0.0	857.0	4.4	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.6	866.1	13.7
China	0.0	364.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	364.8	5.8
Israel	0.0	0.0	200.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	200.6	3.2
Hong Kong	0.0	0.0	88.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	88.5	1.4
Other Asia	0.0	0.0	59.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	61.7	1.0
Asia	0.0	364.8	3,003.2	6.8	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.7	3,386.8	53.8
Belgium	0.0	0.0	1,643.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,643.1	26.1
Other EU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.6	9.3	0.1
EU	0.0	0.0	1,643.1	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.6	1,652.5	26.2
Australia	0.0	354.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	354.4	5.6
USA	0.0	0.0	47.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	7.5	55.4	0.9
Anguilla	0.0	41.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.4	0.7
Rest of the World	0.0	0.0	10.3	0.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	4.2	22.6	0.4
TOTAL	20.3	760.6	4,859.3	27.8	1.6	243.2	14.6	37.7	122.2	27.2	42.8	142.3	6,299.7	100.0

Table 3.2A: Principal Exports by Country, Region and Commodity Groups – July 2025 (Million Pula)

Partner \ HS	Coal	Copper	Diamonds	Iron & Steel Products	Live Cattle	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Meat & Meat Products	Plastic & Plastic Products	Salt & Soda Ash	Textiles	Vehicle & Transport Equipment	Other Goods	Total Goods
South Africa	2.8	0.0	27.0	2.3	0.3	33.5	2.1	5.0	16.3	2.1	0.9	7.8	100.0
Namibia	6.4	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	13.6	1.7	4.0	0.0	0.1	25.3	43.9	100.0
Swaziland	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.6	0.0	84.4	100.0
Lesotho	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.0	9.6	82.4	7.2	100.0
SACU	3.1	0.0	24.1	2.6	0.2	31.4	2.1	4.9	14.6	1.9	3.5	11.6	100.0
Zimbabwe	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	0.0	25.1	0.0	4.8	11.9	14.3	15.5	24.5	100.0
Other SADC	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	12.1	3.0	3.1	41.6	1.2	10.1	28.0	100.0
SADC	2.6	0.0	19.8	2.7	0.2	29.7	1.9	4.8	15.6	3.4	5.3	14.1	100.0
Other Africa	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.7	75.1	100.0
Africa	2.6	0.0	19.8	2.7	0.2	29.6	1.9	4.8	15.5	3.4	5.4	14.2	100.0
UAE	0.0	0.0	99.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	100.0
India	0.0	0.0	99.0	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	100.0
China	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Israel	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Hong Kong	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Other Asia	0.0	0.0	96.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	100.0
Asia	0.0	10.8	88.7	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	100.0
Belgium	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Other EU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	91.8	100.0
EU	0.0	0.0	99.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	100.0
Australia	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
USA	0.0	0.0	85.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.9	13.4	100.0
Anguilla	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Rest of the World	0.0	0.0	45.3	0.0	0.0	35.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.1	18.4	100.0
TOTAL	0.3	12.1	77.1	0.4	0.0	3.9	0.2	0.6	1.9	0.4	0.7	2.3	100.0

Table 4.1: Top Imported Goods (Excluding Diamonds) – July 2025 (Million Pula)

Rank	HS Code	Description	BW Pula (Million)	Contribution (%) Against Total Non-Diamonds Imports	Contribution (%) Against Total Imports
1	27101230	Distillate fuel, as defined in Additional Note 1(g)	500.1	8.5	7.8
2	27160000	Electrical energy	438.7	7.5	6.9
3	27101202	Petrol	410.4	7.0	6.4
4	25232900	Other Portland cement	94.8	1.6	1.5
5	87032390	Other vehicle of a cylinder capacity exceeding 1500cc but not exceeding 3000cc	89.3	1.5	1.4
6	15121910	Sunflower-seed or safflower oil and fractions thereof, Marketed and supplied for use in the process of cooking food	61.7	1.0	1.0
7	87032290	Other vehicle of a cylinder capacity exceeding 1000cc but not exceeding 1500cc	61.6	1.0	1.0
8	10059010	Dried Maize (Corn) kernels or grains fit for human consumption, not further prepared or processed and not packaged as seeds (excluding pop corn (ZEA MAYS EVERTA))	57.2	1.0	0.9
9	85444990	Other electrical conductors	54.5	0.9	0.9
10	87042181	Other, double-cab, of a vehicle mass not exceeding 2 000 kg or a G.V.M. not exceeding 3 500 kg, or of a mass not exceeding 1 600 kg or a G.V.M. not exceeding 3 500 kg per chassis fitted with a cab	52.4	0.9	0.8
11	85176290	Other machines for the reception, conversion and transmission or regeneration of voice, images or other data, including switching and routing apparatus	50.0	0.9	0.8
12	87089990	Other parts and accessories	46.5	0.8	0.7
13	10063000	Semi-milled or wholly milled rice, whether or not polished or glazed	43.0	0.7	0.7
14	30049099	Other medicaments consisting of mixed or unmixed products for therapeutic or prophylactic uses	41.9	0.7	0.7
15	84292000	Graders and levellers	41.9	0.7	0.7
16	84314990	Other of machinery of heading 84.26, 84.29 or 84.30	38.3	0.7	0.6
17	22030090	Beer made from malt - Other	37.6	0.6	0.6
18	33049990	Other Beauty or make-up preparations and preparations for the care of the skin (other than medicaments), including sunscreen or sun tan preparations	36.2	0.6	0.6
19	73089099	Other Structures and parts of structures	32.8	0.6	0.5
20	87043181	Other, double-cab, of a vehicle mass not exceeding 2 000 kg or a G.V.M. not exceeding 3 500 kg, or of a mass not exceeding 1 600 kg or a G.V.M. not exceeding 3 500 kg per chasis fitted with a cab	32.6	0.6	0.5
21	22060081	OTHER FERMENTED APPLE OR PEAR BEVERAGES, UNFORTIFIED, WITH AN ALCOHOLIC STRENGTH OF AT	31.5	0.5	0.5
22	84713090	Other portable automatic data processing machines, of a mass not exceeding 10 kg, consisting of at least a central processing unit, a keyboard and a display	29.9	0.5	0.5
23	27111390	Other Butanes, Liquefied	28.3	0.5	0.4
24	10059090	Other (Maize (Corn))	27.9	0.5	0.4
25	44071100	Coniferous Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or finger-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm, Of pine (Pinus spp.)	27.2	0.5	0.4

Table 4.1: Top Imported Goods (Excluding Diamonds) – July 2025 (Million Pula) *Continued*

Rank	HS Code	Description	BW Pula (Million)	Contribution (%) Against Total Non-Diamonds Imports	Contribution (%) Against Total Imports
26	68129100	Clothing, clothing accessories, footwear and headgear	27.0	0.5	0.4
27	27101252	Other prepared lubricating oils	27.0	0.5	0.4
28	84818090	Other appliances	26.4	0.4	0.4
29	84749000	Parts of machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing etc	23.7	0.4	0.4
30	85414300	Photovoltaic cells assembled in modules or made up into panels	23.0	0.4	0.4
31	74081100	Of which the maximum cross-sectional dimension exceeds 6 mm	23.0	0.4	0.4
32	85171310	Designed for use when carried in the hand or on the person	22.9	0.4	0.4
33	17011300	Cane sugar specified in Subheading Note 2 to this Chapter	22.7	0.4	0.4
34	23040000	Oil-cake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of soya-bean oil	22.5	0.4	0.4
35	84314300	Parts for boring or sinking machinery of subheading 8430.41 or 8430.49	21.9	0.4	0.3
36	20099010	Mixtures of Fruit juices	20.9	0.4	0.3
37	39019090	Other Polymers of ethylene	19.6	0.3	0.3
38	87033390	Other vehicles of a cylinder capacity exceeding 2500cc	19.4	0.3	0.3
39	09109900	Other spices	18.2	0.3	0.3
40	84304100	Self-propelled	17.8	0.3	0.3
41	27101201	Aviation spirit, as defined in Additional Note 1(a)	17.3	0.3	0.3
42	21032000	Tomato ketchup and other tomato sauces	17.2	0.3	0.3
43	87012920	Of a vehicle mass exceeding 1 600 kg	16.7	0.3	0.3
44	19041000	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products	16.4	0.3	0.3
45	34029090	Other detergent	15.4	0.3	0.2
46	39269099	Other articles of plastics and articles of other materials of headings .39.01 to 39.14	15.3	0.3	0.2
47	48181000	Toilet paper	15.2	0.3	0.2
48	84145900	Other fans	15.2	0.3	0.2
49	19053100	Sweet biscuits	15.0	0.3	0.2
50	87042290	Other G.V.M exceeding 5 tonnes but not exceeding 20 tonnes	14.8	0.3	0.2
Top 50 Imported Non-Diamond Goods			2,860.2	48.7	44.7
Other Non-Diamond Imports Goods			3,016.3	51.3	47.2
Total Non-Diamond Imports			5,876.5	100.0	91.9
Diamonds Imports			519.2		8.1
Total Imports			6,395.7		100.0

Table 4.2: Top Exported Goods (Excluding Diamonds) – July 2025 (Million Pula)

Rank	HS Code	Description	BW Pula (Million)	Contribution (%) Against Total Non-Diamonds Exports	Contribution (%) Against Total Exports
1	26030000	Copper ores and concentrates	760.6	52.8	12.1
2	85443000	Ignition wiring sets and other wiring sets of a kind used in vehicles, aircraft or ships	98.6	6.8	1.6
3	28362000	Disodium carbonate	90.5	6.3	1.4
4	85444290	Other electric conductors fitted with connectors	52.3	3.6	0.8
5	25010090	Other Salt, pure sodium chloride or sea water	29.9	2.1	0.5
6	39172300	Tubes, pipes and hoses, rigid, Of polymers of vinyl chloride	22.5	1.6	0.4
7	71131900	Of other precious metal, whether or not plated or clad with precious metal	19.4	1.3	0.3
8	85071099	Other lead-acid, of a kind used for starting piston engines	15.1	1.0	0.2
9	10071000	Grain Sorghum Seed	13.8	1.0	0.2
10	02023090	Other (boneless meat of bovine animals, frozen)	12.3	0.9	0.2
11	27011900	Other coal	10.3	0.7	0.2
12	27011200	Bituminous coal	10.1	0.7	0.2
13	87012220	Of a vehicle exceeding 1 600 kg	9.3	0.6	0.1
14	85442090	Other co-axial cable and other co-axial electric conductors	8.4	0.6	0.1
15	63026090	Other Toilet linen and kitchen linen, of terry towelling or similar terry fabrics, of cotton	8.2	0.6	0.1
16	87041090	Other dumpers designed for off-highway use	8.2	0.6	0.1
17	85176990	Other apparatus for transmission or reception of voice, images or other data, including apparatus for communication in a wired or wireless network	7.4	0.5	0.1
18	62171090	Other clothing accessories	7.2	0.5	0.1
19	90159000	Parts and accessories	7.0	0.5	0.1
20	84071000	Aircraft engines	6.9	0.5	0.1
21	84314300	Parts for boring or sinking machinery of subheading 8430.41 or 8430.49	6.3	0.4	0.1
22	94032000	Other metal furniture	6.2	0.4	0.1
23	72142000	Containing indentations, ribs, grooves or other deformations produced during the rolling process or twisted after rolling	6.1	0.4	0.1
24	08051010	Fresh Oranges	5.1	0.4	0.1
25	76020090	Other aluminium waste and scrap	5.1	0.4	0.1

Table 4.2: Top Exported Goods (Excluding Diamonds) – July 2025 (Million Pula) *Continued*

Rank	HS Code	Description	BW Pula (Million)	Contribution (%) Against Total Non-Diamonds Exports	Contribution (%) Against Total Exports
26	68101100	Building blocks and bricks	4.6	0.3	0.1
27	72042900	Other waste and scrap of alloy steel	4.6	0.3	0.1
28	08059010	Fresh (Other Citrus fruit)	4.4	0.3	0.1
29	85013300	Of an output exceeding 75 kW but not exceeding 375 kW	4.3	0.3	0.1
30	08052110	Fresh Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas):	4.1	0.3	0.1
31	08054010	Fresh Grapefruit, including pomelos	4.1	0.3	0.1
32	84295190	Other front end shovel loaders	4.0	0.3	0.1
33	63019000	Other blankets and travelling rugs	4.0	0.3	0.1
34	87089990	Other parts and accessories of motor vehicles	3.7	0.3	0.1
35	24022090	Other Cigarettes containing tobacco	3.7	0.3	0.1
36	87042110	Shuttle cars for use in underground mines; low construction flame-proof vehicles, equipped with control mechanisms both in the front and at the rear, for use in underground mines	3.5	0.2	0.1
37	87032390	Other vehicle of a cylinder capacity exceeding 1500cc but not exceeding 3000cc	3.4	0.2	0.1
38	39251000	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, of a capacity exceeding 300 li	3.4	0.2	0.1
39	85285990	Other monitors	3.3	0.2	0.1
40	87032290	Other vehicles with only spark-ignition internal combustion piston engine	2.5	0.2	0.0
41	84869000	Parts and accessories	2.5	0.2	0.0
42	74040010	Of refined copper	2.4	0.2	0.0
43	61121900	Track suits, Of other textile materials	2.4	0.2	0.0
44	86073000	Hooks and other coupling devices, buffers, and parts thereof	2.4	0.2	0.0
45	30021500	Immunological products, put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale	2.3	0.2	0.0
46	25232900	Other Portland cement	2.2	0.2	0.0
47	19011000	Preparations suitable for infants or young children, put up for retail sale	2.1	0.1	0.0
48	72043000	Waste and scrap of tinned iron or steel	2.1	0.1	0.0
49	94038900	Other furniture of other materials including cane, bamboo or or similar materilas	2.1	0.1	0.0
50	72165000	Other angles, shapes and sections, not further worked than hot-rolled, hot-drawn or extruded	2.1	0.1	0.0
Top 50 Exported Non-Diamond Goods			1,306.7	90.7	20.7
Other Non-Diamond Exports Goods			133.7	9.3	2.1
Total Non-Diamond Exports			1,440.3	100.0	22.9
Diamonds Exports			4,859.3		77.1
Total Exports			6,299.7		100.0

8.0 Concepts, Sources and Methods

IMTS are compiled by the International Merchandise Trade Statistics Section of Statistics Botswana, and uses the General Trade system. International Merchandise Trade refers to external trade in goods only. International Service Trade Statistics (ISTS) are however not compiled by this section. The primary source of international merchandise trade data is the Customs & Excise Division at the Botswana Unified Revenue Service (BURS). The Customs & Excise Division is responsible for data capture for both computerised and manual borders, and the monthly raw data files are transferred to Statistics Botswana for data processing.

Imports are valued CIF (cost, insurance & freight), while exports are valued FOB (free on board). The value of imports includes transport and insurance costs to the importing country. The Exports value consists only of the value of goods as they leave the exporting country.

8.1 Time of Recording of Trade

IMTS is compiled using date of recording of trade as opposed to date of assessment of goods by customs. This means that as goods cross the border, trade is recorded and this is the reference month for compilation of IMTS. Some of these goods may however be held by customs for some time pending final assessment for tax or duty purposes.

If the final assessment is done later, for example two or three months, or even more, after the goods had crossed the border, the affected trade will then update trade for the particular month when the goods crossed the border, therefore it does not form part of trade for the month during which the final assessment was done. This is mostly common with imports. Revision of data for the month preceding the one under review will normally show high values as compared to revisions for other months due to more goods (from the previous month) being released after final assessment.

8.2 Concepts and Definitions

- i. **Domestic Exports:** These are goods originating from the compiling country, being permanently exported out of the country for consumption in the outside world. This includes products from customs inwards processing; for example, if a country imports wheat, processes the wheat into bread flour and exports the bread flour and bye products from the milling process, these will all leave the country as domestic exports.
- ii. **Re - Exports:** These are exports of foreign goods that were initially recorded as imports into the compiling country. These goods are exported in the same state that they came in except for wear and tear. An example will be re-exportation of a motor vehicle that was initially imported into the compiling country and after being used it is now being exported to a foreign country.
- iii. **Total exports:** This is the sum of domestic exports and re-exports
- iv. **Imports:** These are goods imported from the outside world, into the compiling country, for local consumption. This includes re-importation of locally produced goods that were initially exported and are now being imported back into the country.
- v. **Trade Balance (Net Export):** This refers to the total value of goods exported minus the total value of goods imported by a given economy in a given period of time. A positive trade balance (trade surplus) indicates that a country is exporting more in value terms than it is importing. A negative trade balance (trade deficit) indicates that the country is importing more than it is exporting.

8.3 Exclusions from IMTS

- i. **Goods in Transit** - This is trade that is simply passing through the compiling country solely for the purpose of being transported to another country.
- ii. **Goods temporarily admitted or dispatched** - These are goods that, at the time of admission/dispatch, are intended to stay in the receiving country temporarily and that after their stay they will be returned in the same state. These goods include display equipment for trade fairs and exhibitions, commercial samples, means of transport, containers, equipment for working, etc.
- iii. **Monetary Gold**- This is gold to which the monetary authorities have title and is held as reserve assets.
- iv. **Issued banknotes and securities and coins in circulation**-These goods represent evidence of financial claims and are excluded from IMTS

The above list of exclusions from IMTS is, however, not exhaustive and only a few that are common, simple, straightforward and easy to understand have been picked as examples.



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