

PUBLICATION CATALOGUE

JANUARY-DECEMBER 2024

Private Bag 0024,
Gaborone
Tel: 3671300
Toll Free: 0800 600 200

Four Thirty Square, Plot 54350 PG
Matante Road, CBD, Gaborone

E-mail: info@statsbots.org.bw
Website: <http://www.statsbots.org.bw>



STATISTICS BOTSWANA

PUBLICATION CATALOGUE
January-December 2024

Published by

STATISTICS BOTSWANA

Private Bag 0024, Gaborone

Tel: 3671300

E-mail: info@statsbots.org.bw

Website: www.stasbots.org.bw

March 2025

COPYRIGHT RESERVED

Extracts may be published if
Source is duly acknowledged



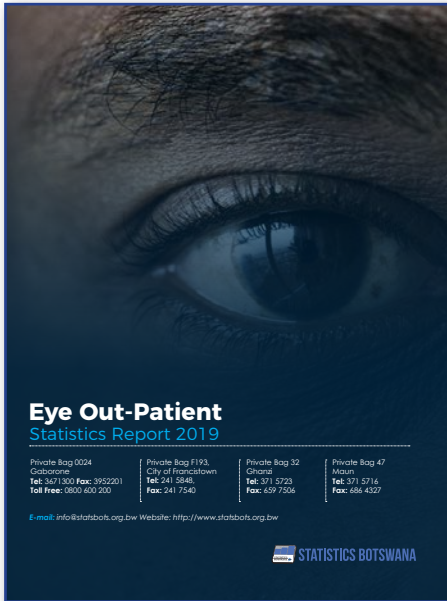
PUBLICATION CATALOGUE

JANUARY-DECEMBER 2024

PREFACE

The 2024 publication catalogue provides information on Publications released by Statistics Botswana (SB) from January to December 2024. All these publications are available on the Statistics Botswana website (<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/>), Statistical Data Portal (<https://botswana.opendataforafrica.org/yhesafd/documents>) and the Information Resource Centre which is accessible to the public.

PUBLICATION CATALOGUE JANUARY-DECEMBER 2024



EYE OUT-PATIENT STATISTICS REPORT 2019

PERIODICITY: Annual

PAGES: 35

PUBLISHED: 11 January 2024

The findings of the report indicates that more females (60.6%) than males (39.4%) were seen at eye Out-Patient facilities. The figure further shows that female's attendance was higher than males in all age groups. The general pattern shows that there was low attendances in younger ages (under 10 years) and older ages (75+ years). There is no much variations in ages 10 -74 with proportion ranging from 4.6 percent to 6.0 percent of all attendances. The lowest number of attendances were among under ones for both males and females.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Eye%20Out-Patient%20Statistics%20Report%202019.pdf>



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX DECEMBER 2023

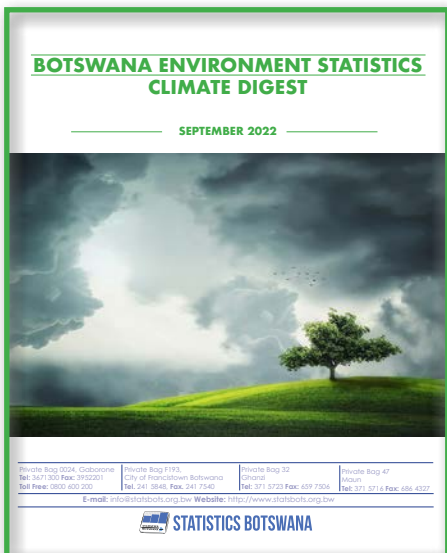
PERIODICITY: Monthly

PAGES: i-ii, 1-13

PUBLISHED: 11 January 2024

The annual inflation rate was 3.5 percent in December 2023, registering a decrease of 0.4 of a percentage point in the November 2023 rate of 3.9 percent.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Consumer%20Price%20Index%20December%202023.pdf>



BOTSWANA ENVIRONMENT STATISTICS CLIMATE DIGEST SEPTEMBER 2022

PERIODICITY: Bi annual

PAGES: i-iii, 15

PUBLISHED: 31 January 2024

This report covers the period from April to September 2022. In April 2022, Sir Seretse Khama International Airport (SSKIA) received the highest total rainfall in a month at 225.5 mm followed by Jwaneng at 186.9 mm and Goodhope at 154.3 mm. Over the six months period, the wettest area was SSKIA,

recording a total of 236.5 mm followed by Jwaneng at 219.6 mm and Goodhope at 191.1 mm.

https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Botswana%20Environment%20Statistics%20Climate%20Digest%20September%202022_0.pdf



BOTSWANA INFORMATION & COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY STATS BRIEF Q2, 2023

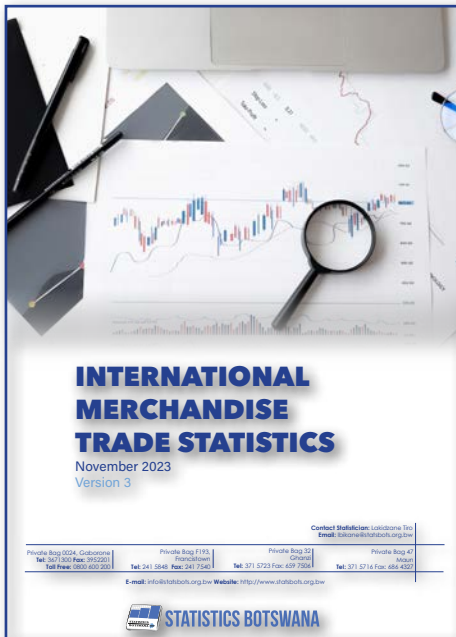
PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: 15

PUBLISHED: 31 January 2024

The quarter-on-quarter comparison of telephone subscriptions shows a decrease of 0.4 percent in fixed telephone line subscriptions and an increase of 1.1 percent in mobile cellular telephone subscriptions. Fixed telephone line subscriptions went down from 91,625 recorded in Q1 2023 to 91,256 in the current quarter, while Mobile cellular telephone subscriptions increased from 4,379,999 registered in Q1 2023 to 4,428,276.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/publications/Botswana%20Information%20and%20Communication%20Technology%20%20Stats%20Brief%20Q2%2C%202023.pdf>



INTERNATIONAL MERCHANDISE TRADE STATISTICS NOVEMBER 2023 VERSION 3

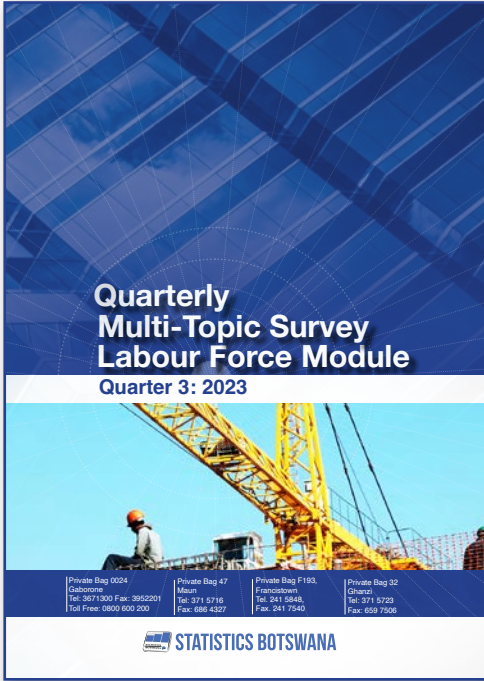
PERIODICITY: Monthly

PAGES: i-ii, 1-25

PUBLISHED: 05 February 2024

The import bill in November 2023 amounted to P9, 514.3 million, recording a rise of 11.2 percent when compared to the revised value of P8, 557.1 million registered in October 2023. In November 2023, Botswana's total export earnings declined by 24.3 percent, dropping from the revised October 2023 figure of P3, 871.7 million to P2, 929.8 million.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/International%20Merchandise%20Trade%20Statistics%20November%202023%20Version%203.pdf>



QUARTERLY MULTI-TOPIC SURVEY -LABOUR FORCE MODULE QUARTER 3, 2023

PERIODICITY: Quarterly
PAGES: i-iii, 1-125
PUBLISHED: 05 February 2024

ISBN: 978-99968-978-8-7 9 (E-BOOK)
ISBN: 978-99968-978-8-7 0 (PAPERBACK)

The Employed population (15 years and above) recorded an increase between Q4 2022 and Q3 of 2023, from 717,725 to 788,616 persons, an increase of 9.9 percent. This was accompanied by an increase of 12.5 percent of unemployed persons, from 244,594 to 275,159 persons over the period. The youth labour force increased by 10.5 percent between Q4 2022 and Q3 of 2023, from 471,139 to 520,582. .

The youth unemployment rate rose by 0.9 percentage points, increasing from 33.5% to 34.4%. Meanwhile, the overall unemployment rate for individuals aged 15 and older grew by 0.5 percentage points, moving from 25.4% in Q4 of 2022 to 25.9% in Q3 of 2023.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Quarterly%20Multi-Topic%20Survey-%20%20Labour%20Force%20Module%20Q3%2C%202023%20.pdf>

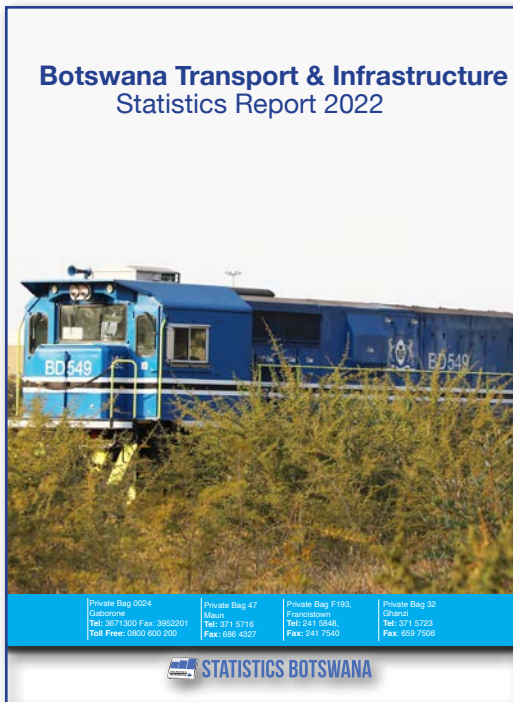


BOTSWANA FOOD IMPORTS NOVEMBER 2023

PERIODICITY: Monthly
PAGES: 4
PUBLISHED: 07 February 2024

Botswana's total imports were valued at P9, 514.3 million during the month of November 2023. In this amount, food imports contributed 14.8 percent. Beverages, Spirits & Vinegar and Cereals accounted for 32.3 percent and 11.5 percent of food imports respectively. Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants followed with 9.2 percent.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/FOOD%20IMPORTS%20NOVEMBER%202023%20.pdf>



BOTSWANA TRANSPORT & INFRASTRUCTURE STATISTICS REPORT 2022

PERIODICITY: Annual

PAGES: i-iv, 1-42

PUBLISHED: 09 February 2024

ISBN: 978-99968-981-9-8 (E-Book)

ISBN: 978-99968-978-8-7 (Paperback)

In 2022, the total road network in Botswana measured 32,564.8 km. Of this length, 18,507 km (56.8 percent) was under the care of the Central Government while 14,057.8 km (43.2 percent) was managed by Local Authorities. Road density in Botswana was 0.06 km sq. There were 601,081 licensed vehicles in Botswana in 2022, a decrease of 2.1 percent from 613,845 licensed vehicles in 2021. Out of this total, privately owned vehicles accounted for 97.9 percent of the total while government fleet constituted only 2.1 percent. An increase of 73.3 percent was realised in aircraft movements recorded in 2022, from 36,878 in 2021 to 63,911 aircraft movements. Domestic aircraft movements made up 78.9 percent of the total while international movements constituted 21.1 percent. A total of 652,141 air transport passengers were carried in 2022, 54.0 percent were international while 46.0 percent were domestic.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Botswana%20Transport%20%26%20Infrastructure%20Statistics%20Report%202022.pdf>



TRANSPORT AND INFRASTRUCTURE STATS BRIEF QUARTER 3 2023

PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: 23

PUBLISHED: 22 February 2024

During Q3 2023, a total of 10,876 motor vehicles were registered for the first time, of which 74.7 percent were passenger cars. Used vehicles made up 78.3 percent of the vehicles registered for the first time, while 21.6 percent being brand new vehicles and 0.1 percent being re-built vehicles. Goods transported through rail increased by 3.1 percent in Q3 2023 from 273,537 tonnes transported in Q2 2023 to 282,001 tonnes. A total of P65.9 million in revenue was generated, which was an increase of 34.0 percent from P49.2 million realised in Q2 2023.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Transport%20and%20Infrastructure%20%20Stats%20Brief%20Quarter%203%202023.pdf>

INTERNATIONAL MERCHANDISE TRADE STATISTICS **DECEMBER 2023 VERSION 2**

PERIODICITY: Monthly
PAGES: i-ii, 1-25
PUBLISHED: 23 February 2024

Botswana recorded a trade deficit of P1, 798.2 million in December 2023, this follows a revised deficit of P6, 430.0 million recorded in November 2023

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/International%20Merchandise%20Trade%20Statistics%20December%202023%20Version%202.pdf>

Botswana's total imports were valued at P6, 421.5 million during the month of December 2023. In this amount, food imports contributed 15.8 percent. Beverages, Spirits & Vinegar and Cereals accounted for 22.6 percent and 14.4 percent of food imports respectively. Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants followed with 8.9 percent.

Amongst Beverages, Spirits & Vinegar, the most imported commodity was Wines, including mineral waters and acidified waters, containing added sugar or other sweetening matter or flavoured, accounting for 27.6 percent. Beer made from malt contributed 23.9 percent.

Other Above (corn) and Semi-milled or wholly milled rice, whether polished or not or ground made contributions of 41.0 percent and 26.2 percent each, to the cereal chapter.

Description	December	November	% Change
00 Beverages, spirits and vinegar	122.0	123.9	-1.5
01 Cereals	129.0	142.4	-9.4
02 Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants	85.4	87.9	-2.9
03 Medicaments, whether in primary or secondary packaging	29.0	28.0	3.6
04 Fuels and other mineral products	79.4	71.9	10.4
05 Preparations of cereals, flax, straw or other agricultural products	27.0	27.0	0.0
06 Foodstuffs, including animal and vegetable products, other than those mentioned in chapters 01 to 05	87.0	81.9	6.2
07 Chemicals, including preparations, but excluding preparations of cereals, flax, straw or other agricultural products	28.0	28.0	0.0
08 Iron ores and concentrates	44.4	41.4	7.3
09 Coal and other solid fossil fuels	40.0	40.0	0.0
10 Other fuels, mineral or solid	22.0	22.0	0.0
11 Iron waste or scrap of iron	17.0	17.0	0.0
12 Other waste or scrap of iron	12.0	12.0	0.0
13 Products of the rubber industry, including sheets, sheets, vulcanized, unvulcanized, waste or scrap	10.0	10.0	0.0
14 Other waste or scrap of rubber	10.0	10.0	0.0
15 Vegetables and certain foodstuffs, fresh, chilled, frozen	1.0	1.0	0.0
16 Other waste or scrap of rubber	1.0	1.0	0.0
17 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
18 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
19 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
20 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
21 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
22 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
23 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
24 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
25 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
26 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
27 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
28 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
29 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
30 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
31 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
32 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
33 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
34 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
35 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
36 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
37 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
38 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
39 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
40 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
41 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
42 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
43 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
44 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
45 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
46 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
47 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
48 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
49 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
50 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
51 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
52 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
53 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
54 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
55 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
56 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
57 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
58 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
59 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
60 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
61 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
62 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
63 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
64 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
65 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
66 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
67 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
68 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
69 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
70 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
71 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
72 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
73 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
74 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
75 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
76 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
77 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
78 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
79 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
80 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
81 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
82 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
83 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
84 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
85 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
86 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
87 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
88 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
89 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
90 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
91 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
92 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
93 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
94 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
95 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
96 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
97 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
98 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
99 Iron waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0
100 Other waste or scrap of iron	1.0	1.0	0.0

BOTSWANA FOOD IMPORTS **DECEMBER 2023**

PERIODICITY: Monthly
PAGES: 4
PUBLISHED: 28 February 2024

Botswana's total imports were valued at P6, 421.5 million during the month of December 2023. In this amount, food imports contributed 15.8 percent. Beverages, Spirits & Vinegar and Cereals accounted for 22.6 percent and 14.4 percent of food imports respectively. Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants followed with 8.9 percent.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Botswana%20Food%20Imports%20December%202023.pdf>

**Private Bag 0224, Gaborone
Tel: 261 2200 Fax: 2612201
Toll Free: 0800 800 200**

**Private Bag 152,
Francistown
Tel: 241 5848 Fax: 241 7350**

**Private Bag 47,
Maseru
Tel: 271 5718 Fax: 686 4327**

STATISTICS BOTSWANA
E-mail: info@statsbots.org.bw Website: http://www.statsbots.org.bw

WORK PERMITS HOLDERS FOURTH QUARTER 2022

PERIODICITY: Quarterly
PAGES: 19
PUBLISHED: 12 March 2024

The results presented in this brief show an increase in work permit holders from 3,680 in September 2022 to 3,850 in December 2022 an increase of 4.6 percent. The Agricultural sector continues to record the majority of work permit holders with 22.4 percent followed by Education with 17.2 percent. Work permit holders by age group showed that overall, the

majority of work permit holders fell in the age group 40-44 years at 17.0 percent, followed by age groups 45-49 and 35-39 recording 16.0 percent and 15.5 percent respectfully.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Work%20Permits%20Holders%20%20Fourth%20Quarter%202022.pdf>

VITAL STATISTICS REPORT 2021

PERIODICITY: Annual

PAGES: i-viii, 1-61

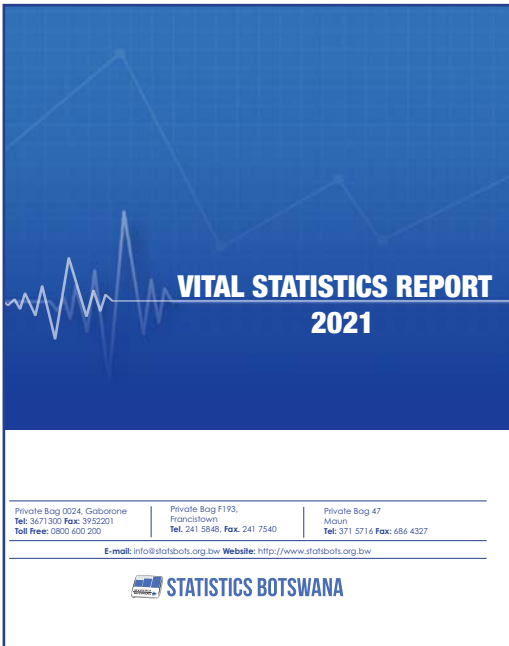
PUBLISHED: 27 March 2024

ISBN: 978-99968-978-9-4 (E-Book)

ISBN: 978-99968-909-0-1 (Paperback)

The number of deaths registered increased from 12,219 in 2020 to 17,590 in 2021, a 43.4 percent increase. The sex ratio at death remained stable at 104 in 2021. The crude death rate increased from 5.2 in 2020 to 7.3 in 2021. The number of marriages increased from 6,518 in 2020 to 7,631 in 2021, an increase of 17.1 percent, the highest ever experienced. About 0.4 percent of the brides required consent from parents or guardians as they were aged below 21 years. A total of 58,073 births (live and stillbirths) were registered in 2021, out of which about 13 percent were occurrences from the previous years. From the total registered, 51,823 were current occurrences of which 861 were stillbirths.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Vital%20Statistics%20Report%202021.pdf>



ELECTRICITY GENERATION & DISTRIBUTION **STATS BRIEF Q4 2023**

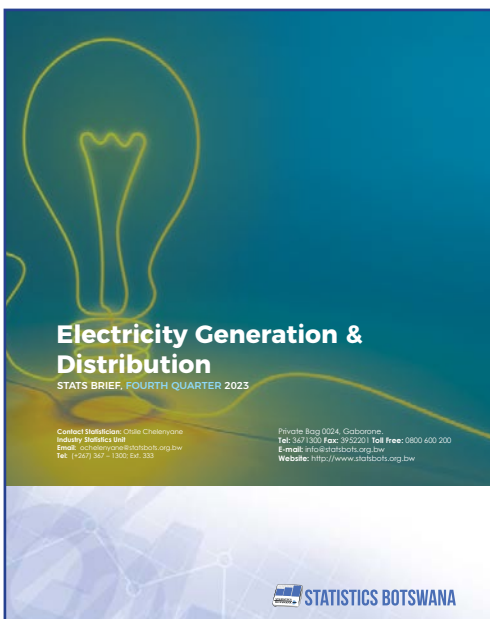
PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: 14

PUBLISHED: 28 March 2024

The Index of Electricity Generation (IEG) stood at 155.6 during the fourth quarter of 2023 compared to 192.2 recorded during the corresponding quarter in 2022, reflecting a year-on-year decrease of 19.0 percent. The quarter-on-quarter comparison shows a decrease of 26.4 percent, from 211.6 during the third quarter of 2023 to 155.6 during the current quarter

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Electricity%20Generation%20%26%20%20Distribution%20Stats%20Brief%20Q4%202023.pdf>





AGENDA 2063 - THE AFRICA WE WANT

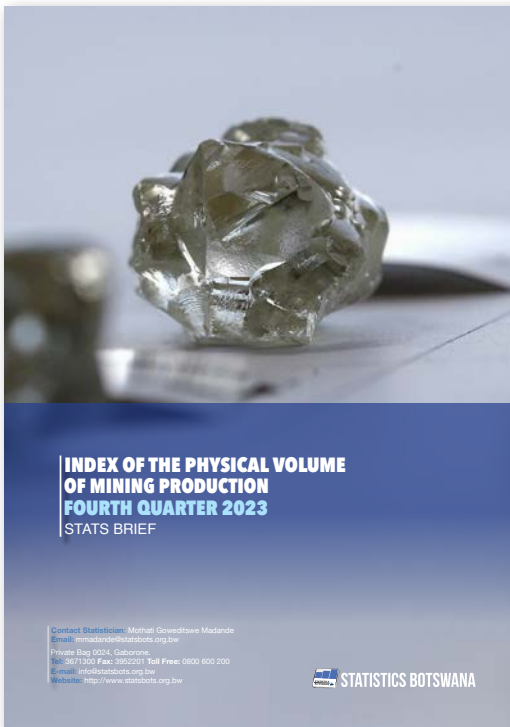
PERIODICITY: Adhoc

PAGES: 64

PUBLISHED: 28 March 2024

Looking at the decade-long economic trajectory of the Agenda 2063 First Ten-Year Implementation Plan (FTYIP), it is observed that real GDP increased from P72271.7 to P80963.1, while unemployment also increased from 18.6% to 25.6%. These two indicators imply a positive correlation, which contrasts with the predictions of economic theory, particularly Okun's Law. According to Okun's Law, a rise in GDP is generally expected to lead to a reduction in the unemployment rate (Cuaresma, 2003). According to Okun's Law, an increase in GDP should typically result in a decline in the unemployment rate, Cuaresma, (2003). Therefore, the performance rating of the priority area for the income, jobs, and decent work priority area shows a decline. This underscores a need for reassessment and potential adjustment of strategies to address the discrepancy and achieve the intended goals of the Agenda 2063 FTYIP.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Agenda%202063%20The%20Africa%20We%20Want.pdf>



INDEX OF THE PHYSICAL VOLUME OF MINING PRODUCTION Q4 2023

PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: i-ii, 1-11

PUBLISHED: 28 March 2024

The Index of Mining Production stood at 101.8 during the fourth quarter of 2023 compared to 97.3 registered in the same quarter of the previous year, showing a year-on-year growth of 4.6 percent. The main contributor to the increase in mining production were Diamonds at 5.3 percentage points, as shown in Table 2. Copper in Concentrates and Coal were the main negative contributors to mining production, at negative 0.8 and negative 0.2 of a percentage point respectively.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Index%20of%20Physical%20Volume%20of%20Mining%20Production%202023%20Q4.pdf>



GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT Q4 2023

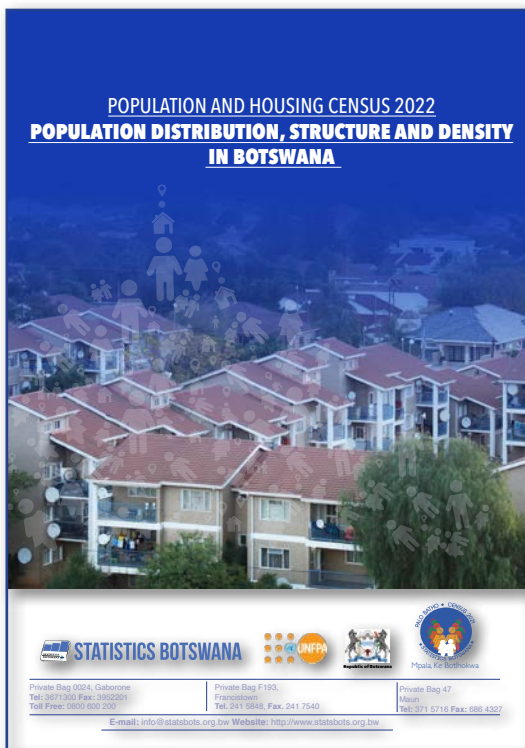
PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: i, 1- 37

PUBLISHED: 28 March 2024

GDP at constant 2016 prices for the fourth quarter of 2023 was P50, 265.1 million compared to the revised P50, 729.5 million recorded in the third quarter of 2023, a decrease of 0.9 percent (See table 3). The real Gross Domestic Product increased by 1.9 percent during the period under review, as opposed to an increase of 5.5 percent in the same quarter of 2022. The growth was attributed to real value added for Mining & Quarrying, Real Estate and Public Administration & Defence industries which rose by 6.4, 6.3 and 5.9 percent respectively. All other industries recorded positive growths of more than 0.1 percent except Diamond Traders and Water & Electricity which contracted by 85.4 and 27.9 percent respectively

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Gross%20Domestic%20Product%20%20Quater%204%202023.pdf>



POPULATION AND HOUSING CENSUS 2022: POPULATION DISTRIBUTION STRUCTURE AND DENSITY IN BOTSWANA

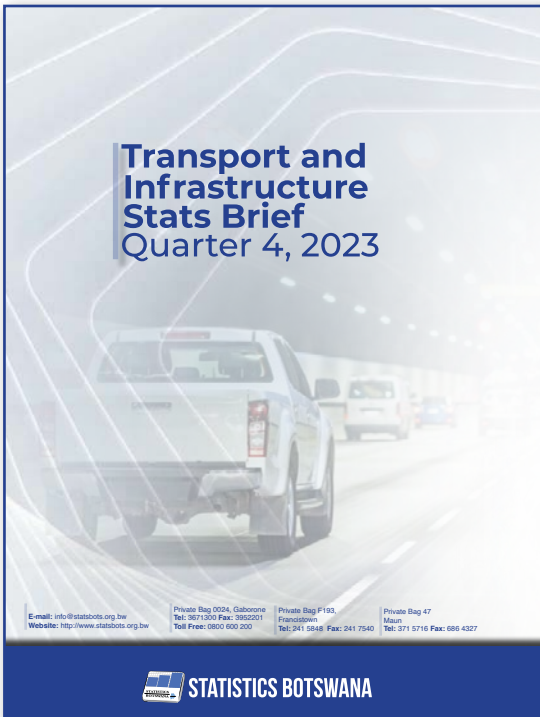
PERIODICITY: Decade

PAGES: i-iii, 1- 16

PUBLISHED: 28 March 2024

A total of 2, 359,609 persons were enumerated in the 2022 Population and Housing Census comprising of 1,150,615 males (48.8%) and 1,208,994 females (51.2%). This yields a national sex ratio of 95 males for every 100 females. All of the decennial censuses prior to 2022 indicated higher counts of females than males, which is a similar trend observed in the current Population and Housing Census. However, a different trend is observed in some of the districts, particularly in the mining towns (see Table 3). This change may well be accounted for by the changing population composition in the working ages attributed in particular to labor, which is mainly male-dominated (in the construction industry in particular).

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Population%20Distribution%20Structure%20and%20Density%20in%20Botswana.pdf>



TRANSPORT & INFRASTRUCTURE STATS BRIEF QUARTER 4 2023

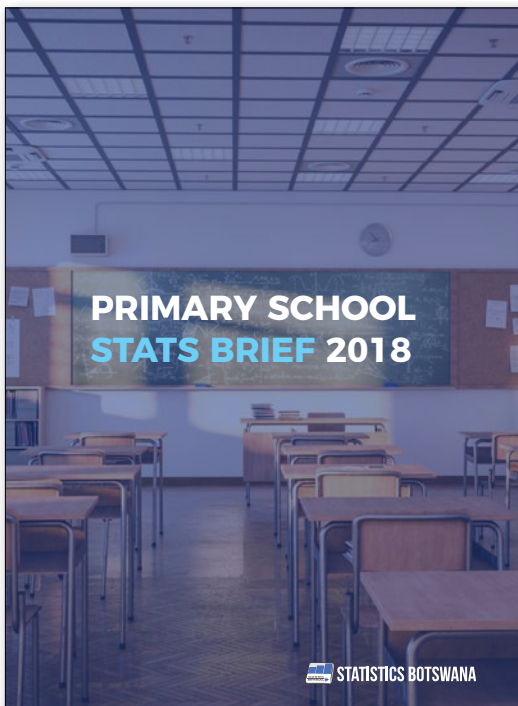
PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: 23

PUBLISHED: 04 April 2024

A total of 11,540 vehicles were registered for the first time in Q4 2023, of which 74.7 percent were passenger cars. Used vehicles made up 78.5 percent of the vehicles registered for the first time, while brand new and re-built vehicles made up 21.4 and 0.1 percent respectively. Aircraft movements registered in Q4 2023, went down by 25.9 percent, from 21,906 movements recorded in the previous quarter to 16,223. International aircraft movements declined by 20.8 percent while domestic movements decreased by 27.3 percent. Air passenger movements recorded this quarter stood at 198,134, a decrease of 14.0 percent when compared to Q3 2023.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Transport%20%20Infrastructure%20Stats%20Brief%20Quater%204%202023.pdf>



PRIMARY SCHOOL STATS BRIEF 2018

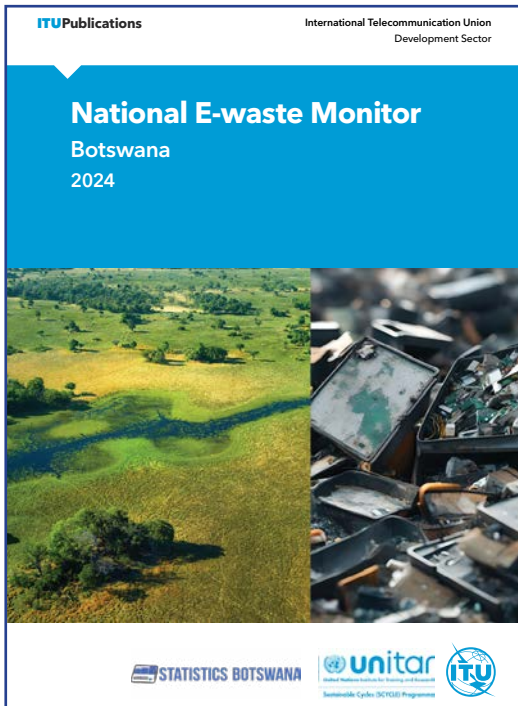
PERIODICITY: Annual

PAGES: 24

PUBLISHED: 15 April 2024

The results presented in this stats brief indicates that the total enrolment in all primary schools was estimated at 366,253 in 2018. Government schools enrolled 93.1 percent of the pupils while only 6.9 percent were enrolled in private schools. There has been an increase of 2 percent on enrolment between 2017 and 2018 from 359,193 to 366,253. Regions which enrolled high proportions of pupils were Central region accounting 124,546 pupils followed by Kweneng region with 52,185 pupils and Southern region with 45,107 pupils.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Primary%20School%20Stats%20Brief%202018.pdf>



NATIONAL E-WASTE MONITOR FOR BOTSWANA 2024

PERIODICITY: Annual

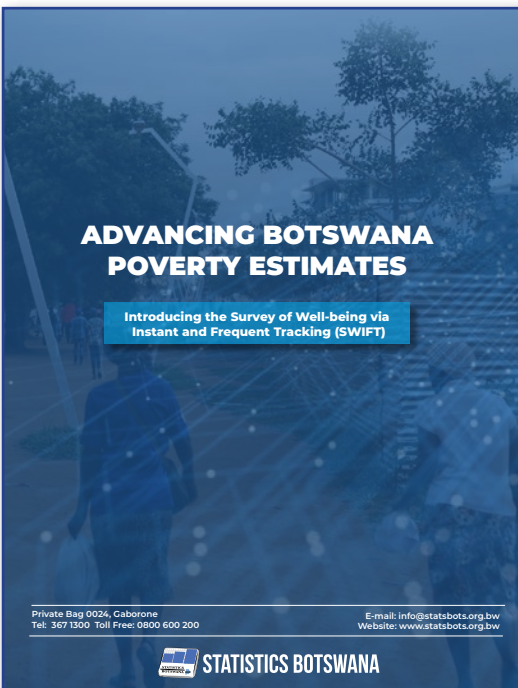
PAGES: i-viii, 1- 29

PUBLISHED: 22 April 2024

ISBN: 978-92-61-38281-0 (Electronic version)

This report examines the overall statistics of electronic and electrical equipment (EEE) placed on the market (POM) and e-waste generation in Botswana. The main findings indicate that 21 097 tonnes of EEE were placed on the market in Botswana in 2020 generated by demand from households and businesses. In 2020, 13 494 tonnes of EEE became e-waste.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/publications/National%20E-waste%20Monitor%20for%20Botswana%202024.pdf>



ADVANCING BOTSWANA POVERTY ESTIMATES: INTRODUCING THE SURVEY OF WELL-BEING VIA INSTANT AND FREQUENT TRACKING (SWIFT)

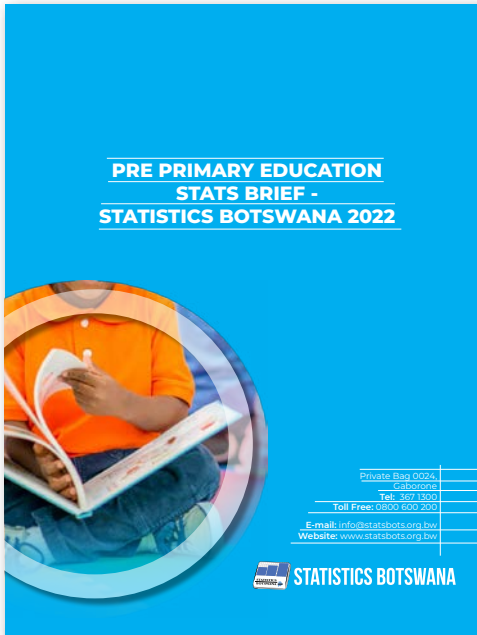
PERIODICITY: Annual

PAGES: 11

PUBLISHED: 23 April 2024

The poverty rate is predicted to have increased to 17.0 percent in Q4 of 2019, reduced to 16.7 percent in Q4 of 2020 and hiked to 18.0 percent in 2021 Q4 following which a reduction to 14.5 percent was predicted. The 18.0 percent in 2021 Q4 may be due to economic shocks that were experienced by households at the peak of Covid-19 pandemic in the country, while the decrease to 14.5 percent in 2022 may indicate improvements in economic conditions or the effectiveness of interventions in reducing poverty, offering hope for continued progress in poverty alleviation efforts.

https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/ADVANCING%20BOTSWANA%20POVERTY%20ESTIMATES%20%20Introducing%20the%20Survey%20of%20Well-being%20via%20%20Instant%20and%20Frequent%20Tracking%20-%28SWIFT%29_.pdf



PRE PRIMARY EDUCATION STATS BRIEF 2022

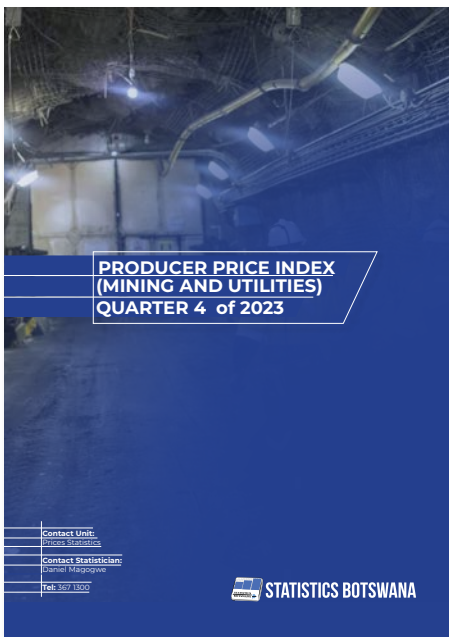
PERIODICITY: Annual

PAGES: i-iii, 1- 16

PUBLISHED: 23 May 2024

The Day care/Nursery and pre-primary data was collected from 1,305 pre-primary schools. Out of the total day care/nursery and pre-schools, 679 (52%) were government owned, 500 (38.3%) were privately owned, 67 (5.1%) were community owned. The 2.1 percent (28) were owned by churches. NGO's owned 27 (2.1%), while 3 (0.2%) and 1 (0.1%) of them were owned by staff/Institutional and others respectively. It must be noted that both services Day-care and Pre-Primary school services are being served by the same schools, there are no specific schools for Day-care service.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Pre%20Primary%20Education%20%20Stats%20Brief%20-%202022.pdf>



PRODUCER PRICE INDEX (MINING & UTILITIES) QUARTER 4 2023

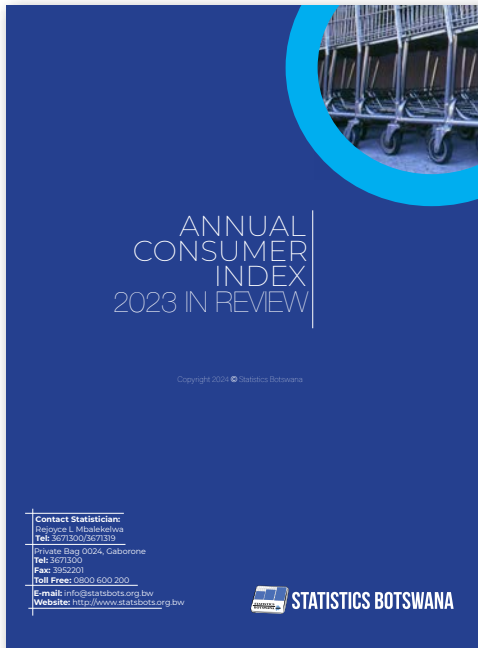
PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: : i-ii, 1-3

PUBLISHED: 24 May 2024

The Mining Producer Price Index moved from 111.5 in Quarter 3 of 2023 to 135.0 in Quarter 4 of 2023, registering an increase of 21.1 percent. The increase was due to a rise in all section indices except the Gold section index, which registered a decrease of 0.7 percent and the quarry section index, which remained unchanged between the two periods.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/PRODUCER%20PRICE%20INDEX%20%28MINING%20AND%20UTILITIES%29%20%20QUARTER%204%20%20of%202023.pdf>



ANNUAL CONSUMER INDEX 2023 IN REVIEW

PERIODICITY: Annual
PAGES: i-ii, 1-14
PUBLISHED: 30 May 2024

The Average annual inflation rate was 5.2 percent in 2023, a decrease of 6.9 percentage points on the 2022 average inflation rate of 12.1 percent. There was a stable movement of prices in 2023 as opposed to 2022, as most of the groups registered a slight change on the annual average inflation rates. However, the Transport group registered a significant drop of 26.9 percentage points from 31.1 percent recorded in 2022 to 4.2 percent in 2023.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Annual%20Consumer%20Index%20%202023%20In%20Review.pdf>

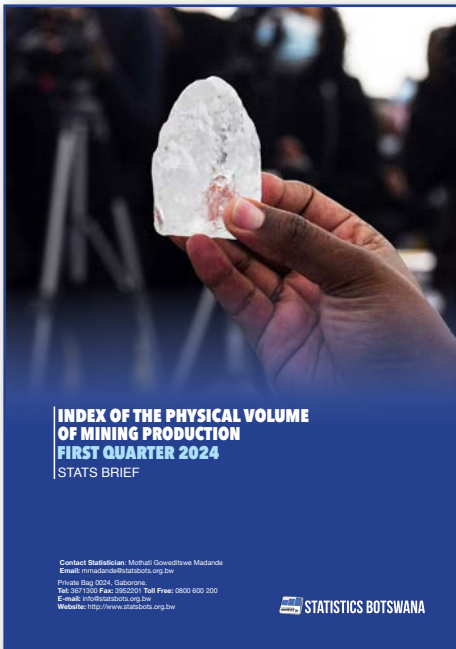


SECONDARY SCHOOLS STATS BRIEF 2022

PERIODICITY: Annual
PAGES: i-iii, 1-27
PUBLISHED: 25 June 2024

The report shows that there has been an increase of 4.2 percent in the number of secondary schools, from 283 in 2012 to 295 in 2022. An increase of 22.7 percent was recorded in the number of privately owned secondary schools between 2012 and 2022, whereas Government schools increased by only 0.9 percent, no changes were recorded in Government Aided Secondary Schools. However, between 2015 and 2021 number of privately owned schools reduced by 3.8 percent. An increase of 8.0 percent in private schools was again recorded between 2021 and 2022. Out of the 295 secondary schools that operated in 2022, Government schools constituted 80.3 percent, while government aided and private schools constituted 1.4 and 18.3 percent respectively.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Secondary%20Schools%20Stats%20Brief%202022.pdf>



INDEX OF THE PHYSICAL VOLUME OF MINING PRODUCTION: FIRST QUARTER 2024

PERIODICITY: Quarterly
PAGES: i-ii, 1-15
PUBLISHED: 28 June 2024

The Index of Mining Production stood at 84.9 in the first quarter of 2024 compared to 114.3 registered in the corresponding quarter of 2023, showing a year-on-year decrease of 25.7 percent. On a quarter-on quarter comparison, the index declined by 16.6 percent from 101.8 recorded during the fourth quarter of 2023.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Index%20Of%20The%20Physical%20Volume%20Of%20Mining%20Production%20First%20Quarter%202024.pdf>

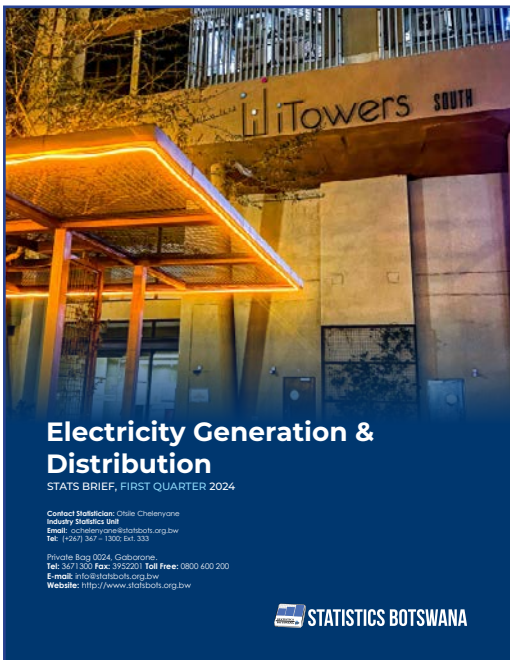


GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT Q 1 2024

PERIODICITY: Quarterly
PAGES: 37
PUBLISHED: 28 June 2024

The nominal Gross Domestic Product for the first quarter of 2024 was P64, 631.7 million, up from P61, 787.8 million in the previous quarter, indicating a quarterly increase of 4.6 percent in nominal terms. During this period, Public Administration and Defense contributed the most to GDP at 17.4 percent, followed by Mining & Quarrying at 12.5 percent. Real GDP for the first quarter of 2024 decreased by 5.3 percent compared to the positive 5.3 percent growth registered in the same quarter of the previous year.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Gross%20Domestic%20Product%20First%20Quarter%20Of%202024.pdf>



ELECTRICITY GENERATION & DISTRIBUTION **STATS BRIEF Q1 2024**

PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: 14

PUBLISHED: 28 June 2024

The physical volume of generated electricity decreased by 11.2 percent (99,387 MWH), from 890,655 MWH during the first quarter of 2023 to 791,267 MWH during the current quarter. The quarter-on-quarter perspective shows that local electricity generation increased by 20.9 percent (136,956 MWH), from 654,312 MWH during the fourth quarter of 2023 to 791,267 MWH during the period under review. This increase was mainly attributed to the higher output of both Morupule A and B power stations.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Electricity%20Generation%20%26%20Distribution%20Q1%2C%202024.pdf>



TOURISM: **INTERNATIONAL VISITOR ARRIVALS** **STATS BRIEF, 2023**

PERIODICITY: Annual

PAGES: 27

PUBLISHED: 22 July 2024

In 2023, Botswana received a total of 1,183,432 international visitors (tourists). The majority of these visitors, accounting for 77.2 percent (913,893), come from the SADC region. Appendix 8 shows that most tourists came from South Africa 33.3 percent (394, 090), Zimbabwe 22.3 percent (263, 697) and Zambia at 10.8 percent (128, 346). These three countries combined, accounted for 66.4 percent (786, 133) of the total number of tourists.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/International%20Visitor%20Arrivals%20%20Stats%20Brief%202023.pdf>



ANNUAL CONSUMER PRICE INDEX 2022 IN REVIEW

PERIODICITY: Annual
PAGES: 14
PUBLISHED: 09 July 2024

In 2022, the average annual inflation rate rose to 12.1 percent, registering a significant increase from the 6.7 percent inflation rate recorded in 2021. The main contributors to the 2022 average annual inflation rate were; Transport (7.2 percentage points), Food & Non-Alcoholic Beverages (1.6 percentage points), Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas & Other Fuels (1.2 percentage points) and Miscellaneous Goods & Services (0.8 of a percentage point). The notable increase in inflation was primarily driven by a substantial rise in Transport, which increased from 2.8 percentage points in 2021 to 7.2 percentage points in 2022, recording a rise of 4.4 percentage points. Together, these major contributors account for 63.45 percent of the overall CPI basket, with Transport comprising 23.43 percent, Food & Non-Alcoholic Beverages 13.55 percent, Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas & Other Fuels 17.45 percent, and Miscellaneous Goods & Services 9.01 percent.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/ANNUAL%20CONSUMER%20PRICE%20INDEX%202022%20IN%20REVIEW.pdf>

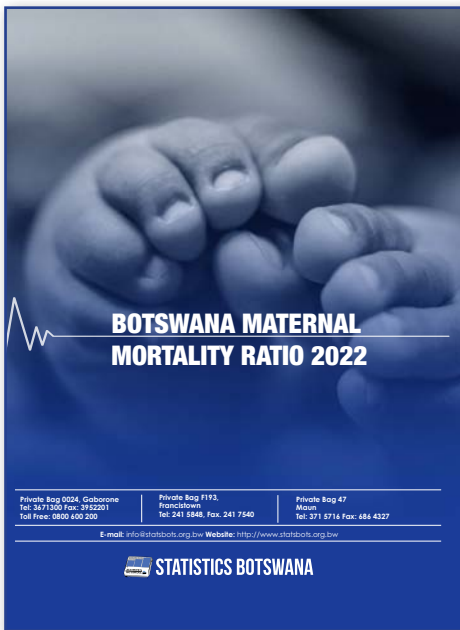


ANNUAL CONSUMER PRICE INDEX 2021 IN REVIEW

PERIODICITY: Annual
PAGES: i-ii, 1- 14
PUBLISHED: 09 July 2024

In 2021, the average annual inflation rate rose to 6.7 percent, a significant increase from the 1.9 percent recorded in 2020. Key contributors to this rise included Transport (2.8 percentage points), Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas & Other Fuels (1.4 percentage points), Food & Non-Alcoholic Beverages (0.8 percentage points), and Miscellaneous Goods & Services (0.5 of a percentage point). The significant growth in the inflation rate was primarily driven by a substantial increase in Transport, which moved from -0.6 percent in 2020 to 2.8 percent in 2021, recording a rise of 3.4 percentage point. These major contributing factors to the average annual inflation rate collectively account for 63.45 percent of the overall CPI basket. Specifically, Transport constitutes 23.43 percent, Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas & Other Fuels (17.45 percent), Food & Non-Alcoholic Beverages (13.55 percent) and Miscellaneous Goods & Services (9.01 percent).

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/ANNUAL%20CONSUMER%20PRICE%20INDEX%202021%20IN%20REVIEW.pdf>



BOTSWANA MATERNAL MORTALITY RATIO 2022

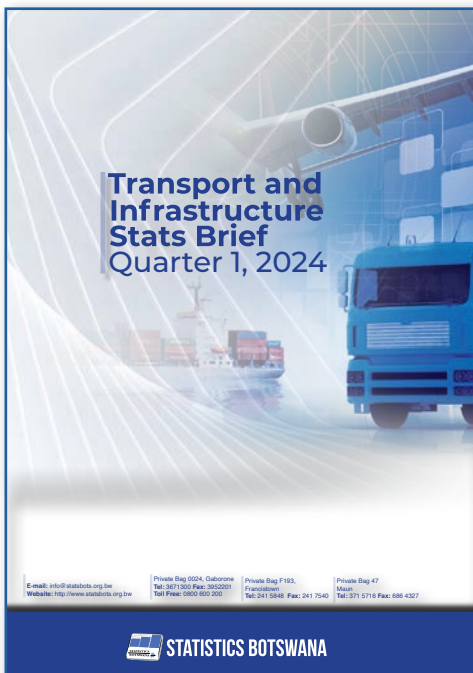
PERIODICITY: Annual

PAGES: i-iv, 1- 12

PUBLISHED: 11 July 2024

The brief shows that 89 maternal deaths were reported in 2022 from 50,704 live births yielding a Maternal Mortality Ratio (MMR) of 175.5 maternal deaths per 100,000 live births. Over the years there has been a fluctuating trend in the Maternal Mortality Ratio (MMR) ranging from 127 deaths per 100,000 live births (lowest) in 2015 to 240 deaths per 100,000 live births (highest) in 2021. This shows that the country is yet to reach the 70 deaths per 100,000 live births target set by the World Health Organization (WHO).

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Botswana%20Maternal%20Mortality%20Ratio%202022.pdf>



TRANSPORT AND INFRASTRUCTURE STATS BRIEF QUARTER 1, 2024

PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: 25

PUBLISHED: 22 JULY 2024

During the quarter under review, vehicles registered for the first time stood at 10,534, an increase of 8.7 percent when compared to Q4 2023. Motor vehicle license renewals declined by 22.5 percent from 162,634 renewals recorded in the previous quarter to 125,973 in Q1 2024. A total of 12,509 aircraft movements were registered, which was a decline of 22.9 percent from those recorded in the previous quarter. Domestic aircraft movements accounted for 75.5 percent of the total while international movements constituted 24.5 percent. This resulted in 161,742 air passengers being recorded within the quarter, a decrease of 18.4 percent when compared to 198,134 of the previous quarter.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Transport%20and%20Infrastructure%20Stats%20Brief%20Quarter%201%20%2C%202024.pdf>



MARRIAGE STATISTICS BRIEF 2022

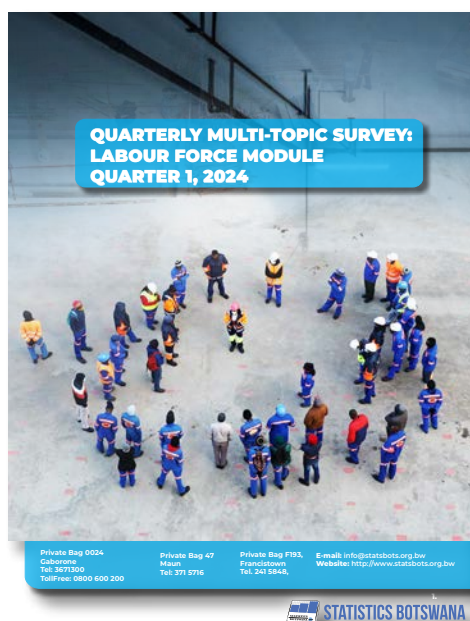
PERIODICITY: Annual

PAGES: i-ii, 1-15

PUBLISHED: 24 July 2024

The number of marriages increased from 5,333 in 2013 to 5,642 in 2022. Nonetheless, there was a notable rise in the number of marriages, from 6,518 in 2020 to 7,631 in 2021. This sudden increase followed the easing of travel and gathering restrictions that had been put in place to stop the then rampant spread of COVID-19. 2020 saw the suspension of most civil and national registration services, including marriage solemnization, as a result of the nation's lockdown and travel restrictions. Deferred marriage intentions that had already been published resulted in a backlog of marriages that were eventually formally sealed in 2021. Following the COVID-19 pandemic, marriages fell by 26.1% in 2022 compared to 2021. However, this decline is not a cause for alarm as things were beginning to return to normal.

https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Marriage%20Statistics%20Brief%202022_0.pdf



QUARTERLY MULTI-TOPIC SURVEY: LABOUR FORCE MODULE QUARTER 1, 2024

PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: 135

PUBLISHED: 02 August 2024

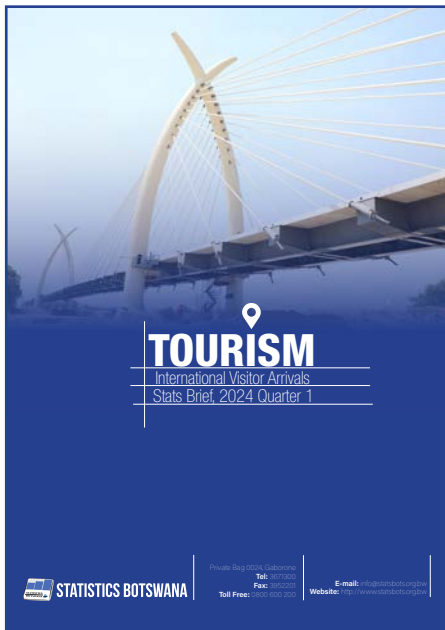
ISBN: 978-99968-909-3-2 (E-Book)

ISBN: 978-99968-909-4-9 (Paperback)

The Employed population (15 years and above) recorded a decrease between Q3 2023 and Q1 of 2024, from 788,616 to 754,147 persons, a decrease of 4.4 percent. This was accompanied by an increase of 4.3 percent of unemployed persons, from 275,159 to 287,059 persons over the period. Formal sector employment increased from 490,861 in Q3 of 2023 to 504,738 in Q1 of 2024, an increase of 2.8 percent. The youth labour force decreased by 2.1 percent between Q3 2023 and Q1 of 2024, from 520,582 to 509,683. Youth unemployment rate went up by 3.8 percentage points over the period, from 34.4 to 38.2 percent. Unemployment rate (persons aged 15 years and above) increased by 1.7 percentage points, from 25.9 percent in Q3 of 2023, to 27.6 percent in Q1 2024.

The total labour force aged 15 years and above was estimated at 1,041,204 persons, comprising of 510,574 (49.0 percent) males, and 530,630 (50.0 percent females) as presented in Figure 1.2 below. Out of a total of 287,059 job seekers, 51.6 percent (148,122) were females, compared to 48.4 percent (138,937) males.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Quarterly%20Multi%20Topic%20Survey%20Labour%20Force%20Module%20Quarter%201%202024.pdf>



TOURISM: INTERNATIONAL VISITOR ARRIVALS STATS BRIEF, 2024 QUARTER 1

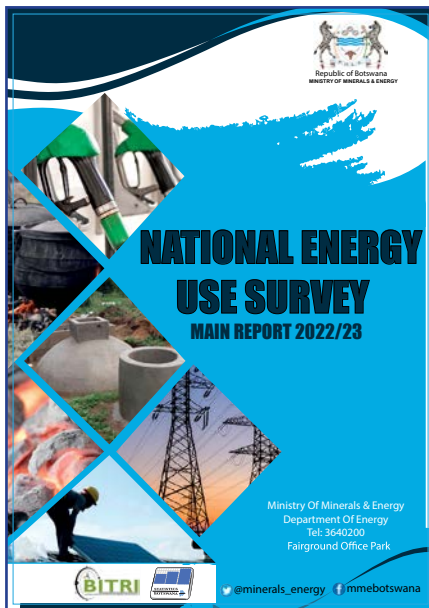
PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: i-iii, 1-19

PUBLISHED: 01 August 2024

The country received a total of 267,805 international visitors (tourists) during the first quarter of 2024. South Africa contributed 85,745, representing 32.0 percent of overall tourists. Regarding the purpose of visit, In-Transit tourists represented the highest proportion of tourists, at 32.5 percent (87,112) followed by those who came to visit friends and relatives at 22.0 percent (58,845), while those who came for Holiday/ Leisure accounted for 20.5 percent (54,874) of all the tourist arrivals.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Tourism%20International%20Visitor%20Arrivals%20%20Stats%20Brief%202024%20Quarter%201.pdf>



NATIONAL ENERGY USE SURVEY MAIN REPORT 2022/23

PERIODICITY: Annual

PAGES: i-viii, 1-44

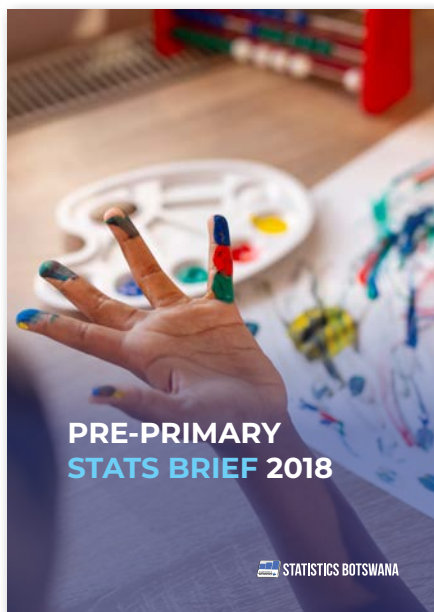
PUBLISHED: 30 August 2024

ISBN: 978-99968-909-1-8 (Paperback)

ISBN: 978-99968-909-1-8 (E-Book)

The results presented in this report states that Total Final Energy Consumption at national level is 43 002TJ. Total Final Energy Consumption is dominated by biomass at 28 360.8TJ, constituting a share of 66.0%. Next is petrol at 6 280.1 TJ constituting a share of 15%, followed by electricity at 4 576.5 TJ with a share of 11%. Consumption of the rest of the fuels is comparatively insignificant with shares of 5% and below. Consumption of paraffin could be very low because of increased access to electricity and availability of solar lanterns, especially for lighting.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/National%20Energy%20Use%20Survey%202023.pdf>



PRE-PRIMARY STATS BRIEF 2018

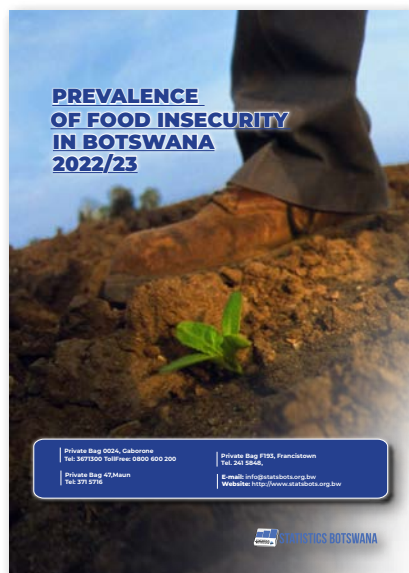
PERIODICITY: Annual

PAGES: 22

PUBLISHED: 04 September 2024

The Day care/Nursery and pre- primary data was collected from 1,002 pre-primary schools. Out of the total day care/nursery and pre-schools, 500 (49.9%) were government owned, 420 (41.9%) were privately owned, 32 (3.2%) were community owned, 25 (2.5%) were owned by NGO's, 22(2.2%) belonged to churches, while 2(0.2%) and 1(0.1%) of them were owned by staff/Institutional and Others respectively. It is important to highlight that both day-care and pre-primary school services are provided by the same schools, as there are no separate institutions exclusively for day-care services.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Pre%20Primary%20Stats%20Brief%202018.pdf>



PREVALENCE OF FOOD INSECURITY IN BOTSWANA 2022/23

PERIODICITY: Annual

PAGES: i-ii, 1-9

PUBLISHED: 04 September 2024

This Statistical brief presents results from the analysis of the FIES data collected in the QMTS during the third quarter of 2023 (July to September 2023). The results showed that at national level, Moderate or severe food insecurity, increased from 50.8 percent in 2018/19 to 51.1 percent in 2020/21, and to 53.3 percent in 2021/22. In the year 2022/23 the population proportion which experienced Moderate or severe food insecurity reduced from 53.3 to 49.4 percent.

https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Prevalence%20of%20Food%20Insecurity%20in%20Botswana%202022_23.pdf



WORK PERMITS HOLDERS FIRST QUARTER 2023

PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: i, 1-16

PUBLISHED: 25 September 2024

The results presented in this brief show an increase in work permit holders from 3,850 in December 2022 to 4,851 in March 2023 an increase of 26.0 percent. The Agricultural sector continues to record the majority of work permit holders with 24.7 percent followed by Education with 18.0 percent. Work permit holders by age group showed that overall, the majority of work permit holders fell in the age group 40-44 years at 16.7 percent, followed by age groups 45-49 and 35-39 recording 16.0 percent and 14.8 percent respectively.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Work%20Permits%20Holders%20First%20Quarter%202023.pdf>



GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT Q2 2024

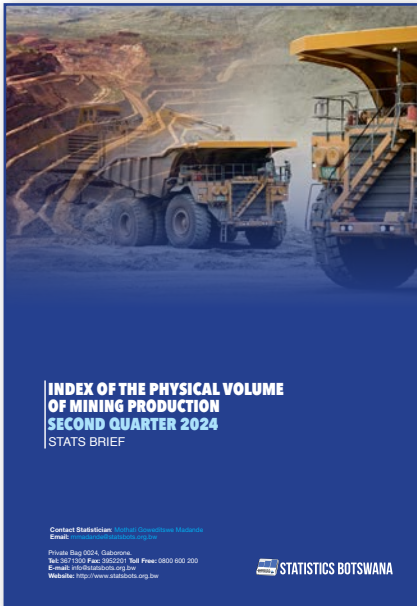
PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: 37

PUBLISHED: 27 September 2024

GDP at constant 2016 prices for the second quarter of 2024 was P50 053.9 million compared to the revised 49 368.4 million recorded in the First quarter of 2024. The real Gross Domestic Product decreased by 0.5 percent during the period under review, against an increase of 3.3 percent in the same quarter of 2023. The contraction in the domestic economy was observed in Mining & Quarry and Diamond Traders real value added by 16.5 and 11.2 percent respectively. All other industries recorded positive growths of more than 0.3 percent.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Gross%20Domestic%20Product%20Second%20Quarter%202024.pdf>



INDEX OF THE PHYSICAL VOLUME OF MINING PRODUCTION, SECOND QUARTER 2024 STATS BRIEF

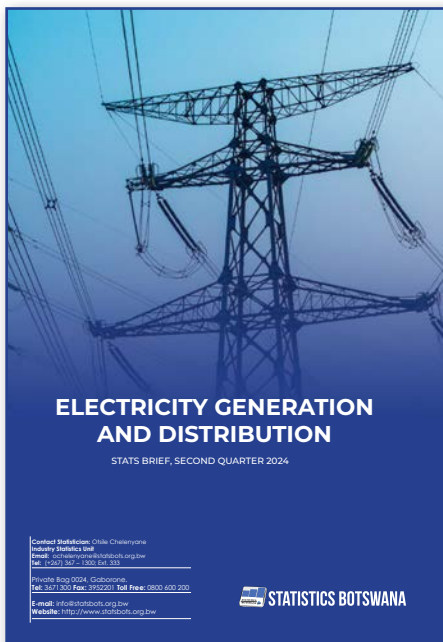
PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: i-ii, 1-15

PUBLISHED: 27 September 2024

The Index of Mining Production stood at 79.4 during the second quarter of 2024 compared to 98.1 registered in the same quarter of the previous year, showing a year-on-year negative growth of 19.0 percent. The main contributor to the decrease in mining production was Diamonds and Copper in Concentrates which contributed negative 16.1 and negative 2.3 percentage points respectively, as shown in Table 2. Soda Ash and Coal were the only positive contributors to mining production, at 0.1 of a percentage point each. The quarter-on-quarter analysis shows a decrease of 6.5 percent from the index of 84.9 in the first quarter of 2024 to 79.4 observed during the period under review.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Index%20of%20the%20Physical%20Volume%20of%20Mining%20Production%2C%20Second%20Quarter%202024%20Stats%20Brief.pdf>



ELECTRICITY GENERATION AND DISTRIBUTION STATS BRIEF, SECOND QUARTER 2024

PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: 14

PUBLISHED: 27 September 2024

The physical volume of generated electricity increased by 21.1 percent (139,174 MWH), from 660,349 MWH during the second quarter of 2023 to 799,523 MWH during the current quarter. The quarter-on-quarter perspective shows that local electricity generation increased by 1.0 percent (8,256 MWH), from 791,267 MWH during the first quarter of 2024 to 799,523 MWH during the period under review. This increase was mainly attributed to the improvement of the Morupule A and B power stations.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Electricity%20Generation%20and%20Distribution%20Stats%20Brief%20%2C%20Second%20Quarter%202024.pdf>



TOURISM: INTERNATIONAL VISITOR ARRIVALS STATS BRIEF, QUARTER 4 2022

PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: i-iii, 1- 31

PUBLISHED: 25 October 2024

The country received a total of 270,701 international visitors (tourists) during the fourth quarter of 2022. These represented 62.1 percent of total non-citizen arrivals (435,875) the bulk of whom reside in the SADC sub-region. South Africa contributed 99,146, representing 36.6 percent of international visitors (tourists). With regard to purpose of visit, tourists who were In-Transit represented the highest proportion of tourists, at 27.5 percent (74,508) followed by those Visiting Friends and Relatives (VFR) at 25.9 percent (70,102). Tourists who came for Holiday/ Leisure and Business accounted for 21.7 percent (58,817) and 17.9 percent (48,367) respectively.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Tourism%20International%20Visitor%20Arrivals%20Stats%20Brief%2C%20Quarter%204%202022.pdf>



PRODUCER PRICE INDEX (MINING AND UTILITIES) QUARTER 2 OF 2024

PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: i-ii, 1-3

PUBLISHED: 24 October 2024

In the second quarter of 2024, the Mining Producer Price Annual Inflation increased by 11.6 percent, in contrast to a decline of 2.2 percent recorded in the first

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Producer%20Price%20Index%20%28Mining%20and%20Utilities%29%20%20Quarter%202%20of%202024.pdf>



TRANSPORT & INFRASTRUCTURE STATISTICS REPORT 2023

PERIODICITY: Annual

PAGES: i-iv, 1-35

PUBLISHED: 18 October 2024

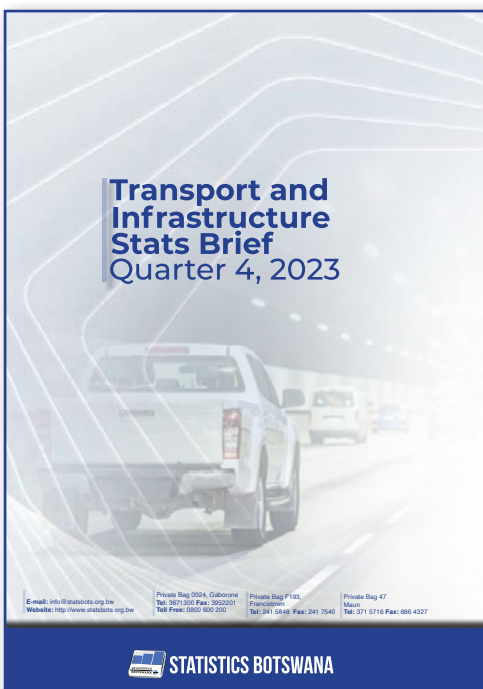
ISBN: 978-99968-909-8-7 (E-book)

ISBN: 978- 99968-909-7-0 (Paperback)

A total of 619,953 vehicles were licensed in 2023, which was an increase of 3.1 percent from 601,081 vehicles licensed in 2022. Of this total, privately owned vehicles made up 97.9 percent of the total while government fleet constituted only 2.1 percent.

In 2023, aircraft movements rose by 9.4 percent from 63,911 recorded in 2022 to 69,900. Of these, 78.5 percent were domestic while the remaining 21.5 percent were international. There was an increase of 17.1 percent in passenger's movements in 2023, from 652,141 passenger movements in 2022 to 763,809. International passenger movements made up 54.9 percent while domestic constituted 45.1 percent of the total. A total of 1,496.0 tonnes of cargo was carried by air in 2023.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Transport%20%20Infrastruture%20Statistics%20Report%202023.pdf>



TRANSPORT AND INFRASTRUCTURE STATS BRIEF Q2 2024

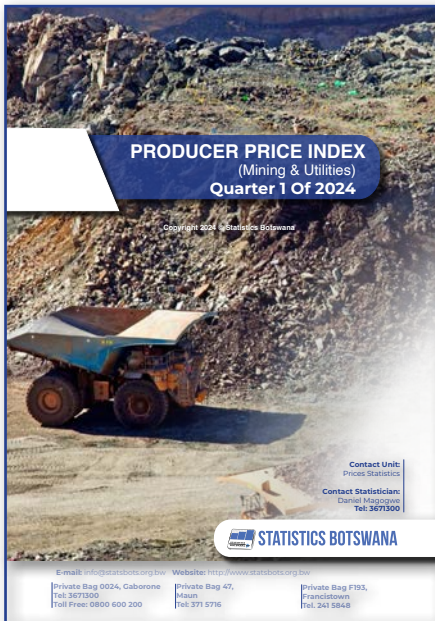
PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: 28

PUBLISHED: 11 October 2024

A total of 11,459 Motor Vehicles were registered for the first time in Q2 2024. Out of this total, 80.6 percent were used vehicles. Brand new and rebuilt vehicles made up 19.3 and 0.1 percent of the total respectively. Motor Vehicle Licenses renewed this quarter were 143,534, an increase of 13.9 percent from the previous quarter. During Q2 2024, a total of 274,681 net tonnes of goods were transported using rail and the revenue generated thereof amounted to P65.4 million. The volume of goods transported increased by 2.4 percent while revenue increased by 0.7 percent. Aircraft movements increased by 65.6 percent from the 12,509 movements recorded in the previous quarter to 20,712 movements in Q2 2024. A total of 224,485 passenger movements were recorded, of which 54.9 percent were international and 45.1 percent were domestic.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Transport%20and%20Infrastructure%20Stats%20Brief%20Quarter%202024.pdf>



PRODUCER PRICE INDEX (MINING AND UTILITIES) QUARTER 1 OF 2024

PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: i-ii, 1-3

PUBLISHED: 11 October 2024

The Mining Producer Price Index annual inflation rate recorded a decrease of 6.5 percentage points, from 4.3 percent recorded in Q4 of 2023 to -2.2 percent in Quarter 1 of 2024.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/PRODUCER%20PRICE%20INDEX%20%28MINING%20AND%20UTILITIES%29%20%20QUARTER%201%20of%202024.pdf>



NATIONAL ACCOUNTS STATISTICS REPORT 2022

PERIODICITY: Annual

PAGES: i-v, 1-135

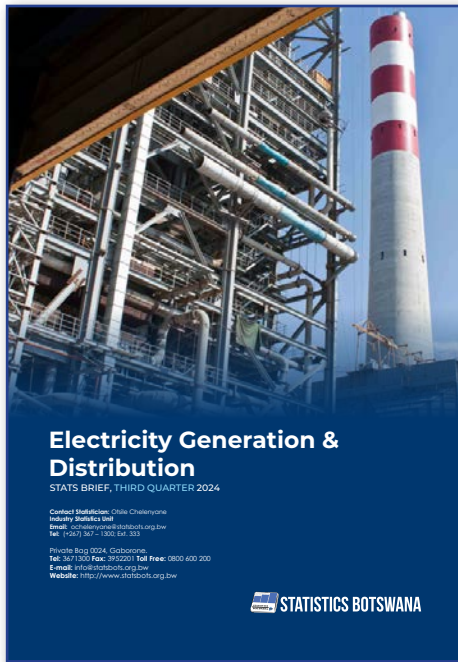
PUBLISHED: 15 November 2024

ISBN: 978-99968-909-9-4 (E-Book)

ISBN: 978-99968-906-1-1 (Paperback)

In 2022, the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) reached P251, 358.4 million, up from a revised P207, 896.6 million in the previous year. This represents a nominal annual growth rate of 20.9 percent. During the year 2022, the Mining sector was the largest contributor to GDP, accounting for 20.3 percent, followed by Public Administration & Defense, Construction, and Wholesale & Retail Trade, which contributed 16.1 percent and 10.5 percent each, respectively. Contributions from other sectors were mostly under 5.4 percent, with Water and Electricity contributing the smallest share at 1.2 percent.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/National%20Accounts%20Statistics%20Report%202022.pdf>



ELECTRICITY GENERATION & DISTRIBUTION STATS BRIEF, THIRD QUARTER 2024

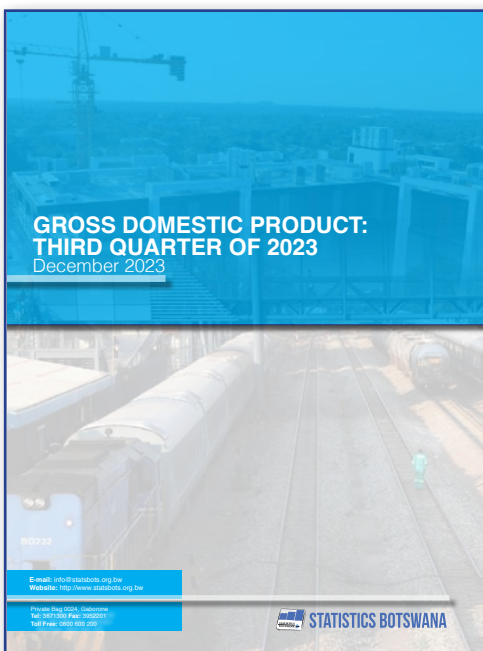
PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: 15

PUBLISHED: 21 December 2024

The Index of Electricity Generation (IEG) stood at 235.1 during the third quarter of 2024 compared to 211.6 recorded during the same period in 2023, reflecting an increase of 11.1 percent. The quarter on-quarter comparison shows an increase of 23.6 percent, from the index of 190.2 during the second quarter of 2024.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Electricity%20Generation%20and%20Distribution%2CThird%20Quarter%202024.pdf>



GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT: THIRD QUARTER OF 2024

PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: i-iii, 1-49

PUBLISHED: 20 December 2024

GDP at constant 2016 prices for the third quarter of 2024 was P48, 826.1 million compared to the revised P50, 300.6 million recorded in the second quarter of 2024, a decrease of 2.9 percent. The real Gross Domestic Product decreased by 4.3 percent during the period under review, as opposed to a growth of 1.1 percent in the same quarter of 2023. The decline was attributed to real value added by Diamond Traders, Mining & Quarrying, Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing, Manufacturing and Transport & Storage which decreased by 75.6, 27.2, 2.1, 1.7 and 0.8 percent respectively.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Gross%20Domestic%20Product%20%20Q3%202024.pdf>



INDEX OF THE PHYSICAL VOLUME OF MINING PRODUCTION THIRD QUARTER 2024 STATS BRIEF

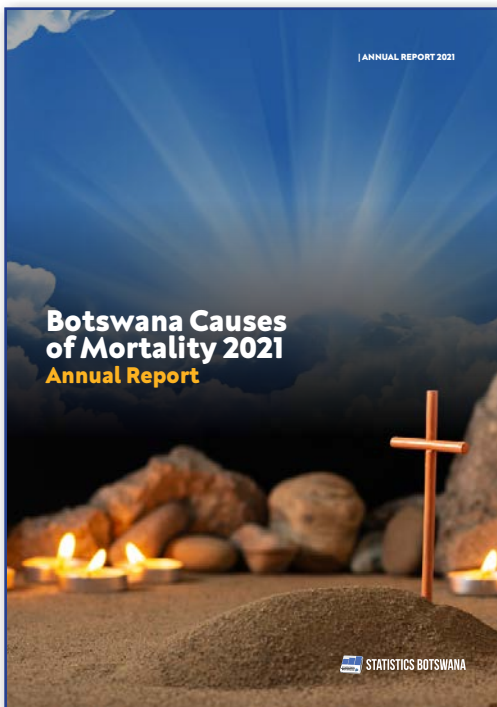
PERIODICITY: Quarterly

PAGES: i-ii, 1-15

PUBLISHED: 20 December 2024

The Index of Mining Production stood at 71.5 during the third quarter of 2024 compared to 98.3 registered in the same quarter of the previous year, showing a negative year-on-year growth of 27.2 percent. The main contributor to the decrease in mining production were Diamonds, which contributed negative 26.8 percentage points, as shown in Table 2. Coal and Soda Ash were the only positive contributors to the overall mining production, each contributing 0.1 of a percentage point.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Index%20of%20the%20Physical%20Volume%20of%20Mining%20Production%2CThird%20Quarter%202024.pdf>



BOTSWANA CAUSES OF MORTALITY ANNUAL REPORT 2021

PERIODICITY: Annual

PAGES: i-vi, 1-42

PUBLISHED: 20 December 2024

ISBN: 978-99968-906-2-8 (E-Book)

ISBN: 978-99968-906-3-5 (Paperback)

A total of 17,589 deaths were registered in Botswana for the year 2021. The highest proportion of deaths occurred in Gaborone Health District (21.3%) followed by Kweneng East District (10.4%) and Francistown District (9.9%). Among registered deaths there were more male deaths (50.9%) compared to female deaths (49.1%) with a sex ratio of 104 male deaths per 100 female deaths.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/sites/default/files/Botswana%20Causes%20of%20Mortality%202021%20Annual%20Report.pdf>

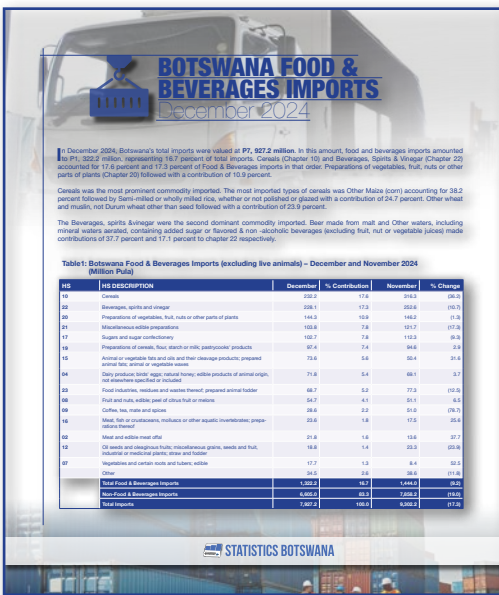


CONSUMER PRICE INDEX JANUARY-DECEMBER 2024

PERIODICITY: Monthly
PUBLISHED: January –December 2024

This provides a summary of all-released Consumer Price Index from January to December 2024. The annual average inflation rate in the year 2024 was 2.8 percent. The main contributors to the average annual inflation for the year under review were Food & Non-Alcoholic Beverages Group (0.7 of a percentage point), Miscellaneous Goods & Services Group (0.7 of a percentage point) and Transport Group (0.3 of a percentage point). The group with the highest annual average inflation rate in 2024 was Miscellaneous Goods & Services which recorded 8.1 percent, followed by Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco with an average of 5.6 percent, Food & Non-Alcoholic Beverages recorded 4.8 percent, Clothing & Footwear was 4.3 percent and Restaurants & Hotels with an average of 4.0 percent.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/publication-by-sector/111>



BOTSWANA FOOD AND BEVERAGES IMPORTS

PERIODICITY: Monthly
PUBLISHED: January –December 2024

Botswana's total imports were valued at P 97, 140.3 million in 2024. Food imports contributed P 14, 698.6 million, representing 15.1 percent of total imports during the year. Cereals accounted for 18.9 percent of food imports while Beverages, Spirits & Vinegar and Preparations of Vegetables, Fruit, Nuts or Other Parts of Plants followed with 17.2 percent and 8.7 percent respectively.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/merchandise-trade-statistics>



INTERNATIONAL MERCHANDISE TRADE STATISTICS JANUARY- DECEMBER 2024

PERIODICITY: Monthly

PUBLISHED: January –December 2024

In 2024, Total Imports were valued at P97, 140.3 million, having increased by 10.1 percent (P8, 946.2 million) from the P88, 194.1 million recorded in 2023. The upsurge was primarily influenced by increases in diamonds, Machinery & Electrical Equipment and Vehicle & Transport Equipment. Diamond and Machinery & Electrical Equipment imports rising by 33.1 percent (P4, 380.8 million) and 16.9 percent (P2, 076.8 million) respectively. Vehicle & Transport Equipment imports appreciated by 20.3 percent (P1, 328.7 million) from the value of P6, 549.5 million in 2023.

Total Exports in 2024 shrank by 21.3 percent (P16, 580.4 million), decreasing from P77, 899.1 million in 2023 to P61, 318.6 million in 2024. The decline was primarily driven by significant decreases in the exports of diamonds and Gold. Diamonds saw a decrease of 32.0 percent (P19, 742.8 million), falling from P61,689.7 million in 2023 to P41,946.9 million in 2024 while Gold experienced an even sharper drop of 89.4 percent (P255.8 million), declining from P286.3 million in 2023 to just P30.5 million in 2024.

Trade deficit was recorded in 2024, with imports rising while exports experienced a decline.

<https://www.statsbots.org.bw/merchandise-trade-statistics>

PUBLICATION CATALOGUE

JANUARY-DECEMBER 2024

Private Bag 0024,
Gaborone
Tel: 3671300
Toll Free: 0800 600 200

Four Thirty Square, Plot 54350 PG
Matante Road, CBD, Gaborone

E-mail: info@statsbots.org.bw
Website: <http://www.statsbots.org.bw>



STATISTICS BOTSWANA